SEMI-WEEKLY. $1.00 PER YEAR.

THE DECATUR HERALD.

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TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. DECATUR, ILL., TUESDAY, MAY 27, 1902. NO 46

SUGAR COATING

Being Put on the Pill for the Boers to Swallow

THE VIEW FROM PRETORIA

Regarding Peace Proposals is Not So Optimistic as That Held in London

[illegible]

FORTY-SIX SURRENDER

[illegible]

NOT BASED ON FACTS

[illegible]

SCOTLAND YIELDS A POINT

[illegible]

RUMORS OF A HITCH

[illegible]

COMPANIES PROTEST

They Will Ask for a Revision of the Illinois Law

Springfield, Ill., May 26.—A number of the leading foreign insurance companies doing business in Illinois are protesting against the method of their taxation and it is likely that steps will be taken to secure a revision of the laws by the next general assembly.

Under the existing laws all foreign companies are doubly taxed on the [illegible] [illegible] every city in the state [illegible] [illegible] every place of [illegible] large percentage of [illegible]

In 1879 the [illegible] was amended [illegible] companies [illegible] to pay two per cent [illegible] in every city [illegible] [illegible] law of 1891 [illegible] the two per cent [illegible] department [illegible] New [illegible] law of 1899 [illegible] constitutional, the companies [illegible] pay the two per cent [illegible] department [illegible] and then pay [illegible] property taxes upon all their [illegible]

Representatives of several of the big companies have consulted state officials regarding the burden imposed upon them and are contemplating action [illegible] They declare they are paying more taxes under the present law than when the two per cent gross premium law was effective [illegible] that the act of 1879 was [illegible]

ISSUE OF IMPERIALISM

Richardson Says It May Not Figure in Next Campaign

Washington, May 26.—Representative Richardson of Tennessee, the democratic floor leader of the house, made a statement today correcting the impression which has gained wide circulation that he held that imperialism in his opinion would be the only issue of the [illegible] campaign.

"I made no such statement and I hold no such views," said Richardson. "[illegible] I doubt whether imperialism will be the leading issue as there are other important questions presenting themselves to the public attention."

TREACHEROUS MORO

Slashes Off American Officer's Arm While Carrying Flag of Truce

Manila, May 26.—While Second Lieutenant Humble and Sergeant Walling were walking six miles from Camp Vicars, Mindanao, they perceived a Moro carrying a flag of truce. When the native approached close to the Americans he suddenly drew a creese and slashed Sergeant Walling, cutting his arm completely off. Humble attempted to shoot the Moro, but his revolver [illegible] and the native escaped.

COLLEGE BARBARIANS

Responsible for the Drowning of a Freshman at Plattsburg, N. Y.

Plattsburgh, N. Y., May 26.—The feeling between the freshman and sophomore classes of the university of Vermont culminated here today in the drowning of Nelson Post Bond [illegible] [illegible] missed [illegible] [illegible] Wilcox's dock where [illegible] he jumped into the [illegible] and drowned before they could [illegible] him. The coroner will investigate.

DEFENDS HIS PAPER

Patterson Explains its Attitude on Philippine Question

Washington, May 26.—Mr. Patterson of Colorado [illegible] of the senate [illegible] the Philippine question [illegible] newspaper, the Denver News, to show [illegible] Filipino [illegible] [illegible] 1898 [illegible] Mr. Foraker some days ago were written [illegible] [illegible] Mr. Foraker and Mr. [illegible] brief debate over President McKinley's proclamation to the Filipinos.

Sixty-two private pension bills were [illegible]

THE HOUSE

The [illegible] devoted today to the business [illegible] District of Columbia and [illegible] until [illegible] the bill amending the [illegible]

Plumbers Strike

[illegible] Iowa, May 26.—All union [illegible] Dubuque went on a strike. The trouble was caused by the [illegible] [illegible] The employers offered to pay $3.50 per day [illegible] [illegible] men went to work [illegible] the Iowa Iron works [illegible] and other employers pay [illegible] [illegible]

London Appreciative

London, May 26.—The British government [illegible] full accept [illegible] the offer of the United States warship to bring [illegible] of Lord Pauncefote. Deep [illegible] was expressed at the [illegible] at this and signs of American sympathy.

New Class

Washington, May 26.—Postoffice at [illegible] Mich., advanced to presidential class.

AN UNWISE PLAN

Isthmian Canal Committee Makes Adverse Report on Hoar's Bill

OPPOSED TO PRESIDENT

Being Permitted to Select the Ronte--The Colombia Protocol Discussed

Washington, May 26.—Senator Morgan, from the committee on Isthmian canals, today submitted the minority [illegible] report of the committee on Hoar's bill proposing the selection of a route for the canal in the hands of the president. The minority oppose the bill on the grounds it makes no provision for the [illegible] of the routes and leaves the president to make the selections on the state of facts already ascertained. It is contended, however, safely the country may rely on the wisdom and just discretion of the executive, the policy is not wise nor safe as a rule of government.

The report discusses at length the protocols with Colombia and Nicaragua and Costa Rica. The latter is pronounced as definite and complete. Colombia is charged with playing for delay in intimation of its intention being to seize all valuable property, machinery, buildings, etc., belonging to the Panama company.

In conclusion the committee says of the Colombia protocol: "If this convention should be adopted not only would delay attend the opening of the canal, but the United States will assume the obligations to the world impossible to keep, and the relations with Colombia that will deprive the canal of all value to the United States and will make it a cause of irritation that must involve most serious consequences."

SPORTING

Kansas City, May 26.—Tommy Ryan was given the decision over Jimmy Handler of New York tonight in the fourth round of a scheduled ten round bout.

Chicago, May 26.—Benny Yanger outpointed Austin Rice of New London, Conn., in a six round contest here tonight. Rice put up a strong fight but Yanger was too young and too strong for him. The winner of the fight is to meet Terry McGovern provided the managers of Yanger and McGovern can agree on the weight question.

St. Paul, May 26.—Otto Seloff of Chicago tonight knocked out Art Simms of Akron, Ohio, in the eighth round of what was to have been a ten round bout.

LIFE SENTENCE

Given to Traveling Preacher Who Killed His Companion

ENTERED A PLEA OF GUILTY

Springfield, May 26.—John Polect pleaded guilty this afternoon before Judge Creighton to the murder of Charles Isralson and was sentenced to life in Chester penitentiary.

The court room was crowded with men and women of all classes and degrees in the social scale. Polect was calm and firm. He was pale as he stood before the bar of justice. He calmly told the court that he was ready to plead. He signed a waiver to trial by jury. States Attorney Shutt answered Judge Creighton's question by saying he had no evidence against the defendant other than the confession.

Judge Creighton said he would not ask the prisoner to recount the long occurrences ending finally in the crime.

William L. Patton as attorney for Polect made a plea for mercy in behalf of the wife and the children who are unable to be present on this awful occasion. Polect showed the first emotion when Mr. Patton referred to the family at home. Concluding Mr. Patton said his client enters a plea of guilty and asks the court to exercise mercy.

Judge Creighton replying said he was not disposed to lecture on this occasion. He said plainly that he was prepared to act in this case by long acquaintance with the facts. What is for the best public interest is the only thing to be considered. He concluded that it is wiser in this case that Polect be confined to prison for the rest of his natural life. The sentence was then passed and Polect was taken back to jail.

World's W. C. T. U.

Boston, Mass., May 26.—A call was issued for the sixth biennial convention of the World's Woman's Christian Temperance Union at Geneva, June 1903.

BURIAL OF PAUNCEFOTE

Army and Navy Will be Represented by Miles and Dewey and Staffs

Washington, May 26.—Secretary Root issued an order placing Major General Young in charge of the military arrangements of the Pauncefote funeral. An equal number of army and naval officers will act as ushers at the church with Major McCawley of the Marine corps in charge. An equal number of enlisted men from the army and navy will act as body bearers. Lieut. General Miles commanding the army and the heads of all staff departments of the army will attend the funeral in uniform and a similar order was issued with respect of Admiral Dewey and the heads of the bureaus of the navy department. These will be official representatives of the army and navy.

The funeral escort will consist of a squadron of cavalry, a battalion of engineers, a battery of artillery and a battalion of marines.

THE FIRST WOMAN

To Hold Office of Surveyor of Logs and Lumber

St. Paul, May 26.—Mrs. G. Fred Stevens of Duluth will be the first woman in the United States to hold the office of surveyor general of logs and lumber. She is a widow of the late surveyor general of Duluth district and Governor Van Zant has decided to appoint her to fill the unexpired term here of her late husband.

FRANK ROBINSON

Shot Sweetheart and Rival and Then Kills Himself

JEALOUSY, MURDER, SUICIDE

Kansas City, May 26.—Frank Robinson, aged 20, recently from Nevada, Ia., today shot and killed his sweetheart, Gertie Rawlinn, aged 16, shot and fatally wounded his rival, Albert H. Ferguson, aged 19, and then shot and fatally injured himself in an apartment house in this city. Shortly before the tragedy Robinson wrote a note to his mother in which he told her of the intended tragedy. The girl was shot near the heart. She rushed screaming into the street where she fell dead. Ferguson was shot in the abdomen. Robinson shot himself in the left breast.

CAUSED BY JEALOUSY

New York, May 26.—George T. Bruns, examiner of accounts for the Equitable Life Insurance company, shot his wife tonight and killed himself.

Edna Dashiell, sister of Mrs. Bruns, who had spent the evening with the couple, says that Bruns was unreasonable and jealous and tonight charged his wife with extravagance and receiving the attentions of other men. Mrs. Bruns denied the charges and the quarrel grew fiercer. Miss Dashiell left the room. Immediately after four shots were fired, Bruns sending three bullets into his wife's side and the fourth into his own head. He died instantly. Mrs. Bruns will probably die.

CHARGED WITH MANSLAUGHTER

Owosso, Mich., May 26.—Carl Wood and the 12 year old son of a wealthy furniture and casket manufacturer, was arrested on the charge of manslaughter in connection with the death of 7 year old Helen Stover, whom he is alleged to have struck on the head while she was playing about the house owned by the lad's father. The coroner's jury found the child died of pneumonia but her father swore out the warrant this afternoon.

TURKISH TROOPS

Annihilated by Rebels and Governor Carried

London, May 27.—A dispatch to the Express from Cairo, Egypt, says a report has reached there that a whole battalion of Turkish troops were annihilated by rebels near the seaport of Mocha, southwestern Arabia. The governor of Mocha is said to have been carried away by the rebels as hostage.

College Tennis Games

Chicago, May 26.—The Western Intercollegiate tennis tournament began today with representatives present from the universities of Michigan, Iowa, Wisconsin, Chicago, Northwestern and Armour Institute. The first round in the singles was finished and play in the doubles will commence tomorrow. Today Michigan and Wisconsin drew byes.

First round of singles: Proctor of Chicago defeated Hammond of Armour, 6-0, 6-0. Bailey of Iowa defeated Moore of Northwestern 6-3, 6-2. Johnson of Northwestern defeated Watkins of Armour 6-4, 6-4. E. Bailey of Iowa, beat Bingham of Chicago 10-12, 6-3, 6-3.

Dividend Declared

Washington, May 26.—Comptroller of the Currency Ridgeley has declared dividends of five per cent in favor of the creditors of the insolvent Citizens' National bank, Niles, Mich.

THREATEN TIE UP

Teamsters in Packing Town Have a Grievance to be Adjusted

MITCHELL IS IN CHICAGO

Conferring with Members of Civic Federation Regarding Coal Strike

Chicago, May 26.—As a result of the teamsters' strike at the stock yards business in the packing town may be paralyzed and famine among the wholesale butchers and downtown restaurant seriously crippled.

Unless concessions are made or an agreement reached tomorrow the Union Stock Yards and Transit company is likely to find itself in the toils of a strike. The strikers will demand that the company refuse to transport to the uptown district meats hitherto hauled by the teamsters. If refused a general strike of the railroad men has been ordered. This will call out all the union labor operatives of the company. If the strike shall come no car can be moved either in or out of the yard.

EARLY MORNING CLASH

Chicago, May 27.—At 1 o'clock this (Tuesday) morning there was a clash between the strikers and teamsters of the Fulton Market company. The latter switched a car of meat around the Belt line. When it arrived at the stock yards armed strikers surrounded it and refused to permit the company's employes to unload. There was a fight. The company will call on the police for protection in the morning.

MITCHELL IN CHICAGO

Attends a Conference That May Lead to Settlement of the Strike

Chicago, May 26.—A conference that promises to change the aspect of the anthracite strike situation was held in this city today between the members of the national civic federation and union interests. President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers who has been in Chicago several days relative to the strike situation in the bituminous fields, met Frank P. Sargent and Franklin MacVeagh of the federation and Samuel Keefe of the Longshoremen's union and plans for the further arbitrative endeavors on the part of the federation were discussed.

No definite statement from the conference is obtainable, but it is understood the plan contemplates the calling of another conference of the federation committee and mine operators, with a view to arbitrating the strike question. The plan will be forwarded to Hanna for approval. Mitchell declined to give out details but said the conference was not called at his request. Franklin MacVeagh was not in a position to speak of the meeting except that it was not called at the request of Mitchell.

The National League

Pittsburg, May 26.—Postponed. Wet grounds.

St. Louis, May 26.—The locals closed fast today but were one run behind Chicago when the game was over.

St. Louis	000003010—4 8 1	
Chicago	200210000—5 10 4	

Batteries: Yerkes, Murphy, O'Neil; Menefee, Chance, Kling.

American League

Washington, May 26—

Washington	000003020—3 9 1	
Cleveland	400100010—6 9 0	

Batteries: Orth, Clarke, Wright, Moore, Bemis.

Philadelphia, May 26—

Philadelphia	00400040*—8 9 3	
Detroit	000030003—6 13 1	

Batteries—Waddell, Powers, Miller, McGuire.

Boston, May 26—

Boston	000000000—0 4 3	
St. Louis	021000000—3 8 0	

Batteries: Dineen, Warner, Powell, Sugden.

Baltimore, May 26—

Baltimore	002010000—3 7 5	
Chicago	110200400—8 12 1	

Batteries—Howell, Robinson, Garvin, McFarland.

WESTERN LEAGUE

Omaha 8, Colorado Springs 0.
St. Joseph 5, Peoria 6.
Kansas City 6, Milwaukee 3.
Des Moines 7, Denver 6.

Baptist Officers

St. Paul, May 26.—The Baptist Home Mission society nominating committee today recommended a full list of officers. Among them were J. M. Thresher of Ohio, president; Andrew McLeish of Illinois, vice president.

Dined at White House

Washington, May 26.—Senator Allison and Representative Hitt were at the white house tonight, and took dinner with the president and Whitelaw Reid.

SPRINGFIELD'S ENTRIES

For the Y. M. C. A. Meeting on Memorial Day

Yesterday the entries for the twenty Y. M. C. A. meet were due. They were not received on the late mail last night but will likely arrive on the morning mail. There is much anticipation as to what aggregation the Jacksonville association will send to the meet. The boys who will enter for the home Y. M. C. A. are as follows: Keown, Shelly, Parish, Rogers, Yingling, Odor, Crow, Fenton, Penhall, Rogers and Neal Weld.

The entries for the Springfield team are as follows:

Dr. A. L. Hagler captain will lead the teams which will contest in the following events:

One Hundred Yard Dash—Ted Rogers, Ray Blanchflower, Dr. A. L. Hagler.

One quarter Mile Run—Joseph Goulet, Ted Rogers.

One half Mile Run—Carl Mehn, Clair Canterbury.

One Mile Run—Carl Mehn, Clair Canterbury.

Two Hundred and Twenty Yard Hurdle—Dr. A. L. Hagler, Ray Blanchflower, Clair Canterbury.

One Mile Relay Team—Mehn, Rogers, Goulet, Canterbury.

Hammer Throw—Capt. Headsburg, P. Crow, Ed Neumann.

Shot Put—Crow, Neumann, Headsburg.

Discus Throw—Neumann, Lyon, Crow.

Pole Vault—Blanchflower, Myers, D. Hagler.

High Jump—Childs, Hagler, Neumann.

Broad Jump—Hagler, Blanchflower.

ANNUAL PICNIC

Of Art and Literature Division at Fairlawn on Monday

SOROSIS HAS AN ELECTION

The annual picnic of the Art and Literature division of the Woman's club was held Monday afternoon at Fairview park and was an unqualified success. A short business meeting was held at which it was decided to leave the selection of the program for next year to the program committee composed of Mrs. C. A. Banks, Mrs. Bernard Bradley, Miss Donna Buckingham and Miss Nita Clark. No further meeting of the division will be held unless called by the committee.

Following the business meeting Mrs. M. W. Shultz entertained the party with a "burlesque Cook's Excursion" to some of the show places of Europe which have been described in the travel class during the past year. Mrs. Shultz made an admirable courier and under her guidance the party in their tour of the park travelled at the Alps, went into ecstasies over Lake Geneva, walked in Unter den Linden, visited Westminster Abbey and Blarney Castle and closed with a few minutes in the Louvre. The excursion was greatly enjoyed and nobody was seasick.

Supper was served at 6 o'clock and the ladies returned to the city at dusk. Each member was privileged to invite a guest. A number of the gentlemen were present for supper.

SOROSIS

At the regular meeting of Sorosis division of the Woman's club Monday afternoon officers were elected for the ensuing year as follows:

Chairman—Mrs. J. H. Pevans.
Vice Chairman—Mrs. Joe Starr.
Secretary-Treasurer—Mrs. R. C. Augustine.
Director, for one year—Mrs. Tina Pahmeyer; for two years, Mrs. Harry Crea.

It was decided to continue "Current Items" on the program next year and the division will take up the following subjects: Louisiana Purchase, business forms, mnemonics and probably a general course of reading. The civic committee will probably be retained.

Current items were discussed and Mrs. Eugenia Bacon gave an account of the ministers' meeting held Monday and a paper which she read at the meeting.

Mrs. C. P. That her the retiring secretary gave a short synopsis of the past year's work. During the year the division held thirty two meetings, three of which were open meetings, one of them Founders' day in honor of Mrs. George Ellsworth. They have had book reviews, study of municipal law and law as it affects women in Illinois, topics of the day and have been active in securing the enactment of two ordinances looking to civic improvement. The last meeting of the division for the year will be held next Monday, May 2d.

Steamship Arrivals

Queenstown—Saxonia from New York.

Plymouth—Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse from New York.

Boston—Merion from Liverpool.

New York—Zeeland from Antwerp.

Hamburg—Patricia from New York.

Gibraltar—Trave from New York for Naples, Genoa.

Liverpool—Livonia from Montreal.

Bremen—Bremen from New York via Cherbourg.

St. Johns—Buenos Ayrean from Glasgow and Liverpool for Halifax and Philadelphia.

SHIP COMBINE

Details of the Plan Given Out by the German Companies

HAVE POOLING ARRANGEMENT

For the Regulation of the Cabin Traffic--Also Maintain Steerage Pool

Berlin, May 26.—The directors of the Hamburg-American line have issued a circular dealing with the terms of the agreement between the Morgan shipping combine and the Hamburg-American and North German Lloyd lines. The German companies undertake to pay the combine an annual sum equivalent to the share [illegible] at least 20,000,000 marks. This provision was agreed on when the capital of the German lines was 80,000,000 marks [illegible] in the event of an increase of capital a contingency which meanwhile has arisen, the combine reserved the right of increasing the annual sum accruing of it, to an amount equalling dividends of 25 per cent capital stocks. The syndicate in return pledges itself to pay the Germans 6 per cent on a corresponding amount of capital and not to send any ships to a German port without the consent of the German companies. The latter are bound to limit their traffic from British ports.

North Atlantic cabin passenger traffic of both parties is to be regulated by a special pooling arrangement and it is agreed to maintain the present pool regarding steerage passengers.

Freight business will be conducted under the existing agreements excepting that mutual precautions against outside competition.

The combine agrees to leave the Hamburg-American line its services from New York to the West Indies.

DEATH RECORD.

NELSON HAGERMAN

Nelson Hagerman, an old colored man, died early Sunday morning at his home on Gulick street in Walnut grove. His death was due to valvular disease of the heart complicated with asthma. He was 76 years old and had lived here many years, being once elected pound master. The remains were taken to the home of his daughter, Mrs. George Robinson on South Main street and the funeral was held Monday afternoon from the A. M. E. church. The services were conducted by Rev. A. P. Jackson and were largely attended. The Masons and G. A. R. of which organizations he was a member attended in a body and furnished the pallbearers. The Masonic ritual was observed at the grave.

MISS LYDIA OGLE

Miss Lydia Ogle died late Saturday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Johns, two miles northwest of Decatur, of consumption aged 22 years. She had recently come to this county from her home in St. Louis in the hope that the change would be beneficial to her health. The remains were taken Sunday to St. Louis where the funeral will be held.

FUNERALS.

REV. W. C. ROACH

The remains of Rev. W. C. Roach will arrive here at 10 o'clock this morning, accompanied by his son. They will be taken directly to Greenwood cemetery where they will be interred.

NICHOLAS KUNY

The funeral of Nicholas Kuny was held Sunday morning from the family residence on North Railroad avenue. The services were conducted by Rev. D. H. Rupp, pastor of the Church of God. The Bottlers' Union and the Modern American Fraternal Order, of which the decedent was a member, attended and three members from each organization acted as pallbearers. The interment was at Greenwood cemetery.

MRS. MARY HENRY

The funeral of Mrs. Mary Henry was held Monday morning from St. James Catholic church, Rev. Father Teppe celebrated requiem high mass. The services were very largely attended and there were many beautiful floral offerings. The interment was at Calvary cemetery and the following acted as pallbearers: Charles Walser, William Ernst, August Buttenheim, G. Neubecker and C. M. Shwartz.

Adjourned

Dallas, Tex., May 26.—The fourteenth quadrennial general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church of the south adjourned sine die this afternoon. The next quadrennial general conference will be held the first Thursday in May 1906. A committee will name place one year from now.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, May 26.—Illinois—Fair and cool Tuesday. Wednesday fair with warmer in central and northwest portions, fresh north to northeast winds.

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AN AWFUL DEATH

Emil Falk Fell Into a Furnace Cupalo Filled With Molten Metal

THIS IS THE SUPPOSITION

When Last Seen He was Near the Cupalo —No Trace of Him Can be Found

Fred Falk, living at the corner of Lowber and Herkimer streets, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Bertha, came home yesterday from Chicago, where they had [illegible] something [illegible] Emil Falk who was mysteriously missing from his work in Chicago. All that they could learn [illegible] to show that the young man was [illegible] and that his body had been [illegible] by him.

Emil Falk worked in a big foundry in South Chicago. He went to that city about a month ago, having previously worked at the Faries factory in this city. He [illegible] one of the [illegible] in the Chicago shop and offered the boy an opportunity which he considered better than anything in sight in Decatur.

Young Falk, who was 20 years old, was missed on Tuesday night after he had been at work several hours. His coat and hat were in their accustomed place, but no trace of the boy could be found.

The next day it was remembered that he was last seen when he was on a shaft high above the top of a cupalo. Young Falk worked at a machine near the cupalo and often the dust from the furnace showered upon him. The supposition is that he left his [illegible] while trying to [illegible] so that he would be relieved from that dust.

Falk had placed a ladder so that he could climb the shafting above the cupalo and [illegible] evidently [illegible] Near the top of the cupalo was a series of braces and on one of these the oil can was afterward found. The supposition is that Falk had walked out on one of the braces to get on the opposite side of the cupalo [illegible] to get [illegible] himself from [illegible]. In passing the opening of the cupalo he was overcome by gas or lost his balance and fell into the cupalo which was filled with molten metal and coke. The cupalo was fed by a series of [illegible] were operated by the shaft above the furnace but was that shaft [illegible].

When he was missed his clothing place was [illegible]. At first the theory was that being a comparative stranger in the city he had been foully dealt with by the thugs who are ever ready to prey on the unsuspecting. Later when no trace of him could be found it was recalled that he was last seen when he set about oiling the high shafting. Then a search revealed the oil can on the braces. The men in the foundry think the death of the young man in the furnace is the only way to account for his disappearance. His father and sister who had been called to Chicago by a telegram accepted that theory and returned home Thursday night. Mrs. Falk is completely prostrated by the awful fate which befell her eldest son.

Among those who knew the young man he enjoyed the reputation of being industrious and well behaved. He had a steady employment at the Faries factory but he was led to believe that he could win a better place in Chicago and then joined his cousin four weeks ago.

WILL TEST THE STATUTE

Constitutionality of Employment Agency Law is Attacked

The constitutionality of the employment agency law of the state passed in 1899 [illegible] in the Illinois supreme court. Yesterday morning the record in the case of Murray Martin [illegible] of Chicago who was [illegible] for violating the law was filed in the court and this will be followed by the briefs stating that the judgment of the lower court be [illegible] and that the law under which the man was [illegible] be declared void.

The law of 1899 provided that employment agencies be established in cities of over 50,000 and that they be conducted by the state for the benefit of persons seeking employment, the agencies to be under the supervision of and operated through the state bureau of labor statistics. It also provided that private agencies in these cities be required to take out a license and furnish bond to the state.

Matthews conducted employment agencies at 1,2 and 147 North Clark street Chicago and he refused to pay the license. He was arrested and fined $50 and he appeals the case to the supreme court to test the constitutionality of the law.

Robinson Crusoe, Episcopalian

There was once a woman in Albany, prudent and cautious about the literature read by her children, who appealed to Bishop Doane for advice and instruction in the matter. They considered and discussed many juvenile books, the bishop either approving or condemning them as they came up for judgment, until finally "Robinson Crusoe" was named. "Do you think it suitable for my Tommy?" asked the woman. "O, yes," replied the bishop. "It is quite a harmless narrative and has pleased the boys for ages. Besides you know there is some reason to believe Robinson Crusoe was an Episcopalian," and the bishop's eyes twinkled. "Indeed!" exclaimed Tommy's mother. "Why, I never knew that." "Yes," continued the bishop, "you will remember that he kept Good Friday."

OKLAHOMA ENTHUSIAST

Suggests That Dr. Sanders and Harry Midkiff Quit Rice Country and Go there

Writing from Drummond, O. T., G. M. Funkenbinger, formerly of this county, says: "Just to show you how our town has grown it may be stated that Drummond was blocked off on June 15 1901. The site had been a wheat field. The first house was built on July 5 of this year. Now the town has three large elevators, three lumber yards, three [illegible] yards, three coal yards, one hotel, four restaurants, four grocery stores, one dry goods store, two hardware stores, two implement stores, one harness shop, two barber shops, one saloon, one drug store, one wagon shop, [illegible] and two livery stables. A [illegible] has been built and also a school house that will cost $5000. There are forty-two other houses besides the [illegible] I have mentioned. This has all been accomplished since the wheat was cut last spring so that the Macon county readers can see that Garfield county O. T. is up to date and far ahead of Oilley and Cerro Gordo. The town is on the Frisco line close to Turkey Creek. The soil is black and a little sandy and you can grow anything that can be raised in Illinois. Crops are in fine shape. My neighbor is William Bacon, who formerly farmed in Macon county. He has been a farmer for thirty years and claims that he has better prospects this year than ever before. He says that wheat is waist high and will be good for 30 to 35 bushels to the acre. This is the country for a poor man to get a home and get ahead. My farm cost me $2,400 and I could sell it today and make $1400. That is more than I could have made in Macon county in ten years time. Wheat will do to cut by the first of June and oats have headed out. I would suggest to Dr. Sanders and Harry Midkiff to let the rice country alone and come to Oklahoma."

PANAMA HATS

Are Popular and Have a Wide Range of Prices

Every Decatur man who can beg, borrow or earn enough money to buy a Panama hat is trying to get it. Up to so providing he has any desire to [illegible] the [illegible] style. Last year some were sold that are yet too scarce to be given away with baking powder. All of the large dealers in this city have on sale a small and some the largest [illegible] travelling line [illegible]. The price in Decatur [illegible] from $6 to $17. The style is the same, the difference being wholly in the fineness of the braid. There is what is known as a Porto Rico Panama hat, very pretty and really better looking than the more expensive. These Porto Ricos sell from $3 to $4 and are all right, but they are not Panamas at all but are made of palm. The genuine come from Cuba, from Mexico, but mostly from Ecuador, South America. They are made entirely by hand from the product of a tree and some of them sell as high as $400. When shipped to this country they are assorted only in the most general way. Importers in New York assort them according to quality and sizes, put them in separate packages and send them to the wholesale.

CANKER WORMS

The Cause of the Damage to Elms at Fairlawn

F. S. G. Fitus, an expert bugologist from the office of State Entomologist Dr. S. A. Forbes, visited Fairlawn on Thursday and investigated the cause of the damage to the magnificent elms which adorn the park. He states that trees have been injured by canker worms. Several of them seem to be injured beyond recovery, but the others may recover. The worms are gone now. They have retired underground and will appear again next spring. At that time vigorous measures will be required to save the trees.

The canker worm is not a new pest, although it has not appeared in this locality until about two years ago when two trees in the north part of the city were attacked by them. The birds swarming to the spot was the cause of the discovery of the worms. The worms hatch from eggs deposited in the bark of the trees by the canker worm moth and afterwards have fed upon the leaves. They reach a certain stage in their development when they drop to the ground on a fine single strand of web which they spin. They then burrow into the ground where they spend the chrysalis stage, emerging the following spring as canker moths to lay other eggs.

The worms are greedily devoured by the birds and their occurrence this year is very possibly due to the destruction of our bird neighbors.

HOLLAND HAS THE HORRORS

Burglar and Petty Thief "Sees Things" Which Do Not Exist

Bill Holland came to Decatur with the Gentry show and while here he was discharged. That's when Gentry did a mean trick to Decatur. Bill immediately began to steal things from the barn of Dr. Walston. The first day it was some harness and lap robes, next it was a lawn mower and a pitchfork. Friday he appeared at Davenport's second hand store on Morgan street where he had been selling his plunder carrying about fifty feet of garden hose. Officer Muthersbaugh arrested Holland and he was lodged in jail. The proceeds of his sales had been spent by Holland for liquor and after being locked up he had an attack of delirium tremens. Instead of snakes he saw monkeys and hogs. When he has recovered from his nervousness sufficiently to walk out he will be arraigned on several charges of burglary and larceny. The owner of the garden hose is not known to the police.

HAVE A PURPOSE

Merchants' Carnival is Designed for Something More Than a Week's Entertainment

HOPE TO BUILD AUDITORIUM

Executive Committee is Pushing the Work—May Have Two Good Shows Play a Week's Stand

Every year for a number of years the people of Decatur have recognized the need of a suitable public building in which exhibits could be made on the occasion of the annual fall festival when the farmers institute is in session and a place too where large bodies of people could meet during political campaigns. In fact, there is almost no end to the occasions on which the need of what has been styled an auditorium is felt. No one disputes that.

There is a strong probability that the merchants fair and carnival this year will bring about the erection of such a structure. The members of the executive committee have discussed it on several occasions. They have determined that the annual festival next fall shall be one of the best ever given in Decatur, and have determined, too, that some money shall be made from the venture. This they do not want for any individual profit, but they do want it as the nucleus for a building fund to erect a suitable auditorium. They are determined that Decatur shall have not only a public building in the sense of the general government erecting one, but that there shall be a public building belonging exclusively to the people locally.

The executive committee of the fair and carnival association held a meeting last night to discuss plans for the coming event.

The announcement was made that the ladies of St. John's church had already purchased a lot of material to be used in decorating carriages for the flower parade. Orders for such decorations as are made by the ladies of the church will be received at Bradley Bros store. The ladies in addition to making decorations will give what assistance they can in designing decorations or help their customers in any way possible.

The committee feel that they have done not a little in bringing business to the railroads centering in Decatur on each occasion of the annual fall festival and this year will ask for a better rate than was ever given. They want a one fare rate from all points within 75 miles of this city and will work on that theory.

The railroads have never before been asked to give anything but low rates. This year they will be asked to donate some prizes in the way of mileage. At Peoria the railroads have agreed to give during the carnival in that city twenty six one thousand mile books and thirteen 500 mile books.

Secretary James Stafford was instructed to send to all merchants and manufacturers a circular letter advising them that the work on the premium list was about to be taken up and that the list of premiums was wanted at once. The merchants and manufacturers may give prizes on any exhibit they please.

B. Z. Taylor reported that the members of Post K, Traveling Men's Protective association were willing to cooperate with the association but no details were arranged. Messrs. Taylor and Bradley were instructed to meet the Travelers and determine on the program and other details.

The committee discussed the question of getting souvenir buttons for the carnival and W. T. Shellabarger suggested the idea that the buttons have a relief profile portrait of Commodore Stephen Decatur so that the button would have some historical as well as local significance and the button would be one that would be preserved. The idea was generally approved. Bernard Bradley was named as a committee to look after the work of getting some designs for the button and will submit them at the next meeting of the committee.

The committee has not yet determined what show will be engaged for the carnival week. Correspondence is now being held with the Nickle Plate circus and the Gentry dog and pony show. It is not improbable that both of these shows will be engaged for a week stand during the carnival.

The meeting adjourned subject to the call of the chair.

TALL TRAMP

Harry Johnson Holds the Record at the Police Station

Last night the police gathered in four tramps who had been disorderly in the east end of the city. Two of them had been fighting. There were five men in the party originally, but the fifth fellow got away. Amos F. Imboden, the desk sergeant, held his breath when Harry Johnson came into the office. Amos is scant 5 feet, and Johnson stands 6 feet 9 1-4 in his. After he had been put through the usual line of questions Johnson was given an extra one. "How tall are you?" and when he answered, no one believed him. He was backed up against the wall, a step ladder was brought in and Amos went to the top of the ladder and marked Johnson's height on the wall. Then with a tape line he and Captain Koeppe measured it. It was 6 feet 9 1-4 inches. Johnson does not carry himself well. He is sloppy in his carriage, stoops and walks with a slouchy gait. He is 28 years old and says that his home is in Brooklyn. He is a tinker who makes wire frames for hanging clothing and manages to thus keep himself supplied with money enough to keep a comfortable jag on all of the time. The party were committed to the county jail and will be arraigned on a charge of vagrancy.

ILLINOIS WAR CLAIMS

Attorney General Hamlin Going to Washington to Present Claim

The auditor's office has perfected the proofs and briefs which it considers are sufficient to establish claims of Illinois upon the United States to a million dollars. Friday Chief Clerk W. H. Eubanks left for Chicago, where he will join Attorney General Hamlin and the two loaded down with manuscripts, transcripts and evidence will proceed to Washington to present the plea of the state for the payment of these claims. The work which has been done has occupied a number of weeks and has entailed hard labor and careful diligent research into the records of the state for many years. In brief, the claims consist of three items. Interest on bonds issued by the state in July, 1861 to raise money to defray war expenses, discount suffered by the state by the sale of the bonds at a price below their par or face value, expenses incident to the issue and the establishment of these claims. The first claim that for interest amounts to $764,086.07, the second claim, that for discount amounts to $2,2,905, making a grand total of $996,685.07. There are three hundred pages of printed and four hundred pages of typewritten evidence and proof as a result of the investigation.

DECLARED A SPENDTHRIFT

Conservator Will Look After Franklin Wilson's Estate

In the county court Friday, Franklin Wilson was declared a spendthrift and a conservator was named to look after his estate.

The case is a peculiar one. I. M. Huff filed the petition if not at the request of Wilson at least with his consent. There were several witnesses on the stand to prove that Wilson had squandered his property. The defendant himself was called and gave some of the history of his financial misfortunes. He had a half section of land and that is all gone. There was another half section left in trust for the wife and mother of Wilson. The wife is dead and the trustee has filed a bill asking the court to put a construction on the terms of the deed. Wilson did not want to handle any of the money if it should come into him and for that reason the application was made to have some one authorized to act for him.

Deeds Recorded

John F. Hale to James S. Keener lot 8 in block 1 in E. B. Durfee's second addition to Decatur, $1800.

Christophe Grochowski to Henry J. Knowles lot 5 in block 17 in Calvers' addition to Decatur, $3000.

Henry J. Knowles to Christopher Grochowski lot 1 in the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter and lot 5 in the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter and the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter all in 28 17 3 east, $4365.

A. R. Montgomery to Mary Greider lot 5 in block 4 in Bundy's addition to Decatur, $3000.

Sarah F. Smith to Francis M. Kelly lot 19 and 2 feet off of the west side of lot 20 in block 2 in Millikin Place addition to Decatur, $5500.

Want Her Father

Friday the police department received a letter from the police at Jacksonville asking that the father of John Murray be informed that his daughter was dying of consumption. The letter said that John Murray had a son who was a drug clerk and that this son had served in the Spanish American war. The letter said that the woman was destitute dying of consumption and that the case was a pitiable one.

Goes to Maroa

C. S. Morris will serve as superintendent of Maroa public schools during the coming year. Last year he was at Lovington. In addition to the offer at Maroa he was also offered the position of superintendent of the schools at Oakland, Coles county.

Marriage Licenses

August Patwitz, Decatur 30
Bertha Heroldt, Decatur 27

—"Twenty five cents' worth of beefsteak, please," said a woman customer in a butcher shop. "Yes, ma'am," replied the polite butcher. "What color would you like it painted?"

Dislocated Shoulder

Mrs. John Allen fell down a flight of steps Friday morning at her home on West Wood street and dislocated her right shoulder. After the dislocation had been replaced it slipped out again and had to be reduced a second time.

All Eyes on Texas

Great is Texas. Her vast cotton crops and marvelous oil discoveries amaze the world. Now follows the startling statement of the wonderful work at Cisco, Tex., of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. "My wife contracted a severe lung trouble," writes Editor J. J. Eager, "which caused a most obstinate cough and finally resulted in profuse hemorrhages, but she has been completely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery." It's positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung troubles. 50c and $1. Trial bottles free at J. E. King's, N. L. Krone's, and Bell's, the druggist.

A WHIPPING POST

Needed That Justice May be Done to Such Men as Mike Purcell

WIFE FAINTED ON STREET

As the Result of the Awful Beating She Had Received at His Hands—Purcell Arrested

Weak from the loss of blood and suffering from the shock to her nervous system as a result of a terrible beating sustained at the hands of her husband, Mrs. Michael Purcell fainted on Water street, near East Main, last evening between 6 and 7 o'clock. The police furnished her with a carriage and she was taken to her home on Allen street.

Several times Friday afternoon telephone messages came to the police headquarters saying that Mike Purcell of Allen street was beating his wife. An officer was sent to the home, but Mike could not be found.

Last evening between 6 and 7 o'clock Mrs. Purcell called at the police headquarters and asked for a warrant for the arrest of her husband. She was told that it would be necessary for her to go to the home of some justice because at that hour there were none of those officials in their office. She was advised that if she did not do that to wait until morning. She concluded to wait and started for her home when she fell in a faint on the sidewalk.

The woman's appearance indicated that she had been brutally dealt with. Her nose was broken and her face badly cut and disfigured. The front of her dress was covered with blood and in her hand she had a bundle of cloths she had used to mop the blood from her face. They were really saturated.

After her arrival at home her husband visited the house and threatened her again, but the actions of some of his neighbors who protested that they would not stand for any further action of that kind, deterred him. Officer Glasgow was on the look out for Purcell and came on the scene about that time. The wife beater was arrested and lodged in the calaboose. Today, if his wife is able to get out, she will appear to prosecute him.

BALD HEADS

The Pessimistic Views of an Old Tonsorial Artist

The Old Barber was in a gloomy mood. He was talking about bald heads. "Hair may disappear altogether after a while," he said, "and in that event barbers will have less to do than they have now. It will force barbers out of the business. From the way I look at it men are largely responsible for being baldheaded. They do not take the proper care of their head covering. Long hair is one of the worst things in the world. No man can keep his scalp thoroughly clean and wear long hair. If the scalp is not kept clean the hair will become unhealthy. It will finally die. Besides, it requires more nourishment for a long hair than it does for a short one.

"Men starve their hair to death. Hairs must be fed and nourished like any other part of the human system. There is a quantity of oil in a bulb at the root of each hair, and it is upon this substance that the hair feeds. The oil oozes out in to the opening of the hair. I suppose the heat from the body forces this oily substance up through the hollow of the hair, very much like the heat of the atmosphere forces the fluid up in a thermometer. At any rate it is forced up and often oozes out the end of the hair. Barbers have resorted to singeing in order to keep this oil in the hair. Singeing closes the hollow, seals it and the oil is absorbed by the hair. If the hair is allowed to grow to any great length there is not enough oil to properly feed it. It becomes dry and finally dies. It cracks open and splits in two separate parts. This process continues until a man becomes bald often prematurely and he never knows just how it all happens.

"There is another thing to be considered in this connection. The tension of life is high now, and men are more feverish than they used to be. This condition has a serious effect on a man's hair, tending to deaden it, and it falls out. Between these influences and others which might be enumerated bald heads have been accumulating at an alarming rate, and unless men begin to think more of these things the comb and the brush will not be needed in the average household, and the barber will simply close up shop, and the time may not be so far off either. It may not come in my time, of course, but I am not mistaken about the tendency. The number of bald heads already in existence will bear me out in all I have said."—New Orleans Times Democrat.

Change the Light

A new electric light pole was put in by the city yesterday for the light at the corner of Church and North streets and the old steel arm replaced by a cable and pulley. The arms are being replaced in this manner as fast as the poles require renewal, as the cable system costs but a third as much and gives less trouble.

Sprained Knee

J. C. Riggin badly sprained his left knee while stepping from a train in the northern part of the state a couple of days ago and was obliged to return to Decatur, where the injured member has been put in splints and he will get about on crutches for a few days.

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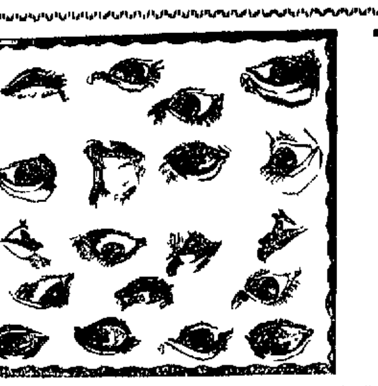
...COLE SHOE CO...



The Eyes

of every one who has bought shoes of us have proved to their owners that there is QUALITY here. We carry the best known makes of shoes, for each in its class is the best made.

Hanan's "Best on Earth" for Men, $5 and $6
W. L. Douglas "Best in the World" for $3.00

QUEEN QUALITY FOR WOMEN $3.00 . . . Oxfords $2.50

We carry all grades, all styles, all prices, and guarantee satisfaction—no matter what the price.

Men's Shoes range from $6.00 to 98c
Women's Shoes range from $3.50 to 98c
Boys' Shoes range from $2.50 to 98c
Misses' and Children's from $2 welts to a Soft Sole for the Baby at 19c.

You make no mistake when you buy of us. You get what you want and get it right. Three floors and basement. From top to bottom—Shoes.

FRANK H. COLE SHOE CO.

The Middle Store. 148 East Main St.

WYCKLES

Yesterday being the sixty-second birthday of Mrs. Sidney Smith she was pleasantly surprised at her home in Warrensburg by relatives and friends from Wyckles, Decatur and Harristown. A fine dinner was served. Every one reports a good time. The party included Mr. and Mrs. Turner, Mrs. William Doyle, Mrs. Sarah Benson, Mrs. Frank Frazee, Mrs. William Cross, Mrs. J. Cross, Mrs. Winegardner, Mrs. A. Y. Munson, Mrs. A. Gulick, Mrs. Alex Miller, Mrs. William Sawyer, Ada and Jessie Doyle, Nora Miller, Otie and Frankie Turner and Pearl Frazee.

Yesterday Mrs. L. L. Houck and daughter Rena, were the guests of Mrs. George Tandy in Harristown.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Knight were the guest of their sister, Mrs. J. Younts of Decatur, Sunday.

May 22

LAPLACE

Mrs. Benner of Atwood was in our village Monday on business.

M. M. Young's brother from Yantisville spent Sunday with him.

Dr. Davidson is attending the State Medical association at Quincy this week.

The school board has not yet employed teachers for the ensuing year.

Misses Edna and Minnie Hawthorne of Decatur are with their brother during his wife's absence.

J. L. Underwood and C. S. Bullard with their families spent Sunday with W. A. Underwood near Dalton City.

W. J. Carter started Tuesday for Colorado to make a visit with relatives and to prospect with a view of locating.

Mrs. A. Hawthorne departed Tuesday for a visit with her father and daughter at Lake Charles, La.

Misses Lenora Bullard and Grace Hobson spent Thursday with Miss Rena Hammann at Milmine.

W. P. Fulton was transferred to Hammond Monday and was succeeded by Mr. Vickery at this place as station agent. Mr. Fulton has been agent here about ten years.

Baseball fever has struck our village in earnest. A nine is being organized, funds are being procured and A. Hiser is manager. Those wanting games will be accommodated.

The first band concert was given here on Thursday evening. A fair sized crowd was in town, but a patent medicine fakir captured the largest portion of the crowd. The next concert will be on Wednesday evening of next week.

May 25

CLINTON

The election contest for alderman of the first ward for short term was heard before the council Tuesday night. Thos. Sheehy contested. The vote at the election was given as Fuller 105 and Sheehy 101 while the recount showed that Fuller received 121 and Sheehy 106.

Thomas Ewing and Charles Cline are making preparations for a Fourth of July picnic at Weldon Springs. The band and orchestra have been secured and a band concert will be given on the square in the evening.

At the council meeting on Monday evening the ordinance requiring saloonkeepers to make an affidavit to observe the law was repealed. An ordinance was passed abolishing the office of superintendent of water works and creating the office of superintendent of streets and water works at a salary of $50 a month. A committee was appointed by the mayor to confer with the citizens at a mass meeting in regard to a hospital for Clinton. The meeting will be held next Monday night.

The appeal in the case of Kline vs. Kline has been perfected in the circuit court. The bill of exceptions contains 635 pages of typewritten manuscript.

The Clinton band will give a grand concert at the opera house on the night of May 30.

Superintendent Clark of the Springfield division is transferred to Fulton, Ky., and Roadmaster Dougherty of Chicago takes his place.

Richard Conroy of this city and Miss Nora Hewitt of Decatur were married at the home of the bride at 7 o'clock this morning.

An examination will be held here on June 1 for the position of postoffice clerks and carriers. Frank Catterlin who was the only eligible one has resigned, and Orville Morse who has been acting as clerk will take his place to begin work June 1.

May 23

An Inquest

Coroner C. E. Dawson held an inquest on the death of Ruth Marie Schlie Friday morning at the residence on West Wood street. The jury returned a verdict that the child died of asphyxiation, due to the entrance of milk into the trachea. According to the testimony the child had had a similar spell once before.

—Chamfort: An indiscreet man is like an unsealed letter. Everyone can read it.

—French Proverb: A litigant at law should have three bags—one of paper, one money and one of patience.

The Surest Cure for Rheumatism

Is Sennewald's Prescription FOUR THOUSAND. Most wonderful in its effects. Money will be refunded if it fails to cure. Your druggist sells it at $1 per bottle.

Hetty Green has been given a permit to carry a revolver. She is a rich widow now, and intends to take no chances.

Cures When Doctors Fail

Mrs. Frank Chiasson, Patterson, La., writes June 8, 1901: "I had malaria fever in very bad form, was under treatment by doctors, but as soon as I stopped taking their medicine the fever would return. I used a sample bottle of Herbine, found it helped me. Then bought two bottles, which completely cured me. I feel grateful to you for furnishing such a splendid medicine, and can honestly recommend it to those suffering from malaria, as it will surely cure them." Herbine, 50c bottles at John E. King's.

Possibly the British would be justified in using the "water cure" with sides added on Commander Smuts, who is operating in Western Cape Colony.

No Reason for Suffering

From rheumatism now that Sennewald's Prescription FOUR THOUSAND can be had at your druggist's. A sure safe and absolute cure. Price, $1 per bottle.

Gautier: It is better to sacrifice one's love of sarcasm than to indulge it at the expense of a friend.

For Those Who Live on Farms

Dr. Bergin, Pana, Ill., writes: "I have used Ballard's Snow Liniment always recommend it to my friends, as I am confident there is no better made. It is a dandy for burns." Those who live on farms are especially liable to many accidental cuts, burns and bruises which heal rapidly when Ballard's Snow Liniment is applied. It should always be kept in the house for cases of emergency. 25c, 50c and $1.00, at John E. King's.

—A new version of the old rhyme goes: "Mary had a little lamb, 'twas very lean and lank. She turned it into mutton chop, then started up a bank."

Are You Suffering From Rheumatism?

We absolutely know that Sennewald's Prescription FOUR THOUSAND will cure you. Get a bottle from your druggist today. Price $1.

Fire in Lobrinsk, Russia, destroyed 650 shops and 972 homes; from which it appears that Lobrinsk should, by rights, have had a place on the map.

World Wide Reputation

White's Cream Vermifuge has achieved a world wide reputation as being the best of all worm destroyers, and for its tonic influence on weak and unthrifty children, as it neutralizes the acidity or sourness of the stomach, improves their digestion and assimilation of food, strengthens their nervous system and restores them to the health, vigor and elasticity of spirits natural to childhood. 25c at John E. King's.

—No sensational embellishments are needed to lend force to the Philippine cholera news. The bare statistics are impressive enough. In Manila, 821 cases and 666 deaths.

Spring Ailments

There is an aching and tired feeling, the liver, bowels and kidneys become sluggish and inactive, the digestion impaired, with little or no appetite, no ambition for anything, and a feeling that the whole body and mind needs toning up. The trouble is that during winter, there has been an accumulation of waste matter in the system. Herbine will remove it, secure to the secretions a right exit, and by its tonic effect fully restore the wasted tissues and give strength in place of weakness. 50c at John E. King's.

The approach of Memorial [illegible] brought out the following [illegible]

PRETTY INCIDENT THAT INSPIRED OBSERVANCE OF MEMORIAL DAY

[illegible]

Fitting [illegible] Ca[illegible]

A DANVERS

Danvers, Ill., May 23. [illegible]

NewspaperARCHIVE®
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IOE CO...

The Eyes

[illegible] every one who has [illegible] shoes of us have [illegible] to their owners that QUALITY here. [illegible] best known [illegible] for each in [illegible] best made

[illegible] for Men, $5 and $6 [illegible] World for $3.00

[illegible]MEN $3.00 . . . Oxfords $2.50

[illegible] and guarantee [illegible]

[illegible] $6.00 to 98c
[illegible] from $3.50 to 98c
[illegible] $2.50 to 98c
[illegible] $2 welts to a Soft [illegible] at 19c.

[illegible] you buy of us. You get [illegible] Three floors and [illegible] Shoes

[illegible] SHOE CO.
148 East Main St.

[illegible] of paper [illegible]

Sure Cure for Rheumatism
[illegible] FOUR [illegible] Your druggist sells it.

[illegible] has been given a permit [illegible] no changes

Cures When Doctors Fail
[illegible] malaria [illegible] fever [illegible] single bottle of [illegible] completely [illegible] to you for [illegible] medicine and [illegible] to those suf [illegible] it will surely [illegible] bottles at John [illegible]

[illegible] justified [illegible] is open [illegible]

[illegible] for Suffering
[illegible] Sennwald's [illegible] FOUR THOUSAND can [illegible] A sure safe [illegible] $1 per bottle.

[illegible] ones [illegible] judges at the [illegible]

For Those Who Live on Farms
[illegible] writes "I have [illegible] always [illegible] I am [illegible] It is [illegible] who live on [illegible] which [illegible] Snow Lini- [illegible] always be [illegible] danger. [illegible] $1.00 at John E [illegible]

[illegible] of the old rhyme goes [illegible] 'twas very lean [illegible] into mutton chop, [illegible]"

You Suffering From Rheumatism?
[illegible] know that Sennewald's FOUR THOUSAND will [illegible] from your drug- [illegible]

[illegible] Russia destroyed [illegible] 972 homes from which it [illegible] should by rights, [illegible] place on the map

World Wide Reputation
[illegible] Cream Vermifuge has achiev- [illegible] world wide reputation as being [illegible] of all worm destroyers and [illegible] influence on weak and un- [illegible] children as it neutralizes the [illegible] of the stomach [illegible] and assimilation [illegible] their nervous sys- [illegible] to the health, [illegible] of spirits natural to [illegible] at John E. King's.

[illegible] establishments are [illegible] to the Philippine [illegible] statistics are im- [illegible] In Manila, 821 cases [illegible]

Spring Ailments
[illegible] tired feeling [illegible] bowels and kidneys become [illegible] improve the digestion im- [illegible] with little or no appetite no am- [illegible] anything and a feeling that [illegible] is toning [illegible] trouble is that during winter, [illegible] has been an accumulation of waste [illegible] in the system. Herbine will re- [illegible] secure to the secretions a right [illegible] by its tonic effect fully re- [illegible] the wasted tissues and give [illegible] in place of weakness. 50c at [illegible] E. King's.

LOCAL AND OTHER GOOD STORIES.

PETTY INCIDENT [illegible] INSPIRED [illegible] OF [illegible] MEMORIAL DAY

The [illegible] Memorial day has brought [illegible] new story re garding the inc[illegible] that led to its first [illegible] says the Philadelphia [illegible]

[illegible] May day thirty five [illegible] [illegible] of New York [illegible] the brunt [illegible] the enemy's [illegible] the military [illegible] There were also [illegible] his companion [illegible] survivors of [illegible] that swept [illegible] field of fact [illegible] to drop a tear [illegible] tribute [illegible]

[illegible] rites of burial were [illegible] place [illegible] boughs [illegible] accorded the young [illegible] coming to the city of [illegible] John A. Logan was [illegible] Army Memorial [illegible] the 30th of May [illegible] generously set [illegible] graves [illegible] of spring [illegible] which the sides of [illegible] kept flying under [illegible] the heaven."

*

SHOE SHOPPING SATURDAY NIGHT IS UNSATISFACTORY

[illegible] Saturday night furnished [illegible] [illegible] until closing time [illegible] crowded and about [illegible] away without [illegible] It is one of the unexplained things to me—why persons wanting shoes put it off until Saturday night. Serving a shoe customer is a slow process. The shoe must be fitted to the feet and the customer satisfied. You can't wait on more than [illegible] at a time and you can't [illegible] his or her wants have been supplied and you feel certain that the customer is pleased.

It's not like waiting on any other [illegible]. Every person who comes in to buy shoes wants to take plenty of time, as their future peace and comfort depend upon getting exactly the right thing. Clothing or dry goods that do not please after purchase don't hurt anyone, but ill-fitting shoes do. Knowing these things, it's a wonder to me that so many persons postpone their shoe shopping to Saturday night. It is surprising that they don't come in early, or so [illegible] I wish at least the [illegible] public would take the matter under consideration."

* * *

ANTONE PETZER'S WILD RIDE BEHIND A FRISKY COLT

Antone P[illegible]tzer of Oreana was in Decatur one day last week. He had just sold a fine driving [illegible] and was pleased with the sale. It [illegible] any one thing that Petzer [illegible] [illegible] good horse and talking to [illegible] Hockaday about his horses [illegible] when they [illegible] with excitement, they [illegible] Well, that's the way I like to drive 'em."

Then He[illegible] told him about his [illegible] and the horse fancier laughed and said that was the [illegible] ride [illegible] had.

"What scared him?" asked Hockaday.

"[illegible]" exclaimed Petzer. "He [illegible] he was mad. You know how it was [illegible] I wanted him to go [illegible] that shed between your corn cribs [illegible] wanted to go home. If I had [illegible] would have [illegible] all right."

Then for the benefit of those who [illegible] know about the runaway Hockaday [illegible] of Petzer was driving a young [illegible] one day when the beast [illegible] Away he went down the road on [illegible] and Petzer who was seated [illegible] behind hung on for all [illegible] worth. The run was on a road that was crossed by another road but did not continue beyond the intersection. When the cross road was reached the colt did not turn but tried to jump over a five strand wire fence. He cleared all but the top strand and the road cart rose with him and went over. Hockaday says that those who were watching declared that the cart went up in the air eight feet and Petzer sitting as straight as though on dress parade was still driving. Once into the field he drove the colt a mile or two over soft ground and then stopped him. There was not the slightest break in the harness or cart and the horse had only a slight scratch or two where he struck the top wire. When one of the [illegible] spectators afterwards said to Petzer "You missed that road grader only a foot," he answered "that was enough. There was not one and no occasion for having a race around it."

* *

THIS STORY WILL BE RECOGNIZED BY A SELECT FEW

It happened so many years ago that the only one of the principals now living who knows the whole story, does not hesitate to tell it. There arrived in Decatur one day by express from Kentucky two bottles of fine whisky. They were packed in a crate which had become sadly disfigured during the journey and it was easy to see what was in the box. The man to whom they were consigned was one of prominence. He was out of town. He was a man of such prominence that when he went out of town every one knew it. Consequently the express men thought there need be no hurry about delivering the goods. The stuff remained in the express office several hours and some of the fellows groaned to think how long it would be before that liquor would be consumed. Each bottle was properly tagged and on each tag there were a few lines which related how the liquor was made, where it was distilled and all that sort of thing. Finally the thirst of the expressman aggravated by the remarks of a few doughty cronies who insisted that if it was delivered the sons of the prominent man would drink it before he got home, overcame him and he opened the bottles and he and a select few of the [illegible] of the place sipped such liquor as they had never dreamed of. Then they realized that they must make some sort of a show and they went to a levee saloon and bought enough cheap liquor to fill the bottles. The next day, after the seals had been replaced with all possible care, the consignment was delivered. A woman who was at the house receipted for the goods and the expressman hurried away fearing he would be called back before he could get out of the yard. Two weeks later the eldest son of the man to whom the liquor was billed, drove to the depot office of the express company. The guilty man saw him coming and made a failure of an effort to be unconcerned. His knees smote together when he was given a mysterious wink and a nod and called to one side. Then the eldest son told a story in this wise

"Say Tommy you remember that package you brought out to our house. Father had two bottles of fine liquor shipped to the old man by a friend of his in Kentucky. Well the old man is away from home and won't be home for several weeks. I invited several of the boys out to the house and we drank that liquor. Say Tommy it was the finest thing you ever tasted. It was great. All of the boys said they never had anything like it. The next day I took the bottles down town and had them filled with Old Crow. The old man is fond of Old Crow and he'll think its all right. Keep mum Tommy." It was almost too good to keep but it wasn't safe to tell and for months no one but Tommy and his select few knew anything about it and had to enjoy it in silence. But its so many years now since it happened that one at least of the men who knew all about it tells the story with great relish.

* * *

THE MONEY LENDER WILL GET THE LAST LAUGH

Months ago a Decatur money lender advanced $10 on a box which his customer said he had safely stored in a Decatur warehouse. The money lender did not see the contents of the box but the borrower made affidavit that it was valued at more than $100. One day last week, the borrower having failed to make good the box was dragged to the light and opened. The box was not large but it was amazingly heavy, considering its size. The men who handled it had always had some curiosity as to what it contained because it had been so heavy to drag about the warehouse. Then too, when it had been stored the owner had been especially anxious that it should be put in a dry place and he had given all sorts of cautions about the care it should receive. When the box was opened it was found to contain some scrap iron, a lot of bricks and broken tile. No doubt the owner of that box has laughed many times when he remembered how he had "worked" the money lender. But there is another laugh coming and the money lender will indulge. He has the address of the "con" man and one day soon an officer will pinch the clever lender and he will be hauled up to answer the charge of perjury and obtaining money under false pretenses and then it will not be so much of a joke.

* * *

HE CAUGHT THE CAR AFTER A MAD FLIGHT UP WATER STREET

The man who wanted to go to the railway station dashed down Water street after the receding street car. Every muscle was strained, his breath came in quick gasps, the beads of moisture stood out upon his forehead. His feet were working like the pedals on a bicycle. He only touched the ground in the more altitudinous places.

"I'll—catch that—street car," he gasped. "[illegible] die."

Faster went the street car. Faster went the man.

He overturned fruit stands and an aged blind man in his wild career. He knocked down children and trampled upon them. Put onward he rushed. He collided with a baby buggy. The baby was knocked into the street. The mother of the child picked it up. She pointed a finger at the disappearing form of the man. "Murderer!" she hissed through her clinched teeth.

He draws nearer to the car. Nearer yet.

He reaches out his hand.

He touches the rail on the rear platform.

He gives one last convulsive effort.

He is on the car.

He sinks breathless into a seat and mops his brow. The conductor touches him on the shoulder.

"Where to?" asks the official.

"Depot," gasped the man with his last breath.

"Wrong car," was the answer. "We go out on North Water."

* * *

MILLIONAIRES ARE PREVENTED BY ERRORS OF JUDGMENT

Wednesday Ed Higgins the East E[illegible]dorado street grocer, was commenting on the fact that Orlando Powers had attained his ninetieth birthday and that much of his wealth was due to buying land here in an early day, and said "That shows where an error in judgment keeps a man from being a millionaire. Over in Evanston, Hancock county lives Dr. Miller. I know him well. He came to Decatur in an early day when there was only a house or two here. He bought land here but did not keep it. Some of that land is now covered by the principal business section of Decatur. Dr. Miller could not see any future for Decatur and went over to Evanston and that place is today what it was then, a place with two or three houses and a corn crib or two. Dr. Miller owns much valuable farming land but think what he would have been worth if he had stayed in Decatur and judiciously managed the property he once owned. He is rich now but he could have been worth a million if he had stayed here and managed as well here as he did over there."

* * *

EVEN EXPERIENCE AND CARE DO NOT SAVE WATTERSON

Experience has taught Henry Watterson to be extremely careful of what he has to say in the public prints. Even experience, however does not save him from the glaring errors of the "intelligent compositor" or the laxity of the "lynx eyed" proof reader in Washington recently when an interviewer tackled him the gifted orator and doctor said "I haven't anything to say to the public. When I have anything to say, went on the Colonel, I write it then put it in my pocket. After a while I take it out, read it and write it again. Once more I put it away. Then I write it again and send it down to the printer and have it put in type. When I get the proof I run over it closely and write it again and again it goes to the printer. Afterward it is sent to me again in revised proof. Then I make the last corrections and send it down again. And [illegible]"

* * *

HOW DOCTOR EVENS UP WITH A MOOCHING PATIENT

The doctors have a class of customers, like the lawyers, always getting free advice and service for nothing. One doctor relates a little experience of how he got even with a "friend" of this kind and at the same time perpetuated a joke that made the "medicine moocher" look like a simpleton. The doctor was hurrying down a crowded street to see a patient who was "G. P.—good pay," when the friend stopped him and in the most insinuating manner said:

"Say, doc, I feel miserable today—dull pains in my head, nauseating taste in my mouth and a general feeling of lassitude. What had I better take?"

The doctor looked him over critically, counted his pulse, and remarked in his most impressive manner:

"Um! Um! A pretty serious case, but I guess we have taken it in time! Now shut your eyes tight and stick out your tongue."

No sooner had the patient complied than the doctor dodged around the corner and the hapless man stood on the curb fully five minutes with close shut eyes and sticking out his "unruly member" at the tittering crowd of passers, who concluded that the man was either bereft of reason or had taken on a large sized package.

* * *

WOULD GIVE UP THE MOLD BUT WANTED TO KEEP JELLY

Every housewife knows the care which is exercised to remove all traces of mold from the top of the jar when preserves are opened. A young Decatur mother exercised that care one day and put the mold in a tea cup which was on the kitchen table and then left the room. A few moments later, on her return she observed that the mold was gone and questioning her five year old daughter found that the latter had eaten it. A simple emetic was hastily prepared and given the child while at the same time an explanation was offered her that serious consequences might arise if she refused to take the emetic and that was what she didn't want to do. Between her sobs the child said "I'd just as lief throw up the mold but I want to keep the jelly."

Fitting Car Wheels

The Union Is Made Under Tons Of Hydraulic Pressure -- Skill of Jesse Gingrich In Handling Them -- Complete Record of Their Travels

[illegible] how the wheels [illegible] upon the axle? And did [illegible] itself how are [illegible] that [illegible] they will not slip. Of course it is a [illegible] that would [illegible] about it with a [illegible] that can come only with [illegible] [illegible] brought in the [illegible] When [illegible] to get its exact [illegible] from the [illegible] the [illegible] to gauge the axle when [illegible] lathe. That is where the [illegible] that is but only of ex[illegible] The foreman of a machine [illegible] tell you that expert machinists cannot do that work [illegible] more readily than a [illegible] experience [illegible] until they have had some [illegible] The axle is not trimmed to a [illegible] It is left purposely [illegible] full to[illegible] [illegible] revolutions to [illegible] and cuts a thread varying [illegible] three sixty fourths of an [illegible] When the [illegible] taken to the [illegible] that would [illegible] the axle just the height [illegible] The axle tapers [illegible] of an inch in [illegible]

The wheels are put on the axle by hydraulic [illegible] from 75 to [illegible] Nothing [illegible] used [illegible] the axle the [illegible] crushed [illegible] the wheel [illegible] holding them together [illegible] apparently almost one [illegible] into [illegible] the axle is forced [illegible] when under pressure [illegible] with which the [illegible] in motion or stopped [illegible] is considered [illegible] must be stopped [illegible] else the wheels will [illegible] standard gauge track. At the Wabash shops in this city only [illegible] required to press a pair [illegible] In a day 24 to 26 [illegible] while about forty [illegible] to dress to an axle [illegible] both and simultan[illegible] [illegible] weigh all the way from 550 [illegible] the men accus[illegible] to their work handle them as no less amazing than is the power exerted by the hydraulic press. At the Wabash shop in Decatur Jess Gingrich one of the men who works at the wheel press and rolls the wheels away is the wonder of every one who has ever watched him. Men who have traveled and seen experts handling wheels at other shops say that they never saw his equal. A six hundred pound wheel is handled by Gingrich with the ease that an ordinary man would handle a wagon wheel. Of course he is strong physically but his expertness is due more to his skill than his strength. If you should attempt to handle a wheel you would [illegible] "Don't let it get away from you." Confidence is one of the essentials. Gingrich has that to the fullest degree. When handling wheels they are rolled on the narrow flange at one side and of course that makes the work more difficult. When you were a youngster did you ever play twirl the platter? If you have done that you have seen the twirling platter die down in its revolutions until it was just flat on the floor. Jess Gingrich will let a six hundred pound car wheel wabble until it is almost flat upon the ground and then without any apparent effort give it a little [illegible] it will straighten up or go beyond the center and almost fall upon the other side, just as he wills. Even men long trained to roll wheels of that weight [illegible] find that they have all that they can do when they use their hands but Gingrich will give the wheel a little start and then with his feet keep it in motion and guide it to the place he wants to go and there it will gently fall into place [illegible] the back against a long line of wheels. Several months ago when Miss Helen Gould visited Decatur and made a tour of the Wabash shops Jesse Gingrich was called out to give an exhibition of his skill and strength in handling car wheels for her entertainment.

But that's aside issue. In former years car wheels were guaranteed to last a given number of years. Now when they are guaranteed if at all it is as to the number of miles they will travel and that ranges from 150,000 to 300,000. That sort of guarantee is given on cast steel wheels. Wheels with steel tires are sometimes guaranteed to run 600,000 miles.

The tires on the wheels are $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick. They are used principally on passenger cars. The tread or that part of the wheel face which comes in contact with the rails often wears down. Then the wheel is taken from its place beneath the car and sent to the shops where the face is dressed down from one to three thirty seconds of an inch or more as the occasion requires. Steel tired wheels are redressed as many as twelve or four[illegible] times.

Of course constant dressing reduces the circumference of the wheel and perhaps it will not mate with the wheel which was formerly on the other end of the axle. Then a companion which is of the exact size must be found for it. Car trucks contain two or three pairs of wheels. Each pair must be perfectly mated although in a three wheeled truck there may be three different sizes of wheels. After a car has been in service any length of time it is almost certain that you can find different sized wheels beneath it. If the wheels on opposite ends of the axle are not exactly the same size you will hear one of them squeal as is noticed every time that a train rounds a curve, especially during cold weather. That is because the flange of the small wheel would climb up on the rail. Sometimes one wheel is harder than its mate at the other end of the axle and that fact is soon discovered by the squealing.

But the men in the shops doing the mechanical work are not the only ones who have work with the wheels. In the offices there is a complete record of every wheel. Each one is numbered in a series and with a steel die the number is cut into the wheel. In the offices it is known in what car the wheel first saw service and [illegible] is removed and why, to what car it went next, how and when and why it was changed the second time. Together with a record of the number of miles it traveled until it finally goes to the scrap heap. The Wabash has over 16,000 freight cars that have eight wheels each and more than 500 passenger cars that have eight and twelve wheels each beneath them and yet there is an absolute and perfect record of every wheel and its travels.

There is one style which is known as the paper wheel. The center is a paper pulp pressed between two steel plates bound with a heavy steel rim. It is said that only the quality of paper used in making greenbacks can be used in making those wheels, the government furnishing the pulp from money which has become defaced and worn so that it will no longer circulate. Experts now declare that wheels with steel or iron centers are as elastic as paper wheels and that there is no special demand for that style.

At the local shops of the Wabash there are received each month about 300 cast steel wheels for freight cars and perhaps 30 steel tired wheels for passenger cars. Of course when there are that many new wheels being constantly received there are nearly that many old wheels going out of the service.

AN ALTERNATIVE

Dr. Talmage's Recommendation to an Ambitious Young Preacher

DeWitt Talmage, it is related, some time ago listened to a sermon delivered by a young minister. The preacher, who beforehand heard that the great pulpit orator was to be one of his hearers, laid himself out for the effort of his life. He dabbled deep into a difficult theological subject, reading his sermon from the manuscript before him. Indeed his subject was so profoundly doctrinal that he could not afford to wander from his text or to embellish it with oratorical display either by gesture or voice. The young preacher met Dr. Talmage after the service and said to him:

"Doctor, I should feel it a great honor if you would criticise my sermon."

"My dear young man, you should either put more fire into your sermons or put more sermons into the fire," was the doctor's terse comment.—New York Times.

Random Thoughts

At the White House dinner for Prince Henry Secretary of War Elihu Root related one of his favorite stories. It was that of a New Yorker who left his club rather late and proceeding homeward encountered a tree. He retreated and after a [illegible] again meeting the same tree. He sat down on the street and exclaimed, in a sad and frightened tone, "Lost! Lost in an impenetrable forest!"

Illinois has two nicknames. It was early called "Prairie State" from the character of its land which in most quarters is a rolling prairie. It was nicknamed the "Sucker State" from the fact that early travelers on the prairies often suffered great straits for lack of water. They soon learned from the Indians how to satisfy their thirst, for proceeding to a low place in the prairie, they would search for crawfish holes into which they inserted a long straw and sucked up the water beneath. Such at least is the story told and explanation given of the nickname.

The outbreak of smallpox in the United States, which has made itself felt to some extent in Canada, is attributed to the presence of so many American soldiers in the Philippines and Porto Rico, and the consequent traffic that has grown up between these two countries and the republic. The receipt of letters, curios and various articles from these infected islands brought smallpox to the United States.

Several Years After Bill Passes

Getting Government Building Is Slow Work After It Has Been Authorized Because The Departmental Machinery Runs With Red Tape Belts

Decatur's dream seems near its realization. For many years a government building has been the aim of every one who could in any way influence public men. Congressmen and Senators have kept Decatur in mind. A dozen years ago it was the policy of the government to restrict the construction of buildings to the larger cities and to those having more of the federal machinery than the postoffice.

PEORIA AND SPRINGFIELD

For this reason Peoria with its large internal revenue collections made possible by the distilleries and their vast output of whisky, early received consideration and had erected a government building. Springfield being the capital and having one of the U. S. District Courts and having a friend at court in the person of Senator Cullom and various members of Congress has fared well and early.

SPRINGFIELD'S MODESTY

She is not charged with modesty in asking public money from either state or nation. There are various monuments about Springfield attesting to her "pull" and "cheek." Other cities have had a man on the ground and have been taken into camp of the beneficiaries. Bloomington and Danville are examples. Others might be cited.

DECATUR PATIENTLY WAITED

All this time Decatur like a good boy at a corn shucking, has been standing looking longingly on.

SOME PREVIOUS EFFORTS

During the fifty second Congress, Mr. Owen Scott, who then represented this district urged an appropriation for a public building in Decatur. The bill went so far as to be favorably reported but the House of Representatives was the immediate successor to the "Reed Billion Dollar Congress" and economy was the cry. Hence during the two years of that Congress not one appropriation was made for a public building. Since then various efforts have been made by Mr. Funk and others but nothing came of it. Congressman Caldwell pushed the matter in the last congress. Committees from this city went to Washington and acted with Mr. Caldwell in getting the importance of Decatur and her growing needs thoroughly before the proper authorities.

DECATUR HAS GROWN SOME

During these waiting years our city has been doing a good job of growing and making it absolutely necessary that Uncle Sam provide suitable accommodations for the government business at this place. The vastly increased postal necessities at last convinced the powers that be that something must be done.

WARNER LANDS THE PRIZE

Congressman Warner has introduced a bill for a public building here and it has passed the House of Representatives. It is in the Senate favorably reported and will without doubt before many days or weeks pass the Senate and become a law. When the president affixes his signature the building passes from the legislative to the executive stage.

HOW LONG OH LORD HOW LONG

How long will it take to get the building after the law is passed? That depends on circumstances. It's safe to say that it will be longer than most people desire. When the matter is taken up for action the location of the site must be made. Government machinery runs slow as the belts are all made of red tape.

GETTING A SITE

A site must be advertised for, inspectors must inspect and report. Abstracts must be examined and every fleck and flaw removed from the title. The officials in the government are never in spending distance of a hurry. What they do not get done today can be done next week. It is safe to assume that it will take the [illegible] end of six months to get a site located and the title perfected. As the appropriation cannot under most favorable conditions be made available before July 1st it will be January 1903 before

UP TO THE ARCHITECT

the Supervising architect of the treasury will move on the work of preparing plans and specifications. There are some thing near one hundred buildings to be authorized in the Omnibus bill now pending and soon to be passed. With ancient methods prevailing in the architect's office and the rush of work to be done Decatur will not be reached in a hurry. Congressman Warner

MAY BE ABLE TO EXPEDITE

the matter but unless he does the prediction is confidently made that the plans will not be ready for the contractor short of one year from the time the bill authorizing the Decatur building becomes a law.

WHEN THE WORK BEGINS

From observation in the erection of other government buildings the time of construction will be a leisurely one.

A SOFT SNAP FOR A GOOD MAN

A superintendent will be named by the government. He will have good wages and the work will not make any corns on his feet nor callous his hands. He will like his job and want to keep it as long as he can. It cannot be expected that he will go to any extreme measures in hurrying up the contractor.

CHICAGO'S GRIEF.

It is not to be anticipated that the experience in Chicago will be duplicated. It has been some seven years since the work began there. Probably ten years will be required to complete the Chicago structure. Of course the Decatur building will be so much smaller it will not be so profitable to nurse the job so long. A special architect has charge of the Chicago building and he is probably afraid he may never get another so profitable. Hence he easily consents to allow the contractor all the snail pace he wants.

DIFFERENT HERE

The building here will no doubt be under the direct control of the supervising architect of the treasury with a local superintendent, some Decatur citizen.

MAY BE FORGETFUL

The government architect will soon forget the [illegible] and the superintendent will want him to keep on forgetting it. The job will last longer if he forgets a good deal. It will be to the advantage of Decatur to keep a sharp eye on the appointments of Superintendent.

GET A GOOD MAN

If a good man is chosen, one who wants the building done speedily even if his salary does stop it will be completed in much shorter time. If some statesman out of a job get the place it will take plenty of time. It is not the purpose to place a gloomy view of getting the building done but to stimulate the people to look after their own interests.

COL. WARNER CAN DO MUCH

to expedite the business in its earlier stages and he will undoubtedly do all in his power to push this good thing along. Another purpose is to suggest that a good

WARM PLACE IN WINTER

and a cool breezy place in summer be retained for the postoffice for sometime to come. It will be needed for a couple of years more at least. It is the sincere wish of the Herald to see the building speedily completed but in our enthusiasm over getting the building we should bear in mind the griefs in store for us in seeing the walls grow like a snail runs.

Of London's policemen 3½ per cent are daily on the sick list.

A DANVERS MAN

Danvers, Ill., May 23. Special—Laying his head on the rail just ahead of an approaching west bound passenger train, Fred Burkhardt, a farmer residing [illegible] Danvers committed suicide [illegible] a horrible manner about 2 o'clock this afternoon. The train is the passenger which left Bloomington at 1:20 p. m. It was a little late and was pulling out of Danvers at a lively rate. The engineer observed Burkhardt standing near the track but thought nothing of it. He was horrified a moment later however to see the victim suddenly lay down and place his head across the rail. In a twinkling the engine severed the head at the neck. The sight of the crushed and bleeding headless trunk being an awful one. The remains were picked up and conveyed to the depot and word sent to Coroner Carson at Bloomington. He will arrive this evening to hold an inquest. There is no doubt but that Burkhardt committed suicide. He is reported to have told a business man to sell his horses as he would not need them any more. This is taken to mean that he had planned the rash act.

Burkhardt was aged about 45, and had been living with his father George Burkhardt a short distance east of Danvers. He has a wife and six children, the oldest about 10 years of age. There have been rumors about family quarrels, due to the sale of some land, but whether they were responsible for the commission of the deed is only conjectural. In addition to the family mentioned he leaves a father and mother and five sisters and three brothers. Godfrey, one of the brothers, arrived here only this morning from Rankin, Ill., to make a visit with his parents. Chris resides in Chicago and John a short distance east of the village. The sisters are Mary, Lucy, Kate, Lizzie and Lera. Fred was a member of the Evangelical Lutheran church of this place and was a quiet reserved man, who was generally respected. The self-destruction was entirely unsuspected by a majority of the residents and created a shock to the community owing to the gruesome details. It is thought that the verdict of the coroner's jury will be suicide. The time of the funeral will be announced later.

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DECATUR HERALD.

222 E. Main St., Decatur, Ill.
Published By
THE HERALD-DESPATCH CO.

The Herald-Despatch.
Established October 6, 1880.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

By Mail—in Advance.
Daily—Per Annum $5.00
Daily—Six months 2.50
Semi-Weekly—Per Year 1.00
By Carrier.
Daily—Per Week 10c
Daily Per Month 40c
TELEPHONE NUMBERS.
New—Business Office 29
New—Editorial Rooms 221
Old—Business Office 43
Old—Editorial Rooms (two rings) 43

Entered at the postoffice at Decatur, Ill., as second class matter. Address communications to THE HERALD, Decatur, Ill.

Republican County Ticket

For United States Senator,
ALBERT J. HOPKINS.
For Member of Congress,
VESPASIAN WARNER.
County Judge,
O. W. SMITH.
County Clerk,
JAMES M. DODD.
County Treasurer,
E. R. MOFFETT.
Sheriff,
W. W. CONARD.
County Superintendent,
ALBA A. JONES.

A republican convention for the 28th senatorial district is hereby called to meet at the court house in Decatur, Ill., May 28th, 1902, at 1 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating two candidates for members of the general assembly to select a senatorial committee, and to transact such other business as may properly come before it. The basis of representation in said convention shall be one delegate for each 400 votes, and fraction of two hundred or over cast for the republican presidential candidate in each of the counties composing the district at the election in 1900.

On this basis each county is entitled to the following delegates:

	Votes.	Delegates.
Dewitt county	2604	7
Logan county	3501	9
Macon county	6086	15
Total		31

Delegates shall be elected in such manner as the republican county central committee in each county may or have directed.

E. H. THOMAS,
Chairman.
GEO. W. ARGO,
Secretary Pro Tem.

Who said this would be a dry summer?

You should not say automobile, but motorcar as they do in Paris. Sabe?

An individual may be sincere and yet wrong. See Senator Hoar as an example.

"Anthracite coal is soaring," it is said. Perhaps it is trying to out-fly the prices of beef.

General Miles is saying nothing these hot days and he is saying it with the soft pedal.

Kansas calls for 20,000 harvest hands. The populists will have hard sledding this year.

The Kansas democrats are to fuse with the populists again. Anything to win. Throw principle to the winds.

Bloomington may be able to get offers and play ball but when it comes to setting great questions on the rostrum it is not in the same class with Decatur.

Some overheated brain has evolved the startling intelligence that the old senators are against Roosevelt. Well, suppose they are. The strenuous young men of the country will make them forget what a band wagon looks like.

This is memorial Sunday. All over this country the old veterans will attend church. Words of gratitude for their heroic services forty years ago will be spoken from countless pulpits. He who says that this republic is ungrateful is a misanthrope.

Mary Elizabeth Lease, the woman politician of Kansas, has obtained a divorce from her husband. It took only fifteen minutes, as Mr. Lease made no objection. Apparently he was willing. He wanted a wife, but found he had a stateswoman. Aunt Carrie Nation wrecked her home at the same time. She was chopping up saloon mirrors and furniture. Kansas is prolific of freaks. There is Jerry Simpson for example.

Bloomington may play a little better article of baseball than Decatur. Not much better though. Decatur is the candel appendage and Bloomington comes tumbling after. It looks as though there would be a very lively scramble between Bloomington and Decatur for the tail end. But what do you think of the Decatur high school boys? When it comes to intellect Decatur makes Bloomington look like a worn, plugged dime. Bloomington may have legs but Decatur is long on brains.

Senator Hoar's next speech should be on the "eternal principles" as illustrated by the pilgrims when they landed on Plymouth Rock, and set up a government of their own, thus beginning a friction with the Indians that lasted for centuries. Mr. Hoar's logic condemns the whole course of human progress and brands as a despot the soldier who responds to the call of his government to fulfill international obligations. The senator's mind, as well as his conscience, is superheated. His rhetoric is as hot and about as valuable as volcanic ashes. —Globe-Democrat.

STORY ABOUT SHAW

Some good stories are told of Secretary Shaw, who holds the money-bags of this great nation. The Saturday evening Post recently told this one:

He has proved a great surprise to those in the treasury department who had heard only of his Methodism and opposition to drinking and who had purchased bibles for their desks. In fact, in the department they say he could tell stories all day without stopping if he only had time, but he hasn't, for he is tremendously hard worker, reaching the office before many of his clerks are out of bed. The second day he was secretary he arrived so early that the watchman wouldn't let him in.

"What are you doing here?" growled the man at the door.

"I thought I'd go to the secretary's office, if you please."

"Don't you know nobody arrives this time of day? He's not there yet."

"Well, he ought t be and that's the reason I want to get in if you'll let me," said the secretary, handing his card to the astonished doorkeeper.

And he generally keeps at it until long after Martha, the old colored aunty, who sweeps and dusts the secretary's office, has arrived and is waiting patiently in the hall. She is one of the few people in the country who do not approve of the president's choice.

He has always worked this way, he says. "Twenty years ago they told me I was working too hard, couldn't stand it, would get consumption; and they've been telling me so ever since—force of habit on their part I suppose." He does not bother much about recreation. Men who worked their way through college aren't so likely to think about exercise. And when asked what he did with his vacations he looked as though he was going to inquire, "What is a vacation?" but he only said: "Well, I never had one myself since I am remember, except a year ago last summer. I went out to the Yellowstone. I didn't like it. I got to feeling queer. Two days of it was all I wanted."

SHOWING OF FOUR TOWNSHIPS

The assessors of four Macon county townships have made their returns to County Treasurer Miller as overseer of assessments. These are Austin, Hickory Point, Mt. Zion and Long Creek being as purely agricultural townships as can be found. Yet the assessor's books show that the farmers are not in any danger of being forced to shoo the wolf from their doors. The total cash value of grain in farmers' hands amounts to $456,101. This is in the face of a crop shortage last year and almost unprecedentedly high prices. Another interesting item is that the farmers in these four townships retain cash other than banks and bankers, aggregating $118,120. The total of cash and grain is $274,221. In addition to this there is shown a sum of $30,000 under head of banks and bankers. With such a showing as this why should any one go to Alaska for gold or to Texas for oil to get rich. Illinois farmers are veritable gold mines and are not carried away by flood or blown up by volcanoes.

The injunction against the meat combine does not seem to have a tendency to lower the price of cattle. Last Wednesday was a record breaker. Texas range cattle brought $6.85, the highest since 1882. Native prime cattle went to $7.65, the top notch in five months. It will not be surprising if the packers say that their chief aim is to make the farmers rich.

St. Louis and other nearby cities are making war on filthy alleys. Decatur should bear in mind that filth breeds disease and see that spring-cleaning does not end with the streets. Alleys may bring pestilence if not kept in a sanitary condition.

Martinique begins to look as though it would become a barren waste. This island has tender historic associations. It was the birthplace of the Empress Josephine. Volcanoes and earthquakes have little respect for tender associations.

"The democrats expect to control the next house"—Washington special. That is nothing new. They have been expecting most of the time for forty years. Their "expectancy" would be a gold mine for a life insurance company.

Billy Mason and other senatorial candidates cannot pose as volcano and earthquake sufferers. There was, however, something of a landslide at Springfield recently. They were under it, too.

Longview, Texas, has just had a hilarious entertainment at which a negro was burned alive. Texas and other parts of the south are much concerned over the bad treatment of the Filipinos.

Senator Hopkins may be a trifle sanguine over the size of the republican majority in Illinois this year. We can afford to lop off, say 10,000. This leaves 65,000, a very comfortable margin.

The Boer war is over and peace is at hand. Britain has spent almost enough to bankrupt her treasury and what has been gained. "War is hell"—Senator Sherman.

Why not pull out the plug and let the fountain in Central park run? Water is cheap and the Sangamon is not likely to go dry.

It is Cuba libre without any American string to it. What Uncle Sam promises that he performs.

The Presbyterian general assembly wants a uniform divorce law.

Billy Mason and Billy Bryan were both in Cuba to see the wheels go round when the new republic started.

Billy Mason is growing popular with the democrats since he began to say things about the state convention and Hopkins. Pretty soon he will be quoted by all the democratic organs.

Singer Sankey, so long associated with Moody, has left the Methodist church and become a Presbyterian. He says he does not object to the Methodist church, but went to be with his family in church fellowship.

Dr. Emmett Enos was until last February superintendent of the insane asylum at Kankakee. He was in poor health and resigned. He predicted his own coming insanity. Last Tuesday he became violent and it is thought will soon be a patient in the hospital of which so lately he was in charge.

The Bloomington business men's association has gone systematically to work to get all the state conventions to come to Bloomington next year. They have succeeded in landing a considerable string of them. Now let Decatur send its missionaries to Bloomington next year and get these conventions to come to Decatur the year following. They then could see what a real live business town is.

The people of Decatur should patronize Decatur industries. No city has better facilities for supplying the wants of all classes. There is no reason why money should go abroad for the purchase of any commodity. The way to make a good town better is to be loyal to it. Our merchants and factories spend their money here and employ help which patronize Decatur institutions. Every dollar spent at home goes into circulation at home and directly or indirectly benefits the entire community.

Springfield is talking of a $50,000 filtering plant. They certainly do not intend to build it out of the city treasury. Can't they make it appear to the legislature that pure water is necessary to sprinkle the state house lawn and get an appropriation? When they wanted a convention hall so that they could compete with Peoria, Decatur and Bloomington they concocted a guards' armory scheme and worked it through. The filtering plant would only cost $50,000 and that is not much for a great state like Illinois to spend to have nice grass around the state house.

The Presbyterian general assembly rather surprised itself in its harmony over creed revision. The country was prepared for an exciting debate and a hard-fought battle of beliefs. The meeting place was crowded with expectant listeners. All were sorely disappointed and the assembly happily surprised. The report of the committee was adopted practically without debate and by an almost unanimous vote. The changes now go to the presbyteries for ratification. This will end the great creed revision movement in one of the great religious denominations of the world.

Recently the police force has been busy watching for those who commit the crime of riding bicycles on sidewalks. A few have been arrested and paid the penalty. There is another crime for which the city authorities are constantly on the look-out. That is to ride bicycles at night without lights. Even in moonlight and in the glare of the arc lights this heinous offense is under the constant watchfulness of those who are charged with the enforcement of the ordinances. The poor bicycle appears to be the vehicle of offense against society. Teamsters violate all the laws, people drive so as to imperil life and limb and yet they are unmolested. All the fury is reserved for the unfortunate rider of the gum-shoe steed. There are a few other things going on in Decatur every day and particularly every night that are almost as bad as riding wheels on sidewalks or without lamps. A little circle around South Park, North Franklin and East Main would furnish opportunities for investigation and action. When were any of these places raided or people arrested for violating the laws to secure common decency?

MIGHT QUIT A LOSING BUSINESS

A new and interesting assertion comes from Chicago, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. The unprejudiced and impartial attorney for a member of the meat combination gives the public the startling information that "the meat business of the packers has been conducted at a loss for the past three months."

The statement that the slaughter-house millionaires have been recklessly shedding their wealth for the past three months in order to keep the people supplied with meat will be exceedingly interesting when proved. It is noted that the bill filed by the department of justice calls for the production of all books, papers and documents. Of course, the packers will gladly embrace this opportunity of showing their books and proving the loss they have sustained by their unselfishness.

When this is proved, of course, the question remains, what is to be done. There is no public benefit in selling meat—or anything else—at a loss. Therefore, the public may respectfully suggest to the meat crowd that they go out of the losing business. Let the market for home-raised and dressed meat be re-established.

SENATOR HOAR'S SPEECH

The aged and respected and respectable Senator Hoar of Massachusetts lately made one of the greatest speeches of his life in opposition to the Philippine policy of the government. He was heard with great interest and with marked attention. The fact that his attitude was not approved by his republican colleagues in the senate and by many broad-minded democrats did not abate interest in the speech of so distinguished but misguided a man. There may have been mistakes made in Philippine policies. It would have required angels rather than men to have avoided errors in so gigantic an undertaking. Senator Hoar holds up to public view these shortcomings. How would he have had it done better? This he does not tell. It is easy to point out mistakes. Oliver Wendell Holmes once said that the world is divided into two classes. One is composed of those who go ahead and do something and the other of those who stand around and ask why it was not done some other way. Senator Hoar and his democratic confreres are part of the latter class. But not all democrats belong to this hold-back policy. Judge Lambert Tree, who held a first class mission under the only democratic president since 1861—does not agree with his party. Many other progressive democrats are with him. Judge Tree aptly condemns Senator Hoar's policy in these convincing words:

"Attacks upon an army in the field have not helped a political party in this country and never will. The people believe they have the best, the most humane and trustworthy army in the world, and they will stand by it. Our army comes from among the people, is a part of the people and carries the popular confidence and affection wherever it goes. Our soldiers in the Philippines labor amidst great difficulties. They wade the mud, force the jungles, face treachery and savagery, endure the tropic sun. A great majority of the American people believe they are doing the best they can and that they should not be assailed at home."

PHYSICIANS AND NEWSPAPERS

One physician at least advocates a broader policy concerning publicity through the newspapers. Medical ethics is a queer institution. It considers a physician who gets his name in the newspapers guilty of some moral shortcoming. This is medical ethics, remember. There are plenty of medical practitioners who have no such scruples against the publication of their names in connection with a difficult surgical operation, provided the victim of the knife survives, or in a severe case of sickness in case the patient recovers.

However, the medical societies, as organizations, frown upon any luckless member who gets his name in the newspaper. The Illinois State Medical society has recently been a session at Quincy. Dr. J. W. Pettit of Ottawa discussed "What should be the attitude of the profession toward the secular press?" The term secular applies presumably to all papers outside the medical fold. Dr. Pettitt has a very correct estimate of the scope of the newspaper. He says that "no agency is more potent for good or evil than the newspaper, which each day reaches fully 90 per cent of the reading public. By far the larger part of the public, especially busy people, get about all their general information from the newspaper. The newspaper is the only printed source of information, for fully one-half of the reading public. It is the purveyor as well as the conveyor of information and the average editor is actuated by as praiseworthy motives in his field of activity as we are in ours.

"It is not a wrong application of a correct principle when we make it unethical for a physician to discuss medical topics in the secular press, or cast suspicion upon him because his name happens to appear in a newspaper column? This unreasonable criticism and censorship has been carried to an absurd extent."

The difficulty is a little different from the above statement. Not many physicians object to seeing their names in the newspapers in connection with their calling where the treatment is successful. The only difficulty is that men who have made some valuable discovery in the treatment of disease are put under the ban, ostracized and expelled from medical societies if they publish their achievement. This becomes immoral, unethical. Other professions not excepting even the clergy, do not think newspaper publicity in itself a wrong, or that the man who is advertised is guilty of a crime. Dr. Pettitt further says:

"We deprecate the ignorance and duplicity of the public in being fleeced by quacks, dosing themselves with useless and injurious patent nostrums, and rallying to the support of irrational medical fads. We complain of the secular press for inserting patent medicine and quack advertisements, for giving publicity to medical fads, for which they receive pay and then refuse to avail ourselves of this same agency for the dissemination of the truth, without money and without price, because of an unreasonable prejudice. There is nothing more useful and necessary to remove ignorance and misapprehension than authentic information.

"Why should not we, who are the repositories of medical information, avail ourselves of the only channel through which the public can be reached? If the public is left to secure such information as it may from quack and patent medicine advertisements or fadists it is inconsistent for us to complain if that information is misleading. Neither should we refuse to give it through the only agency by which it will reach it—namely: the press?"

Dr. Pettitt is giving his brethren some valuable suggestions. The patent medicines so largely used by the people are the result of medical experience. Most of these remedies are prescriptions from reputable physicians who prefer to give their remedies to the world instead of letting their wisdom die with them. There are quacks both in and out of the regular medical profession. Some of these are advertising doctors and some are members of medical societies in good and regular standing. Many of the patent medicines are so useful that reputable physicians frequently use and prescribe them for their patients. Newspapers are as human as the doctors. If they can get a portion of the money necessary to sustain their business from physicians who are never suspected with being quacks until they begin to advertise in the newspapers, they are glad to do so. A considerable portion of the income of a newspaper comes from advertising of various articles, commonly classed as patent medicines. This on one side and a profession on the other, declaring that the appearance of a physician's name in a newspaper in any professional way is immoral and unprofessional, would easily determine the attitude of the newspapers. Should the newspapers hold it to be immoral and unprofessional to employ a physician, it would not be expected that the medical fraternity would be very rapturous or enthusiastic for the newspapers. They would be expected to be of a chilly demeanor toward the press. Newspaper men are no nearer angels than the doctors. They are jealous of their business and guard their interests. They are, therefore, interested in the appearance of the sentiments of Dr. Pettitt, though they are in a very mild form. They might be much more radical and yet hardly be just. The newspaper's relation to the secular medical profession is a very intimate one. The press chronicles the death of all the patients of all the doctors and yet the failure to heal is passed over in silence. The lawyer is not so well treated. The case is tried, names of attorneys given and the outcome of the suit stated. Necessarily the unsuccessful lawyer must stand for his failure. How would it look to say in the newspaper that "the Hon. George Washington Smith died at his home yesterday after an illness of one week. Thomas Jefferson Jones, M. D., was the attending physician," etc., etc. Not one physician would believe such notices would be ethical. It will, therefore, be seen how many of the failures of the medical world are covered by the silence of the press—the secular press.

That there is need of some provision for the immediate care and disposition of those who are hurt or otherwise disabled and can not care for themselves was shown on Wednesday morning in the case of Andrew Stewart. The city authorities had no means of disposing of the man when found at the Illinois Central tracks. The county is the one upon whom the responsibility appears to rest. No arrangement seems to be made to dispose of such cases if they occur at night. The county's agent is not on duty. The police are usually the first on the ground. In the case referred to Stewart was left for something like an hour without care or attention. This was because the police have no place to take such people. During this time the unfortunate man might have died purely for want of care. If some provision could be made for removing such cases to the hospital without delay, oftentimes human life might be saved. One who is bleeding profusely might easily be so exhausted as to die before the authorities could settle the question as to where he should be legally taken. In cases of emergency the unfortunate should be cared for and the legal questions settled afterward.

Samuel E. Gross of Chicago has won his suit to establish the authorship of Cyrano de Bergerac, in which Richard Mansfield appeared and made fame and fortune. Edward Rostand, a Frenchman, took "The Merchant Prince of Corneville," written by Mr. Gross, and made it into Cyrano. The court holds that Mansfield and Rostand are liable to Gross for the profits of the play. Mr. Gross merely asked literary vindication, but says that hereafter these pirates must keep off of his literary grass.

We trust that the government's efforts in fighting the beef trust is to lower prices. There is no use waiting for a natural drop, either. Force the prices down to the level where they belong.—Springfield Register.

The meat combine will not be foolish enough to reduce prices right away. That would confirm the contention that the high prices are beef trust prices.

Don't expect the best cuts of beef for 10 cents just because the trust has been enjoined; 60-cent corn does not produce 10-cent porterhouse.

The season of school commencements is almost ready to burst forth in all its perennial loveliness.

At last Cuba is free. Uncle Sam will see that it so remains. That is why he is acting as guardian.

A Washington correspondent says that Congressman Hopkins was in the senate chamber recently. He found that Senator Mason's seat was vacant. Hopkins sat in it just to get the measure. Senator Mason was in Cuba helping start the wheels in the new republic.

Dowie claims that his daughter died because she disobeyed him. The fact was that she died from burns, her inhuman father denying her medical attention. Her agonies even were not assuaged by anesthetics. This fraudulent Elijah needs a little dose of vigorous law.

The local baseball enthusiasts were almost given a case of "heart failure" on learning of the second successive victory at Rock Island. It seems that the tide should turn pretty soon. Why should Decatur lose every close game? This has been one of the baseball problems.

President Palma has lived so long in the United States that he may have some embarrassment in acquiring the ready use of the Spanish tongue. If he should induce the Cubans to adopt English as the language of their country he would take a long step toward permanency of government. Human freedom is scarcely known in any other but the language of the Anglo-Saxon.

The Brooklyn Eagle says that Shelby Cullom has his little weaknesses, one being a desire to be considered spry and active on his feet. The other afternoon he was seen climbing a stairway in the capitol building and a friend asked why he did not take the elevator. "Because I am in a hurry," said the Illinois senator, skipping up stairs with his seventy-three years.

A. M. DREW, M.D.

SPECIALIST ON
Rectal, Genito-Urinary and all Chronic Diseases.

Piles successfully cured without use of knife or detention from business.
Fenton Building, Decatur, Ill.

MARCONI SAYS

His Greatest Success was Sending a Message Across a 7-Foot Room

GENIUS OF ITALIAN WIZARD

Has Solved all Problems in Wireless Telegraphy and Is Far Ahead of All Competitors

When Marconi first succeeded in sending a message across the English channel and his fame began to be international the late Cecil Rhodes sent for him in order to discuss the practicability of using in Africa the wireless system for connecting Cairo with the Cape. At that time Marconi's ultimate success was more problematic than it is today, but the South African uncrowned king, was so impressed with Marconi's modest demonstrations that he exclaimed: "If I had only known this six months ago I would have established it for our African railway service. With what you have already done we could, by establishing stations every fifty miles, save millions of money that we are now spending for telegraphic equipments according to the old system."

The idea of telegraphing across the ocean without wires has been in Marconi's mind ever since he began work with the system. When he came over last winter, in order that his whole plan might not be known he merely announced that he was going to do some experimental work for the Newfoundland government. His use of balloons was only a temporary expedient (indeed, his newest system does not require a particularly high mast; but after covering eighteen hundred miles in this experimental fashion he felt confident that with a fully equipped station which wind weather could not effect, he could be able to exchange transatlantic messages with ease.

When Marconi lately returned from England he brought with him all the material needed for a permanent station. His plan involved the building of four stone towers, similar to lighthouses which he proposed to put up at Cape Cod. The New Foundland work was merely experimental, carried on there because the inventor could work without interruption. Each of the four towers was to be equipped with similar instruments, so arranged in parallel that a quadruple effect might be gained. Of course, the Cornwall station was to be similarly equipped, and each terminal was to have very powerful transmitters. It is merely a question of multiplication. With a small amount of electric energy Marconi has been able to send massages hundreds of miles. If he increases the amount of energy used at the transmitting end, naturally the impulse will radiate further and the detectors will more easily pick up the message.

The United States will at once, then, enter into the benefit of Marconi's achievement. When his system is in good working order there is not so much danger of a breakdown as in a cable; the cost of equipment is so much less that the difference is reckoned in millions of dollars; there is little loss in wear and tear, maintenance or operation; so that the prediction that transatlantic messages may soon be sent for one cent a word is not only justified, but it may be done, even at that figure, with tremedous profit. A few thousand dollars is sufficient for one of these stations, the principal cost being the towers. The necessary instruments at each end make the smallest part of the expense. When Marconi was working a hundred miles overland, he estimated the cost of his instruments to be about five hundred dollars for a station, but with quadrupled receiving stations and increased power of transmitters it will be considerably more.

One problem, in particular, enters in whenever the general use of the Marconi system is suggested. Scientists rise up to say that the use of several instruments in the same locality would produce an electric bedlam. The criticism reminds one of a man who wrote to the London "Times" when Marconi first began to experiment with the Post-Office department, saying that he feared the passage of electric waves through London would injure people, and that a law should control the letting loose of these waves. Marconi has demonstrated to his own satisfaction, though he has not as yet taken the public into his confidence, that he can have a hundred instruments working in the same room, each one receiving and sending messages without conflicting with the others. Our own Weather Bureau has been experimenting for months along this line—they call it selective telegraphy; Marconi calls it "tuning"—and the officials doubt it it can be done. Marconi no longer doubts—he has already accomplished it. It was with the idea that confusion might result from the general use of the other wave system of telegraphing that Professor Willis J. Moore, Chief of the Weather Bureau, recently suggested, that if a selective system could not be found, our government should take exclusive control of all systems of the kind, because of their value to our marine interests. "In that case" he goes on in his report to the Secretary of Agriculture, "we could establish stations along our extensive coast lines at such distances and in such relation the one to the other that they shall not interfere. Even then, there will occasionally be difficulty in communicating with the mainland whenever two ships in close proximity are attempting to transmit or receive messages at the same time."

Marconi has shown, in just such respects as these, how far ahead of all of his competitors he has kept. There is no problem in other wave telegraphy which he was not worked on and no problem connected with the whole range of telegraphing without wires upon which he has not surpassed all others. The time has come for the scientific world to give him the fullest possible recognition. A single spark of his genius has enabled him to leap across the gap of years of scientific study and accomplish the greatest wonder of the age. In his own mind, the transatlantic achievement is but a step in his progress toward the complete solution of wireless telegraph problems.

"The greatest success I ever accomplished," says Marconi. "Was when I succeeded in sending a faint signal across a room in my father's house seven years ago. That was an elemental success. Everything I have done since that has depended upon that first struggle."

Sciatic Rheumatism Cured After Fourteen Years of Suffering

"I have been afflicted with sciatic rheumatism for fourteen years," says Josh Edgar, of Germantown, Cal. "I was able to be around, but constantly suffered. I tried everything I could hear of, and at last was told to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I did and was immediately relieved and in a short time cured, and I am happy to say it has not since returned." Why not use this linament and get well? It is for sale by all druggists.

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... has been in Mar... began work ... came over last ... whole plan ... announced ... experiment ... Newfoundland govern... was only a ... his newest ... particularly ... covering eighteen ... experimental fash... with a fully ... weather ... able to ex... with ease. ... from ... all the ... station. ... of four ... houses ... Cape Cod, ... merely ... because ... inter... was to ... ruments, ... multiple ... the ... similarly ... to have ... merely ... With a ... Marconi ... hundreds ... mount of ... wireless ... further ... pick

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... the Marconi ... up to ... instruments ... produce an ... London ... began to ex... Post Office depart... the passage ... London would ... should con... waves. Mar... to his own satis... as yet taken ... confidence, that he ... works ... receiv... without con... Our own Weath... experimenting for ... select... calls it "tune... doubt it ... he has ... was with the ... from the ... wave system ... Professor Willis L. ... of the Weather Bureau, ... that if a selective sys... not be found, our government ... control of all sys... value ... "In that case" ... the Secre... could establish ... coast lines ... such relation ... shall not ... there will occas... communicating ... whenever two ships ... attempting to ... messages at the same ...

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makes a poor looking harness like new. Made of pure, heavy bodied oil, especially prepared to withstand the weather.

Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes.

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A NOVEL ELECTION CONTEST

Suit Filed in County Court in Which Fraud is Alleged

The most novel election contest ever tried in this or any other county is the suit which is brought in the county court by Ed Welch vs. John J. Jenkins. The men were candidates for school director in district 28. There was not much excitement in the election as there were only 14 votes cast in all. This number was evenly divided between Jenkins and Welch. After the votes were counted, the judges drew straws to decide who should be the winner. It is alleged that fraud was used in drawing the straws. None of the contestants were present but one of the friends of Jenkins declined to draw. Welch's friend drew, however, and his officiousness cost Welch the office.

The judge who held the straws is said to have held three blades in his hand. The long one was to be the winner. Welch's friends say that this was not fair as Jenkins had two chances to his one. Welch's friend drew the run one the result dowebulnaa- ...ort short one. If he had drawn the medium one the result would be the same so his friends say. Welch also alleges that he had Jenkins beaten in a fair contest, that he had 7 votes to Jenkins 6 and at the last moment before the polls closed an illegal vote was cast for Jenkins which tied the vote. The case will be tried at the next term of court.—Clinton Times.

LIVED IN DECATUR

Much Advertised Taylor Family Left This City Many Years Ago

Those persons who follow the telegraph news in the daily papers have of late noticed not a little about the Taylor family of Cincinnati. Mrs. P. W. Taylor and two daughters, Clara and Frances, were indicted on a charge of kidnapping the daughter of Vincent Taylor, a son of Mrs. P. W. Taylor. The child was stolen four years ago. Mrs. P. W. Taylor and her daughter, Frances, were convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary. Clara Taylor, who was also indicted, escaped with the child, and ... recently all trace of them was lost. ... aunt and the child were found in Italy and the father went to that place and identified his daughter and on Thursday of last week sailed for home having the little one in his charge.

When the family lived in Decatur P. W. Taylor conducted a dry goods store on Water street at the point now occupied by Hutchin & Hardy's shoe store. He was considered quite well-to-do. The family were members of the Presbyterian church and favorably known in Decatur. One of the older members of that church who was well acquainted with the Taylor family during their residence in Decatur, said last night: "I can't believe that Mrs. Taylor would kidnap the child unless it was absolutely for the good of the little one."

PRAIRIE AVENUE WILL WAIT

City Will Not Have Cash to Pa, r Resurfacing Intersections

The idea of resurfacing Prairie avenue has been abandoned for this year at least. Mayor Shilling when asked about that item of public work said: "There are other things which are needed more than the resurfacing of Prairie street. The larger water main on Eldorado street from Broadway east is needed and that will require more money than was appropriated for the water department last year. Then the eight-hour law and the ordinance granting to each firemen two weeks vacation is another thing that will help eat up the money. Its effect is to add another man to the department. There are twenty-six men and that will make fifty-two weeks work for the extra man, if he subs for all of them. In fact one extra man cannot do all of the work, especially after the new house is opened on North Main street, but that will probably not be done until half of the fiscal year is gone."

STIRRING WAR SONGS

Will Form the Program to be Given at the Baptist Church

In connection with the patriotic sentiments clustering around Memorial day the ladies of the Baptist church are preparing a concert consisting of the songs of the civil war. There will be a full description or lecture given explaining the origin of each song and then it will be sung either as a solo, quartet or chorus. "Tenting Tonight," "The Vacant Chair," "Dixie" and all the stirring songs of the war will be given. Many of the best musical people of the city will assist the choir and chorus of the church. The regular chorus consisting of about thirty voices will be augmented by many additions from the outside. It is expected that this will be one of the most pleasing entertainments lately given in Decatur. The concert will be on Thursday evening next in the church and will have full organ accompaniment.

Gretry, to animate himself when composing, breakfasted and took coffee and then applied himself day and night to his piano.

FARMER'S SHARE

Of the National Prosperity, as Shown by Assessors, is Not Small

FOUR COUNTRY TOWNSHIPS

Show Cash and Grain in Store to be Worth More Than $300,000—Other Personal Property Items

Some of the assessors in the country townships have completed their work and made returns to Joseph Miller, county overseer of assessments.

One of the interesting things is the amount of cash credited to the farmers. In the four townships given here the total of money not belonging to banks or brokers is $118,120. In addition to that sum these four country townships present over $30,000 belonging to bankers or brokers. In addition to their cash these four townships have on hand grain to the value of $156,101 making over $300,000 cash available to these farmers, for the grain is as good as cash any day. Practically it may be said that these four townships are one-third of a million dollars to the good. Judging therefore by the returns of the assessor the farmer of Macon county is enjoying his measure of prosperity. These returns are from the assessors books.

Hickory Point, R. L. Albin, assessor.

	No.	Value
Horses	882	$66,265
Cattle	1539	44,735
Mules and asses	101	10,150
Sheep	313	1,320
Hogs	1977	13,275
Dogs	85	
Carriages and wagons	315	9 695
Watches and Clocks	128	1,705
Sewing and Knitting Machines	115	1,410
Pianos	28	5,100
Organs	41	2015
Agricultural Implements		15,105
Money with bank		55,775
Grain on Hand		42,270
Total personal value		301,550

Austin, S. R. Nowlin, assessor.

	No.	Value.
Horses	918	$38,340
Cattle	1397	37,475
Mules and asses	104	7,700
Sheep	645	2,200
Dogs	86	
Hogs	2171	16,315
Carriages and wagons	119	1,085
Sewing and knitting machines	85	825
Pianos	19	1,960
Organs	40	845
Money other than that of bank		49,055
Agricultural Implements		10,165
Grain on hand		49,925
Total personal		261,280

Mt Zion, O. M. Craig, assessor.

	No.	Value.
Horses	558	$32,080
Cattle	693	17,005
Mules and asses	91	6,175
Dogs	55	
Sheep	348	1,540
Hogs	919	5,400
Carriages and wagons	201	3,850
Watches and clocks	52	475
Sewing and knitting machines	66	690
Pianos	8	725
Organs	39	775
Agricultural Implements		6,150
Credits, bankers, etc		16,150
Grain on hand		40,150
Total personal		148,790

Long Creek, T. C. Buxton, assessor.

	No.	Value.
Horses	741	32,610
Cattle	1130	25,578
Mules and asses	98	5,190
Sheep	242	750
Dogs	98	
Hogs	1639	9,039
Carriages and wagons	378	5,762
Watches and clocks	103	428
Sewing and knitting machines	119	927
Pianos	7	495
Organs	54	868
Agricultural Implements		6 225
Money of bank, etc.		15,110
Money other than of bank		13,290
Grain on hand		23,756
Total personal		151,476

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address, F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

W. B. Buchanan, a colored graduate of the High school gave a dialect reading and lecture at the A. M. E. church on Friday night. There was a large audience and the lecture was much appreciated by the colored people.

Try the new remedy for costiveness, Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Every box guaranteed. Price 25 cents. For sale by all druggists.

Admiral Sampson's will admitted to probate. Estate valued at $18,000.

BIBLE REFERENCE

To Mountains That Belched Forth Fire and Lava

FURNISH INTERESTING STUDY

The recent eruptions of volcanoes in the island of Martinique and St. Vincent have awakened in the people a desire for research and study in references to the activity of mountains of this class. The bible makes frequent references to volcanoes as will be seen by the following references.

Deuteronomy, IV :11: "And ye came and stood under the mountain; and the mountain burned with fire unto the midst of heaven, with darkness, clouds, and thick darkness."

Judges V :5—"The mountain melted from before the Lord, even that Sinai before the Lord God of Israel."

Psalms CIV :32: —He looketh on the earth and it trembleth; he toucheth the hills and they smoke."

Psalms XCVII :5—"The hills melted like wax at the presence of the Lord, the Lord of the whole earth."

Micah I: 4. —"And the mountain shall be molten under him, and the valleys shall be cleft, as wax before the fire, and as the waters that are poured down a steep place."

Nahum I, 5-6 —"The mountains quake at him, and the hills melt, and the earth is burned in his presence, yea, the world, and all that dwells therein."

6.—"Who can stand before his indignation? and who can abide in the fierceness of his anger? his fury is poured out like fire, and the rocks are thrown down by him."

Jeremiah L; 25.—"Behold, I am against thee, O destroying mountain, saith the Lord, which destroyeth all of earth; and I will stretch out my hand upon thee, and roll thee down from the rocks, and will make thee a burnt mountain."

Isaiah XXXIII; 9-10—"And the streams therof shall be turned into pitch, and the dust thereof into brimstone, and the land thereof shall become burning pitch."

10.—"It shall be quenched night nor day; the smoke thereof shall go up forever; from generation to generation it shall lie waste; none shall pass through it forever and ever."

Isaiah XLIV; 1-3.—"Oh that thou wouldest rend the heaven, that thou wouldest come down, that the mountains might flow down at thy presence."

2.—As when the melting fire burneth, the fire causes the waters to boil, to make thy name known to thy adversaries, that the nations may tremble at thy presence!"

3.—When thou didst terrible things which we looked not for, thou camest down, the mountains flowed down at thy presence.

THE MILLIKIN UNIVERSITY

Received Much Attention at C. P. General Assembly

President A. R. Taylor and Rev. J. W. McDonald have returned from Springfield, Mo., where they attended the general assembly of the Cumberland Presbyterian church as delegates from Decatur presbytery. Mr. McDonald returned Friday evening, but President Taylor stopped in Lincoln to attend a meeting of the board of control of the local college.

They report a most successful meeting at the assembly which was the most largely attended in the history of the church. Rev. Mr McDonald was appointed on the committee on publications and Dr. Taylor was made chairman of the committee on education and was also appointed one of the delegates to the Pan-Presbyterian alliance meeting which is to be held at Liverpool, England in 1904.

A number of important matters came before the assembly and educational matters especially received a large share of attention. The Millikin university received its full share of discussion and the delegates found many persons who expressed an interest in the new university. An innovation in the appointment of the general committees occurred when a cabinet composed of a delegate from each state was selected to assist the moderator in this work. It was decided to institute a sort of national committee composed of a member from each state who should co-operate with the board of home missions. The assembly decided to meet next year at Nashville, Tenn., and the assembly will hereafter defray the cost of their entertainment in full. The Springfield Evening Record of date of May 21st prints a large cut of the university and a very good portrait of President Taylor.

Mrs. Taylor, who accompanied her husband, went on to Emporia, where she will visit her daughter, Mrs. A. S. Newman for two weeks. Dr. Taylor goes to Emporia next week to deliver the commencement address at the graduating exercises of the Kansas State Normal school on June 4th.

Highway Commissioners

The highway commissioners held their regular meeting Saturday afternoon at the office of Town Clerk Coltrin and allowed a number of bills. The clerk was instructed to write to the Indianapolis Iron Bridge company and inquire when they would be ready to begin the iron construction work on the Stevens Creek bridge. The other materials are on the ground and the commissioners are anxious to start the work, but they do not want to have the road cut off unnecessarily while they have to wait upon the bridge company.

Marriage Licenses

Chester Otto Tyre, Decatur........27
B Jeannette Dunn, Decatur........20
John B. Mertz, Decatur..........42
Ellen McArthur, Newman.........33
Michael Tyer, Decatur........legal age
Lillie Vista Keenan, Decatur..legal age
Elza Bula, LaPlace..............24
Anna Allbright, Decatur.........18

AN ENGINE'S TEST

Comparison of Work of American and English Made Machines

IS FAVORABLE TO LATTER

Acting under instructions from the British Foreign Office, Lord Cromer has sent in a report on the comparative merits of British, Belgian and American locomotives in Egypt, which is accompanied by technical observations by Major Johnston, President of the Railway Board, and T. H. Trevithick, Chief Engineer. That the report is an impartial one must be taken for granted, as the tests upon which it is based are signed by a representative of the Egyptain railroads, and also by a representative of the Baldwin Locomotive Works, the makers of the American engines. Between 1895 and 1897, the great increase in the length and traffic of the Egyptian railways made it urgently necessary to order some seventy new engines. Among the tenders presented was that of the Baldwin Works who offered twenty engines in twelve weeks. This was accepted, as were also tenders for fifty engines by one British and four Belgian firms.

The report is of the greatest interest first because of the evident fairness as stated above, of the tests and the impartiality of the report; and secondly, because it brings out very clearly both the advantages and disadvantages under which the locomotive industry of this country labors in its competition for foreign orders. The report is both favorable and unfavorable to the American locomotive. On the score of the cheap first cost and speed of delivery we are easily ahead of British builders, while on the score of economy of operation, the consumption of fuel, etc., the American locomotive design seems to be unable to compete with the English engines. On the question of price, where the tenders were based upon Egyptian standard designs and specifications, the figures stood thus: In one tender the British figure was $11,200 and the Baldwin $13,500; and on another tender the British price was $16-250, as against a tender of $17,875 from Baldwin. "On the other hand," Lord Cromer adds, "the Americans offered to supply engines differing in certain particulars from the Egyptian designs and specifications but which they hold to be of equal power and equally suitable to the work which had to be performed. Under these conditions the American prices fall respectively to $9,275 and $12,375. That is to say, 19 per cent below British figures. The reason for this great fall in price is sufficiently obvious; they were able to introduce their stock standards and to advance work continuously without being hampered by, to them, unknown and unnecessary conditions. It appears, however as in respect to the period required for the construction that the American manufacturers have had the greatest advantage. When British and American firms entered into competition, the former offered to complete the orders in forty-eight and ninety weeks, respectively. While the American offers, on the other hand, were for delivery in eighteen and thirty-five weeks if the Egyptian designs were followed, or in twelve to thirty weeks if certain changes in the designs were allowed."

In the competitive tests, however, the advantages lay decidely with the British engine. In the freight trials three British and two Baldwin engines competed, and each group made eight runs of 1,034 miles. The American engines hauled an average of fifty-four cars, weighing 760 tons and the British engines an average of fifty-seven cars, weighing 868 tons. Doing this work the American engines consumed 62 pounds of coal per mile, the British engines 49.4 pounds of coal per mile, while the American engines evaporated 7.78 pounds of water per pound of coal, and the British 9.1 pounds. Mr. Machesney, the Baldwin's representative, and Mr. Higginson, the English representative, both signed the log at the end of each run. The coal was weighed and put on the tender in the presence of the two representatives and what was left after the runs were completed, was also weighed in their presence. In the trials of the passenger engines nine runs were made by six American and two British engines, in which the average number of cars per train was thirteen and 1,345 miles was the distance run. In doing this work the American engines burned 46.3 pounds of coal per mile and evaporated 6.36 pounds of water per pound of coal, while the British engines burned 30.7 pounds of coal per mile and evaporated 8.2 pounds of water per pound of coal. The inferior efficiency shown by the American engines in these most interesting tests was certainly remarkable. Major Johnston attributes it to the following causes: Greater cylinder condensations, because of the greater exposure of the outside cylinders; increased twisting strains due to the outside cylinders; transverse strains on the coupling and connecting rods causing increased friction, due to the flexibility of the engine frame: increased friction due to the comparatively short eccentric rods and the use of intermediate rocking levers; whereas in the British type, the valve rod is directly attached to the expansion link. On the other hand, he points out the following advantages possessed by the American over the English type, and expresses surprise that they do not counterbalance more fully the disadvantages named: First the balance slide valves, which greatly reduce valve friction; and secondly, the more perfect regulation of the steam, owing to the elaborate rack sectors provided.

We think it is probable that the high efficiency of the English locomotive is to be found in this case rather in the boiler than in the engine; although no doubt the points in construction mentioned have an appreciable effect. The plate frame permits the use of a firebox five inches wider than can be built within the bar frame; while the copper firebox and brass tubes of the English engines undoubtedly serve as better conductors of the heat than the ordinary steel type.

These results coming so soon after the report given by the Midland Railway, in which a similar economy was shown by English over America) engines doing the same work, will attract considerable attention from locomotive builders in this country, and we would like to hear them give their own version of the great difference between the two types.

FREE SCHOLARSHIP

Blanks for the Examination May be Had of Superintendent Keller

Superintendent Keller has received from Alfred Bayliss, the state superintendent of public instruction, the advance circular relating to the examination for a scholarship in the state university. The scholarships are allotted one to each county and 17 extra to Cook county. They include the payment of all tuition in any of the undergraduate courses at the university for four years and are allotted by competitive examination.

The examination for Macon county will be held at Superintendent Keller's office on June 7th beginning at 8 a. m. The subjects embrace the usual high school course and a certain per cent is required in any case. It frequently happens that in some of the counties, especially Cook county, some scholarships will not be awarded and in such case they are allotted to those who have successfully passed the examination but failed to be first in their own county. Further details concerning the examination can be secured from Superintendent Keller.

Superintendent Keller last week visited the following schools: Oak Grove, Maroa, Middlesworth, Union Hall and Prairie Vale. These schools will close this week: Salem, May 27; Lake View, Christian and Zion, May 29. At Zion school there will be a program and picnic dinner.

The Big Gusher

Further word from Jennings states that after the flow from the Southern Oil company's well No. 3 was controlled it was turned into two settling tanks with a capacity of 1200 barrels each and filled them in a few minutes. The drillers are expecting the No. 4 well to come in any time and from all the indications in the way of gas and pressure it will probably be even stronger than the No. 3 well. It is proposed to drill the No. 2 well deeper with the purpose of making it a gusher like its sister wells.

Wayward Boy

The young Miller boy who last Saturday shot Will Wright in the shoulder with a target rifle, took a shot at a bunch of boys again last week. Mr. Wright made a trip to the farm on which the boy is working and found that he has no one to look after him. His mother is dead and his father is supposed to be in Indiana.

To Widow's Home

Arrangements have completed to secure the admission to the Soldiers' Widows' home at Wilmington, Ill., of Mrs. Elizabeth Carter, who has been at St. Mary's hospital for some time past under the care of the W. R. C. She will probably go soon.

Harry Morgan, who left here some months ago to go to Colorado, has secured a good position in the First National Bank in Denver. The bank is one of the largest financial institutions in the city and employs sixty-five men.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Imparts that peculiar lightness, sweetness and flavor noticed in the finest cake, biscuit, rolls, crusts, etc., which expert pastry cooks declare is unobtainable by the use of any other leavening agent.

Made from Pure, Grape Cream of Tartar.

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By using ST. JACOBS OIL for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Lameness, Stiffness of the Muscles, Soreness, and all aches and pains.

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READ THE LETTERS from our patrons and be convinced that you are dealing with a thoroughly reliable house.

BRISTOL, VT. I am very much pleased with my dishes, and will get up another order soon. Miss LULU BESAW.

NELSONVILLE, OHIO. Goods received to-day. My customers are all well pleased with their lamps. We have not seen such nice lamps here before. Will send another order in a few days. I am more than pleased with the mandolin. Mrs. AGNES HITCHINGS.

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K. P. MEMORIAL

First Sunday in June Selected as the Day for the Exercises

The three lodges of Knights of Pythias of this city have adopted the first Sunday in June as the day for their annual memorial services and will consequently observe next Sunday, June 1st, in that manner. All the lodges in the county have been invited to participate in the exercises and the knights will assemble Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock at Coeur de Leon Castle hall in the Powers building and, headed by the full Goodman Fourth Regiment band, march to Greenwood cemetery where the exercises will be held. Rev. ... W. Burnham has been selected to deliver the principal address and there will also be other speakers.

The exercises are in charge of a joint committee composed of three members from each of the three lodges.

Deeds Recorded

Eufy C. Moffett et al to John Lindquiss, lot 5 in block 2 in J. Smith's addition to Decatur; $1100.

C. A. Wilson to Elizabeth E. Wilson, lot 1 in Hammond's resurvey of block 1 in Robinson's addition to Decatur; $1.

Elizabeth E. Wilson to C. A. Wilson, lots 4, 5 and 6 in block in Wait & Co.'s addition to Decatur and lots 4, 5 and 6 in block 2 in Durfee, Warren & Co.'s first addition to Decatur; $1.

Huldah C. Conklin to C. N. Petersen, lot 3 in block 4 in North addition to Decatur, except 40 feet on the north side, $1300.

Ellen D. Metcalf to Mary B. Ditzler, one-quarter interest in lot 2 in block 1 in John Imboden's addition to Decatur; $750.

Savings Fund Building Association to Huldah C. Conklin, lot 3 in block 4 in North addition to Decatur, except 40 feet on the north side; $880.

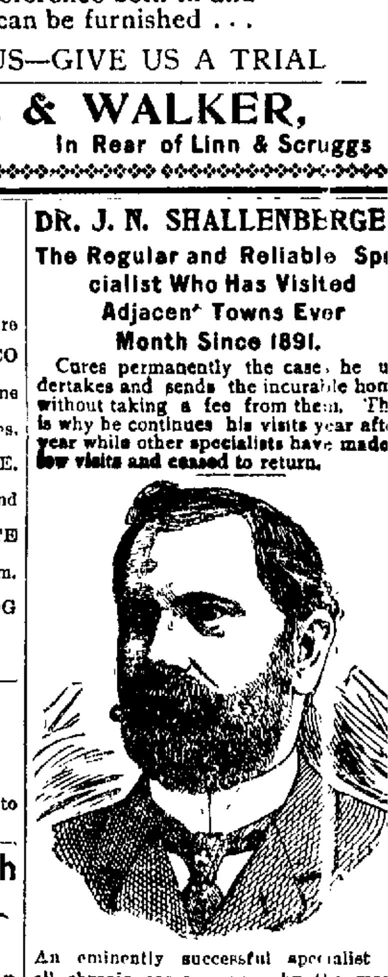
S. S. Jack, trustee, to W. T. Russell, lots 1 and 2 in block 1 in Durfee, Warren & Co.'s first addition to Decatur; $2215.

Rock Island railroad reduced time from Chicago to Omaha to eleven hours.

DR. J. N. SHALLENBERGER

The Regular and Reliable Specialist Who Has Visited Adjacent Towns Every Month Since 1891.

Cures permanently the cases he undertakes and sends the incurable home without taking a fee from them. This is why he continues his visits year after year while other specialists have made few visits and ceased to return.



An eminently successful specialist in all chronic cases, proven by the many cures effected in chronic cases, which had baffled the skill of all other physicians, will be at the

Decatur Hotel
JUNE 4, 1902.

(One day only) and return every 28 days. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 6:30 p. m.

Dr. Shallenberger's hospital experience and extensive practice has made him so proficient that he can name and locate a disease in a few moments.

He treats all curable cases of catarrh, nose, throat, and lung diseases, eye and ear, stomach, liver and kidneys, gravel, rheumatism, paralysis, neuralgia, nervous and heart diseases, blood and skin diseases, Bright's disease, and consumption in early stages, disease of bladder and female organs.

STAMMERING Cured and return prevented.

A never failing remedy for Big Neck.

Every case of PILES, FISTULAE and RUPTURE guaranteed cured without DETENTION FROM BUSINESS.

Sexual Weakness and Private Diseases a Specialty

Syphillis, Gonorrhoea, Stricture, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Seminal weakness, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Lost Manhood and the effects of Early Vice or Excess, producing Emissions, Debility, Dizziness, Defective Memory.

They are POSITIVELY CURED. No return of the trouble.

Wonderful Cures

Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures.
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CAVANAUGH CASE

Sues the Highway Commissioners to Recover the Value of a Cow

THE DECISION IS DEFERRED

In Justice O'Mara's court Monday Mike Cavanaugh sued Harve Mahan, Chas. Moffett and Henry Ammann to recover $85, which he claimed was the value of a cow alleged to have been killed by the negligence of the gentlemen aforesaid during the time that they constituted the board of highway commissioners.

According to Cavanaugh the commissioners opened a gravel bank in the pasture where Cavanaugh's cow was wont to roam, and that animal roamed over the edge and fell in, breaking her neck and otherwise fatally injuring her. Mr. Cavanaugh felt that the board should have erected a fence or put up warning placards and red lights at night, and as they had failed to do this he felt that they were responsible for the untimely end of the she bovine. The commissioners stated that they leased two acres from Mr. Good for the purpose of opening a gravel pit and that the pit did not need any fence to keep stock home and that the person responsible for the fatality was Jesse Cowgill, who leased the remainder of the land from Mr. Good and then sublet the pasturage to Cavanaugh and others.

The peculiar part of the proceedings is that Cavanaugh was pathmaster of that particular district and under the orders of the board opened up the gravel pit which caused all the trouble. He had the entire superintendence of the work and made all the arrangements.

The case was continued until Monday, June 2, to give opportunity for the attorneys to submit authorities.

Before Justice Smith yesterday two youngsters pleaded guilty to throwing rocks through a window belonging to Luther Dodson near the Jasper street school. The boys agreed to pay for the window and explained that the breakage was accidental. They were throwing at some other boys and the rock proved to be a sailer and didn't go where it was aimed. The justice fined them $1 and costs, the minimum fine provided by the city code, and they departed promising never to do it again.

Pete Smith, who has been out for a few days appeared before Justice Provost yesterday and got his usual prescription, thirty days. A bum who had a bad look about him will be kept ten days for investigation and another wayfarer was told to far forth lest worse things befall him.

AT SIMLA

Former Decatur Teacher Writes from India's Famous Summer Resort

Many persons will remember Miss Simms, who taught for a number of years in the public schools of this city. She went from here to Chicago where she took a special course at the Chicago university. While there she made the acquaintance of a gentleman who was later appointed to a professorship in the Indian university at Lahore, India. About two years ago Miss Simms went out to India where they were married. In a letter received by a friend in this city she says that they are spending the hot season at Simla, the famous summer resort of India. She gives an excellent description of that delightful place and encloses a photographic view of the town and valley below.

Progress at University

Work at The James Millikin University is proceeding rapidly. Half of the first floor joists and the rough flooring of the first floor have been put in place. The joists for the building are some of the finest sticks of timber that have ever come to Decatur. The joists are 3x14 inches and some are 28 feet long. The north wall of the Domestic Science building and the east wing of the main building are up to the level of the second floor. Several of the interior walls are also at that height and some second floor joists have been laid in the main building.

The intention is to get all the work up to the second story and then push a part of it to completion. The assembly hall will be left until last. Six more brick layers were put on Monday and a large force is now at work. Five cars of lumber and a car of lime arrived last week.

Brownlee is Released

Robert Brownlee was released from the county jail Friday. He is the Decatur man who occasioned a little ripple of excitement in Champaign about the first of May, when he was arrested at Danville and returned to this city to answer the charge preferred against him by Ed Trimmer, a Decatur railroad man. Brownlee was bound over to the grand jury by Justice Armstrong and sent to the county jail. After a few days an agreement was reached, whereby Brownlee was allowed to plead guilty in the county court and was sentenced to the county jail for a term of sixty days, of which he served about eight.

Brownlee left Friday night for Decatur, where, it is understood, Mr. and Mrs. Trimmer are living together after a short separation.—Champaign Times.

Births.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Lorton at their home, 559 Webster street, Monday, May 26th, twin son and daughter.

Cholera situation at Manila unchanged.

THE MARKETS

WHEAT STEADY

While July Corn Shows Considerable Strength

Chicago, May 26.—Wheat—Moderate business, largely local, the fluctuations covering 3-4 to 7-8c range. The feeling was a little mixed but the undertone on the whole was steady, the close showing July up 1-4c and September unchanged. The news at hand was of both sorts, but small receipts and decreasing supplies appeared to be the dominating influence. Cables were weak and spot Liverpool unchanged to 1-2d lower and futures 1-4 to 3-8c lower. Exports were 255,000 bushels and 30 boatloads were reported taken on the coast. Local receipts, 22 cars. The strength in corn was the life help.

Corn—Moderately active, the trade being largely local. The feature was the strength in July and weakness in September, the spread widening out to 2 3-4c. The final figures showed the former up 3-4 to 7-8c, and the latter little changed. Small receipts, decreasing stocks, firm cables, and better cash demand helped the nearby futures. May selling within 1-4c of July. The bull interests led in the buying and selling was scattered. Receipts, 95 cars. Liverpool spot was steady and futures 1-2 to 5-8d higher.

Oats—Slow with a narrow range and closed 1-4c lower on May, but unchanged for other months. A steady feeling prevailed early, but at the last it had a weak tone in sympathy with wheat. May was sold by the elevator interests and bought by shorts and although having 3-4c range, business was small.

THE PRICES.

Wheat—Moderate trade, undertone steady, closing with July up 1-4c. No. 2 red, 78 1-2 to 81 1-2c; No. 2 red, 78 1-2 to 81c; No. 2 hard, 75 1-2 to 76 1-2c; No. 3 hard, 75 to 76c; May, 74c. July opened, 73 1-8 to 73 3-8c; highest, 73 7-8 to 74c; lowest, 73 1-8c; closed, 73 5-8c.

Corn—Moderately active, stronger, closing higher. No. 3, 62 1-2 to 62 3-4c; No. 3 yellow, 63 1-4c. No. 4 62 1-4; May, 62 7-8c. July opened, 62 3-8c; highest, 63 1-4c; lowest, 62 1-4c; closed, 63 to 63 1-8c.

Oats—Quiet, steady, closing about unchanged. No. 2, 42 1-2 to 43 1-2c; No. 3, 42 to 42 1-2c; No. 2 white, 44 1-2 to 45c, No. 3 white, 44 to 44 3-4c; No. 4 white, 43 to 44c; May, 43c. July opened, 37 3-8c; highest, 37 1-2 to 37 5-8c; lowest, 37 3-8c; closed, 37 3-8c.

OTHER GRAINS.

Rye—May, 57 3-4c.

Barley—Cash, 68 to 72c.

Flax, $1.59 to $1.76.

Timothy—September, $4.55.

Clover—October, $8.35.

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, (bbls.)	15,000	11,000
Wheat, (bu.)	16,000	187,000
Corn, (bu.)	94,000	424,000
Oats, (bu.)	223,000	350,000

PROVISIONS.

Pork—May, $16.92; July, $16.97.

Lard—May, $10.10 to $10.12; July, same.

Ribs—May, $9.62; July, $9.52 to $9.55.

Short clears, $10.10 to $10.20.

PRODUCE.

Butter—Steady. Creameries, 18 to 21 1-2c; dairies 17 to 19c.

Eggs—Steady, 14 3-4 to 15c.

Poultry—Easy. Turkeys, 9 to 12c; chickens, 10 to 11c.

How Prices Fluctuated.

Following is the range of options, with yesterday's closing:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Clos.	Yes.
Wheat—					
May	73⅞	74⅛@¼	73⅞	74	73⅞
July	73⅛@¼	73⅞@¼	73⅛@⅛	73⅞@¼	73⅜
Sept	72⅝@¾	72¾	72⅝	72¾	72⅝
Corn—					
May	61⅞	62⅞	61⅞	62⅞	61⅞
July	62⅛	63¼	62⅛@⅜	61⅞	62¼
Sept	60⅜	60⅝	60⅛@⅜	60⅝	60¼
Oats—					
May	43	43	42¾	43	43½
July	35½	....	....	35½	34⅝
Sept	29¼	29⅝	29@¼	29@¼	29
Pork—					
May	17.00	17.00	16.92½	16.97½	17.07½
Lard—					
May	10.15	....	....	10.12½	10.17½
Ribs—					
May	9.57½	9.57½	9.52½	9.55@.62½	

New York Grain.

New York, May 26.—Wheat—Receipts, 28,000 bushels; exports, 89,000. Spot firm. No. 2, 87 3-4c; elevator; No. 2 red, 89 1-4c f. o. b. afloat. Options closed firm at 1-2 to 1c net advance. May, 89 1-4c; July, 79 3-4c.

Corn—Receipts, 3,000 bushels. Spot firm; No. 2, 71 3-4c elevator and 71 1-2c f. o. b. afloat. Options closed 1 1-8c net higher. May, 71c; July, 68 1-2c.

Oats—Receipts, 53,000 bushels. Spot steady; No. 2, 45 1-2 to 46c; No. 2 white, 50 1-2c; track mixed western, 47 to 48c; track white, 50 to 55c. Options generally firm, but quiet.

PRODUCE.

Butter—Firmer. Creamery, 22 to 22 1-2c.

Cheese—Weak. Large and small, 10 to 10 3-4c.

Eggs—Strong. Western, 17 to 18c.

Grain at Peoria

Peoria, May 26.—Corn—Higher. No. 3, 62 3-4c.

Oats—Firm. No. 2 white, 43 3-4c.

Wheat at Minneapolis

Minneapolis, May 26.—Wheat—May, 74 7-8c; July, 74 5-8c; September, 71 1-8 to 71 1-4c. On track, No. 1 hard, 78 3-8c; No. 1 northern, 75 7-8; No. 2 northern, 74 5-8c.

Grain at Liverpool.

Liverpool, May 26.—Wheat—Spot No. 1 northern spring, quiet, 6s 3 1-2d.

Corn—Spot quiet. American mixed, new, 5s 7 3-4d; American mixed, old, 5s 8 1-4d.

PRICES BREAK

Increased Supplies Knock Ten Cents Off Cattle and Hogs

Chicago, May 26.—Cattle—The supply has returned to normal proportions once more, so far as today's receipts are concerned, the arrivals amounting to about 21,000. This number exceeds general expectations and compared with 18,567 last Monday. There was fairly active general demand, but the increased supply made a weaker market and prices ruled weaker averaging ten lower except for choice shipping beeves.

Hogs—Expected receipts fell far behind the number that actually arrived here today, the run being about 46,000 against only 31,787 last Monday. With 5000 carried over from last week the aggregate supply was unusually heavy and buyers had things all their own way from the start to the finish. Prices broke ten to fifteen all along the line.

Sheep—About 18,000 received today against 17,593 last Monday. There was much better active demand this morning and prices ruled steady to ten to fifteen higher.

THE PRICES.

Cattle—receipts 21,000, market ten lower good to prime, $7 to $7.50; poor to medium, $5 to $6.70; stockers $2.75 to $5.20; cows, $1.50 to $6; Texans, $5.50 to $6.75.

Hogs—Receipts 46,000, market ten to 15 lower. Mixed butchers, $6.20 to $7.10; good choice heavy $7.05 to $7.15; rough heavy, $6.80 to $7; light, $6.70 to $6.85; bulk sales, $6.90 to $7.10.

Sheep—Receipts 15,000, sheep strong, $4.75 to $6.15; lambs, strong, $5 to $6.90.

Live Stock at St. Louis

St. Louis, May 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000 head. Market steady to shade lower. Beef steers, $4 to $5.40; stockers and feeders, $3.20 to $4.55; cows and heifers, $2.25 to $6.30; Texas steers, $3.50 to $6.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 4,000 head. Market 5 to 10c lower. Range, 6.65 to 7.22½.

Decatur Markets.

Wholesale Prices

Lemons, 300 size	$3.50	to	$4.00
Apples (per barrel)	3.50	to	6.00
Northern potatoes, bu.	1.10	to	1.15
Strawberries	2.25	to	3.00
Cabbage, per lb.	.01½	to	.02
Bananas, bunch	.75	to	2.00
Onions, bu.	1.75	to	2.00
Cranberries, per bbl.	7.00	to	7.50
Oranges, California navels, per box	3.50	to	4.00

PAID BY GROCERS.

Butter	.23	to	.27
Eggs	.11	to	.13
Lard, country	.11	to	.12

POULTRY—LIVE WEIGHT.

Hens	.08	to	
Springs	.17	to	
Cocks	.03	to	
Ducks	.07	to	
Turkeys	.06	to	.08
Geese	.04	to	
Eggs, fair demand at	.12	to	

GRAIN.

White corn	.60	to
Mixed corn	.60	to
Wheat, soft	.75	to
Oats, white	.39	to
Oats, mixed	.38	to
Rye	.50	to

HAY AND STRAW.

Timothy, per cwt	.75	to	.80
Clover, per cwt	.60	to	.65
Wheat straw, per cwt	.40	to	
Oats straw, per cwt	.50	to	
Threshed timothy, per cwt	.50	to	

WHOLESALE HAY AND STRAW.

Timothy hay, per ton	$11.00	to	13.00
Wheat straw, per ton	4.00	to	5.00
Oats straw, per ton	6.00	to	6.50
Shredded fodder	6.00	to	8.00

FEED.
RETAIL PRICES.

Oats	.50	to	.55
Corn	.70	to	.75
Linseed oil meal, cwt	1.75	to	2.00

There also seems to be an eruption on the island of Hayti, the president of the negro republic having been thrown up. The displeasure of the people of Hayti was expressed by a continuous firing in the streets of Port au Prince for three hours, at the conclusion of which it was found that the only plate glass window in the place was perforated and a dog had perished. Gen. de Fly was compelled to do so, and barricaded himself behind molasses barrels and cracker boxes in the back yard of the palace. The provisional government has disappeared, probably out looking for more provisions. The minister of agriculture answered the fire of the enemies of the administration with a volley of his reports. The late President Sam was escorted to a steamer by the American, French and German ministers, who parted with him with as much haste as comported with the dignity of their positions, and the new president will be installed in office as soon as the supply of ammunition on the island has been fired off. In Hayti, when they desire a new president, they have a sort of Fourth of July celebration and stir up such a racket that the incumbent resigns and leaves the country. It affords amusement and excitement to the people and nobody gets hurt. In the matter of doing away with formality and red tape it has an advantage over the methods employed in the United States. All republics do not necessarily have to be conducted alike. Some people may prefer the American way, some the Haytian. The latter is the least expensive, as it costs nothing for campaign literature, brass bands and flambeau clubs. The only expenditure is for a little gunpowder.

Virulent Cancer Cured

Startling proof of a wonderful advance in medicine is given by druggist G. W. Roberts, of Elizabeth, W. Va. An old man there had long suffered with what good doctors pronounced incurable cancer. They believed his case hopeless until he used Electric Bitters and applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which treatment completely cured him. When Electric Bitters are used to expel bilious, kidney and microbe poisons at the same time this salve exerts its matchless healing power, blood disease, skin eruptions, ulcers and sores vanish. Bitters 50c. Salve 25c, at the drug stores of John E. King, McNier & Horrall and N. L. Krone.

Fagged Out

I want to let go,
To drop the whole thing,
The worries, the frets,
The sorrows, the sins,
Just to let myself down
On the bed or the ground—
Anywhere, so it's down—
And let myself go.

And the folks? I don't care.
And my business? The same.
Hell and Heavens? Too tired.

I want to forget,
And I don't want to say
What I want to forget.
And I don't want to think,
Just to let down my nerves,
Just to smooth out my brain,
Just to sleep. And that's all.

Please let me alone
With your pillows and things;
'Tisn't that that I want,
Nor a doctor, nor folks,
I just want to let go,
O, I want to let go.

—Amos R. Wells, in Lippincott's Magazine.

WEDDINGS

One of the early June weddings will be that of Miss Martha Hindrian, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August Hindrian, of 551 North Lee street, and F. W. Loshiaski. The ceremony will be held at the St. John's German Lutheran church at 7:30 o'clock Saturday evening, June 7. A reception will be held at the home of the bride's parents at 8:30.

KOPETZ-LEIPSKI.

The wedding of Miss Marie Leipski and William Kopetz will be held from the St. Johannes' church on Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. After the ceremony there will be a reception at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Leipski, at 1446 East Orchard street. Nearly 100 invitations have been issued for the reception.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

SPRAINED ANKLE.

Mrs. Abby Gasaway fell and badly sprained her ankle Saturday. She was taken to her home, 378 South Webster and medical attention was given.

AMITY DANCE.

The Amity dancing club will open the season on Thursday night at Fairlawn park, with the full band in attendance. All the Amity boys and their friends will be present. Nearly 100 are scheduled for the dance.

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Cumberland Presbyterian church will give an ice cream and strawberry social in the basement of the church this evening. Delicious fruits and a merry time is promised to all who attend.

A LECTURE.

William Buchanan, who has the degree of A. B. from the University of Nashville, Tenn., will lecture at the Antioch Baptist church, Thursday evening, May 29.

WESLEY CHAPEL.

Epworth League will hold a social at the residence of Glen Snyder, 240 E. Bradford street, this evening, May 27. Ice cream and cake will be served. An elaborate program has been prepared and a pleasant time is assured to all who may come.

POSTPONED.

On account of the heavy rain last Thursday the Woman's Home Missionary Society of Grace M. E. church was postponed one week and will meet this (Tuesday) afternoon at 2:30 at the home of Mrs. C. J. Freeman, 1401 North Water street. Every member urged to be present and all visitors are welcome. Those on the program for last week are expected to be prepared to fill the same place at this meeting.

AT PANA.

Fraternal Army will hold a celebration Fourth of July at Pana. Christian county is the home of the Order, and great preparations are being made to make the celebration a large affair. The picnic association includes all of Illinois south of Decatur.

WON HIM FAME.

Attorney Alex McIntosh, of this city is in receipt of a copy of The Examiner, a legal paper published at Omaha, the first page containing a large picture of Attorney J. H. McIntosh. Recently he won a tax case in that city similar to that of the Chicago teachers in Illinois. Arrayed against him were five of the greatest corporation lawyers of Omaha, some of them men of national reputation. On Thursday Mr. McIntosh will be the guest of honor at a big banquet in Omaha.

NEW ELECTRIC MACHINE.

Dr. E. J. Brown has just placed in position in his office a Wagner mica plate static electric machine. The machine, which is the largest of its kind in the city, has eight plates and will be used for X-ray work and treatments.

HE FOUND IT.

Fred Witt, who was arrested the other day charged with burglarizing the Wabash box cars, says that the sack of goods recovered was found by him near the dump. It is also stated that the officers did not search the residence but that the sack was given to them by Mrs. Witt when they called at the house.

Filthy Temples in India

Sacred cows often defile Indian temples, but worse yet is a body that's polluted by constipation. Don't permit it. Cleanse your system with Dr. King's New Life Pills and avoid untold misery. They give lively livers, active bowels, good digestion, fine appetite. Only 25c, at the drug stores of John E. King, McNier & Horrall and N. L. Krone.

Grand Duke Boris, first cousin to czar, to visit the United States.

M. Waldeck-Rousseau, premier of France, will resign.

WASH GOODS DIRECT FROM THE MILLS.

We have placed on sale 450 pieces of New Wash Goods bought under value. The Lot consists of Dimities, Batists, and Organdies, and will be offered in seven lots as follows:

LOT 1.
A Solid box of 27 inch Batiste in choice printed patterns, at 6¼ cts yd

LOT 2.
A solid box of 27 inch Dimities, printed on white grounds in all the standard shades at .... 7cts yd

LOT 3.
A solid box of 50 pieces of stripped Dimities in very new designs at..8⅓ yd

LOT 4.
A solid box of 30 inch Printed Dimities on colored grounds in handsome patterns at .... 10c yard

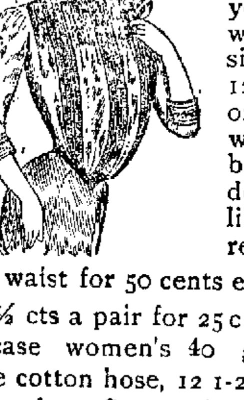
LOT 5.
A solid case of 30 inch Batiste printed on colored ground at .... 10c yd

LOT 6.
One box of 31 inch printed Organdie, these are exactly the same grade that sold last season at 25c, this lot at .... 12½c yd

LOT 7.
Fine Dimities in Lace Striped patterns all the new colorings at.......15c yd

Shirt Waist Suits

A beautiful new lot of stylish wash suits, white linen lawn suits, grass linen suits. Fine Irish Dimity suits $3.95 to $10.00 each. Women's shirt waists at 19 cents, a little lot of Percale and Gingham shirt waists that we carried over from last year, slightly soiled and mussed from handling, about three dozen in the lot, 19 cents each, were $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.



50 cents each for $1.00 Shirt Waists.

10 doz white lawn shirt waist yoke trimmed with swiss insersion.

12 doz light colored dimity shirt waists, pleated back and front, deep cuffs, a full line of sizes, a regular $1.00 shirt waist for 50 cents each.

12½ cts a pair for 25c Hose.

1 case women's 40 gauge regular made cotton hose, 12 1-2c a pair.

$1.50 for a $2.00 colored silk umbrella, made on best rod and handle, silk case, silk cord and tassel to match, 26 in. Navy Garnet, Green and Brown, $1.50 each worth $2:00.

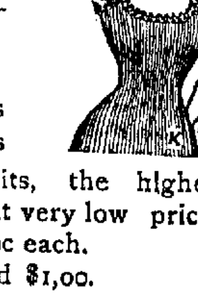
Stylish Street Dress

$3.50, worth $5.00. Unlined medium weight melton cloth, two styles, one made with ten inch flare, the other made with deep graduated flounce. Oxford and light gray, $3.50. Worth $5.00.

Unlined Dress Skirts

$5.00, worth $7.00. Light weight all wool Scotch tweed dress skirts unlined, made with deep graduated flounce, the cloth is worth $1.50 a yard, full line of sizes, $5.00 each.

Knit Underwear



Women's Swiss ribbed vests, very fine thread, 12 1-2c each.

Mercerised cotton vests in several styles, soft as silk.

22 CTS. EACH

Forest Mills Swiss ribbed Vests, pants and combination suits, the highest grade of knit goods at very low prices.

Vests and pants 50c each.

Union Suits 75c and $1,00.

1500 MILL REMNANTS OF RIBBONS

Perfect goods, all widths, all colors and all prices, from 5 cents to 35 cents yard. Every yard offered at manufacturer's price on regular goods—lengths run from 2½ to 6 yards each.

Bradley Bros
DRY GOODS & MILLINERY
Decatur, Ill.

MT. ZION.

G. C. Outten visited with friends in LaPlace on Sunday evening.

Lawt Downey of Decatur visited his parents last Sunday.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Will Smith, south of town, May 12, a son.

Miss Anna Hires of Decatur spent Sunday with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Coyle, Mrs. C. M. Fletcher and Albert Jones attended the gold medal contest at Lake City last Saturday night.

Mrs. Flaudie Abel is visiting relatives in Mattoon.

Miss Landis of Decatur visited with Miss May Ray last Sunday.

Mrs. Thomas is visiting with her son, Charles, near Prairie Hall. He is very sick.

E. S. Ulery has purchased a new gasoline launch and placed it on his big fish pond, north of his residence. It was started Sunday with twelve passengers.

May 26.

LAKE CITY.

Bert Springer and wife were Decatur visitors Monday.

Miss Nora Wilson of Argenta spent Sunday with Lottie Wininger.

Cecil Clifton of Argenta will visit John Hanks for a couple of weeks.

B. C. Ham and wife were Decatur visitors Tuesday.

A party was held at W. H. Dickson Tuesday in behalf of E. M. Redfern, who leaves for Washington next Monday.

Miss Mollie Hinze of Mt. Zion is visiting James Morrison and family.

Miss Nora Lovejoy visited in Decatur over Sunday.

Stella Myers was a Lovington visitor Wednesday.

H. D. Patton of Bloomington gave a temperance lecture at the M. E. church Wednesday night.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. James Foster, May 17th, a daughter.

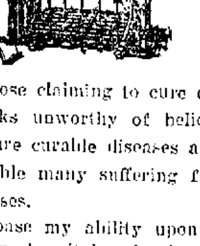
Born—To Robert Glenn and wife, May 24th, a son.

R. T. Lee and wife, Levi Ault, James Foster, John Brown and wife, Mose Sherman, Charles Dickson and William Smith were Decatur visitors Saturday.

May 26.

Mrs. Carleton King of Litchfield is spending a week with relatives in this city.

Subscribe for The Herald.



TRUTH

In a Nutshell.

NOT ALL DISEASES CAN BE CURED.

Those claiming to cure everything are quacks unworthy of belief. I profess to cure curable diseases and make comfortable many suffering from incurable diseases.

I base my ability upon: (1) The extensive hospital and private practice experience; (2) am a graduate of four colleges and practice four systems—viz.: OSTEOPATHY, MEDICINE, ELECTRICITY and BATH-DIET SYSTEMS; (3) I have spent a small fortune in buying secret systems which are eminent successes; (4) my office is one of the best equipped in the state; have one of the largest and best static X-ray machines made; best German microscope made; and all other up-to-date appliances. Inspect other physicians' equipment and see if I suffer by comparison.

By skilled attainments in these different systems I have been able to restore hundreds that could not have been otherwise. Ask my patients as to my curative ability. Four years' residence in Decatur. If you have a stubborn, chronic case, allow me to diagnose it.

I have bought several famous secret systems in European cities and can absolutely guarantee to CURE Rupture, Goitre, Piles, and many Facial Blemishes, Morphine, Liquor and Tobacco Habits. Ask some of those happily freed from these slavish vices. Space forbids enumeration of diseases but I venture the statement that if you consult me you'll never regret it.

If you have Bladder, Kidney, Stomach, Spinal, Rheumatism, Blood or Nervous Diseases, and want a cure, I am the doctor you are looking for.

LOSS OF MANLY VIGOR and LOSSES cured, and not simply temporarily stimulated. Throw away belts and free samples that at best only temporarily stimulate you and aggravate the real condition.

I guarantee to cure most cancers and remove superfluous hair and many facial blemishes.

Outside patients please write. Free consultation and X-ray examination.

LADY ATTENDANT.

Both phones. Open at nights. Exclusive suites, 406-428 Powers building.

B. F. SLUSHER, M. E. Ph. G. M. D.

TUESDA[Y]

Care[...]

Harvey Marion [...] mander of the Illi[...] R., who resides [...] born near Wilmin[gton ...] ty, Ohio, January [...] name was Mathew [...] ther's name was [...] family home was [...] Illinois, and loca[ted ...] Princeton, in Bure[au ...] tober 25, 1843, a[...] til 1867 when it w[...] ton.

The subject of th[...] son. He has two [...] younger than hims[elf ...] obtained in the co[...] ment by a partial [...] lege, Illinois. He q[...] army.

While executing [...] his commanding o[...] while on a scout, [...] the enemy, near [...] and remained a p[...] being released on [...] was the twenty-fi[...] birth. He rejoined [...] 1863, near Memph[is ...]

During the entir[e ...] he was on every [...] ten miles, when h[...] in every battle a[...] the command part[...]

In August, 186[...]

SENATORIAL [...]

There Are Only T[...] Being [...]

A writer in the [...] claims to know wh[...] rays the popular [...] wealth of United [...] greatly exaggerate[d ...] dozen members o[...] millionaires or bet[...] approximate posse[...] lows below

William Clark, M[...]
Thomas Kearns, [...]
John Kean, New [...]
James McMillan, [...]
S. B. Elkins, Wes[...]
John Dryden, Ne[...]
Redfield Proctor, [...]
George Peabody W[...] Island [...]
Nelson W. Aldrich [...] Island [...]
Marcus A. Hanna [...]
Chauncey M. Dep[ew ...] York [...]
Eugene Hale, Ma[...]

If the popular i[...] ed this list would [...] ed. It would inclu[de ...] setts, Jones and S[...] nanza kings, Pla[...] banks of Indiana. [...] men not necessa[rily ...] lion dollars or mo[...] proaching that su[...] rates Stewart and [...] who are comforta[...] considerable incom[e ...] property, but as a[...] ators in the class [...] ior Senator from [...] Maine, Vest and [...] and most of the Se[...] were at one tim[e ...] their ups and dow[ns ...] to be down. Mr. [...] sess a "modest for[tune" ...] less true of fortun[...] but a few years [...] gies, Rockefellers, [...] new standards of [...] have been called [...] Spooner of Wisco[nsin ...] $250,000, and to h[...] he is classed amo[ng ...] rich, but just co[...] the New England [...] been named. Dilli[ngham ...] Burnham of New [...] as "comfortable," [...] of Connecticut an[...] Hampshire along [...] achusetts and Fry[e ...] ed as poor, or dep[...] atorial salaries an[...] pick up in their [...] along. Of the twe[...] in March last o[...] millionaires and [...] this fact reveals [...] Senate with rich [...] Republican[...]

Her Mothe[r ...]

Coakley—So you [...] ing, eh? H[o]w do [...]

Joakley—Oh, the[...] of-pearl ab[o]ut it.

Coakley—You d[...] the house ornar[...]

Joakley—Ornam[ental ...] not. My wife's na[...] Philadelphia Pres[s]

ALDERMAN [...]

Goes Into Jewelry [...] Will Open [...]

After having be[en ...] Peake & Son for [...] and doing most [...] of those years, y[...] at 149 East Main [...] the Philip[...] acknowledg[...] fact [...] stands for [...] watch repairer an[...] of Decatur. To [...] old-time customer[s ...] cordial welcome [...] patronage of th[...] customers he asks [...] trial, guaranteeing [...] no more for good[s ...] it does for inferi[or ...] will also carry [...] clocks and jewel[ry ...] markably low pri[ces ...] goods. His motto [...] and honest goods [...]

NewspaperARCHIVE®

NewspaperARCHIVE®

MILLS.

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Dress

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50. Worth

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CAN BE CURED.

ANY VIGOR and

please write free
examination.

ANT.

G. M. D.

Career Of New G. A. R. Commander

Alike Honorable In War And Peace

Harvey Marion Trimble, the new commander of the Illinois Department G. A. R., who resides at Princeton, Ill., was born near Wilmington, in Clinton county, Ohio, January 27, 1842. His father's name was Mathew Trimble and his mother's name was Lydia Thatcher. The family home was removed from Ohio to Illinois, and located on a farm near Princeton, in Bureau county, Illinois, October 25, 1843, and remained there until 1867 when it was changed to Princeton.

The subject of this sketch was the sixth son. He has two sisters and one brother younger than himself. His education was obtained in the common schools, supplement by a partial course in Eureka college, Illinois. He quit college to enter the army.

While executing orders received from his commanding officer, on Jan. 13, 1863, while on a scout, he was captured by the enemy, near Ridgeway, Tennessee, and remained a prisoner fourteen days, being released on Jan. 27, 1863, which was the twenty-first anniversary of his birth. He rejoined the regiment Jan. 30, 1863, near Memphis, Tenn.

During the entire period of his service he was on every march, (except about ten miles, when he was a prisoner) and in every battle and skirmish in which the command participated.

In August, 1863, Col. Putnam recommended him to the governor of Illinois for promotion to a captaincy. He had no intimation of the recommendation until several days had elapsed after promotion and so wrote to Governor Yates and the commission was not issued.

On his return in the employ of the clerk of the circuit court he arranged and indexed all the cases previously disposed of in that court.

Dec. 4, 1865 he was appointed deputy clerk of the circuit court of Bureau county, and served in that capacity until Nov. 20, 1867 when he resigned.

Oct. 9, 1866 he was married to Miss Margaret S. Dakin. They have five sons, viz., Winifred K., Cairo A., Robert C., Harvey D., and Perry D., and three grandchildren, viz.: Winifred E., Margaret V., and Cairo W., children of the three oldest sons, respectively.

Immediately after the close of the war he resumed the study of law, and was admitted to the bar, licensed as an attorney and counselor of law Nov. 20, 1867, and has been in regular practice continuously ever since, at Princeton.

He was master in chancery of the circuit court of Bureau county by successive appointments, made by Judge Edwin S. Leland, from April 1, 1868 until Dec. 26, 1877, at which latter date his resignation of the office,dated Dec. 3, 1877, was accepted.

He was four times elected county judge of Bureau county, towit, Nov. 7, 1882, Nov. 2, 1886 and Nov. 6, 1894. He was commissioned as county judge, Dec. 1, 1877, to date from Dec. 3, 1877 and Dec. 1, 1882, and Dec. 6, 1886, to date from then, and Nov. 21, 1894, to date from Dec. 3, 1894. He served continuously as county judge from Dec. 3, 1877 until Dec. 4, 1890, and again from Dec. 3 1894. until June 18, 1897. He resigned the office June 8, 1897, and the resignation became effective June 18, 1897, when he was commissioned as circuit judge.

He was elected president of the Bureau County Soldiers' association at the date of its organization on July 8, 1896, and re-elected, at the first annual reunion, Oct. 15, 1896, for the term of one year.

He was elected commander of Ferris post No. 309, Grand Army of the Republic, department of Illinois located at Princeton Dec. 9, 1896, and was installed Jan. 13, 1897, (just thirty-four years after he was captured by the Confederates), for the term of one year.

June 7, 1897, he was elected circuit judge in the Thirteenth judicial circuit of Illinois, composed of the counties of Bureau, La Salle and Grundy. He was commissioned as circuit judge June 18th, 1897, for the term of six years and took the oath of office on that day.

SENATORIAL MILLIONAIRES

There Are Only Twelve, Montana Clark Being the Richest

A writer in the New York Sun, who claims to know what he is talking about, says the popular impression as to the wealth of United States Senators is greatly exaggerated. He can name but a dozen members of the Senate who are millionaires or better and they and their approximate possessions are given as follows below:

William Clark, Montana	$25,000,000
Thomas Kearns, Utah	10,000,000
John Kean, New Jersey	1,000,000
James McMillan, Michigan	5,000,000
S. B. Elkins, West Virginia	1,000,000
John Dryden, New Jersey	5,000,000
Redfield Proctor, Vermont	3,000,000
George Peabody Wetmore, Rhode Island	2,000,000
Nelson W. Aldrich, Rhode Island	2,000,000
Marcus A. Hanna, Ohio	2,000,000
Chauncey M. Depew, New York	2,000,000
Eugene Hale, Maine	1,000,000

If the popular impression were consulted this list would be considerably extended. It would include Lodge of Massachusetts, Jones and Stewart of Nevada (bonanza kings), Platt of New York, Fairbanks of Indiana, and a number of others—men not necessarily quite worth a million dollars or more, but an amount approaching that sum. But this authority rates Stewart and Jones not among those who are comfortably situated or have considerable incomes from accumulated property, but as among the poorest Senators in the class which includes the senior Senator from Massachusetts, Frye of Maine, Vest and Cockerell of Missouri, and most of the Southern Senators. They were at one time rich, but have had their ups and downs, and are now said to be down. Mr. Lodge is said to possess a "modest fortune", which is doubtless true as fortunes are spoken of today but a few years ago, before the Carnegies, Rockefellers, and Morgans had set new standards of measurement he would have ben called a rich man. Senator Spooner of Wisconsin is said to have $250,000, and to be satisfied with it. but he is classed among those who are not rich, but just comfortably well off. Of the New England Senators who have not been named, Dillingham of Vermont and Burnham of New Hampshire are classed as "comfortable," and Hawley and Platt, of Connecticut and Gallinger of New Hampshire, along with Hoar of Massachusetts and Frye of Maine, are classed as poor, or dependent upon their Senatorial salaries and what little they can pick up in their profession as they go along. Of the twenty-five senators sworn in March 4 last only three are rated as millionaires, and it is contended that this fact reveals no tendency to fill the Senate with rich men. Springfield (Mass) Republican.

Her Mother Was There

Coakley—So you've gone to housekeeping, eh? How do you like your house?

Joakley—Oh, there's too much mother-in-pearl about it.

Coakley—You don't mean to say that the house is ornamented with it?

Joakley—Ornamented? I should say not. My wife's name is Pearl, that's all. Philadelphia Press.

ALDERMAN W. T. PEAKE

Goes into Jewelry Business for Himself—Will Open Monday Morning

After having been with the old firm of Peake & Son for the past eighteen years and doing most of the repair work all of those years, you will now find him at 119 East main street, on one side of the Phillips music store, it being an acknowledge fact that W. T. Peake stands today preeminently the best watch repairer and engraver in the city of Decatur. To his many friends and old-time customers he extends them a cordial welcome and asks for the same patronage as of the past and to all new customers he asks simply to be given a trial, guaranteeing them that it costs no more for good, first class work than it does for inferior work. Mr. Peake will also carry a line of watches, clocks and jewelry and will make remarkably low prices on all this line of goods. His motto will ever be good work and honest goods at reasonable prices.

GAVE SAGE A FRIGHT

Man Allowed to Hold a Million Dollars Started to Leave with it

There was unwonted excitement in Russell Sage's office one day last week. A sometime reporter, now a stock broker, who has not yet begun to handle millions, had some business with Mr. Sage. When he was through he said:

"Mr. Sage, let me handle a million dollars, I'd like to experience the sensation of holding so much money."

The veteran financier was in a complaint mood. He handed out a package of $1,000 bills, and enjoyed watching the young man fondle the paper representation of wealth.

"Thank you," at length remarked the young man, who is somewhat of a practical joker, as he rolled the bundle up in a newspaper and took up his hat.

"Hold up! Stop!" shrieked Mr. Sage, touching a bell button, and in an instant the office was swarming with Mr. Sage's employes.

"I have had the pleasure of handling a million," said the young man, laying down the package, "and you have the anxiety of keeping it."

"Yes, yes," said Mr. Sage, still somewhat nervous, "but it is a pleasurable anxiety," he added.—New York Press.

COURT WAS POWERLESS

To Punish Mike Purcell as He Deserved—Was Fined $25

Saturday Judge W. L. Hammer fined Mike Purcell $25 and costs on a plea of guilty to the charge of assault and battery. Mike had no money to pay a fine and went to the county jail.

Judge Hammer said he regretted that he could not punish the prisoner as he deserved. Under the law nothing more than a fine can be imposed for assault and battery and while the offense was an aggravated one Mike was liable only to a fine. In his case a fine of $$25 will no doubt keep him in jail as long as would a fine of $100 so that in reality he has most likely been sentenced to ninety days in jail.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Lightning struck Levi Baughman's barn Tuesday afternoon and killed a fine young stallion. Charles Baughman was in the barn at the time, but was not injured in the least. The damage to the barn was slight.—Blue Mound Leader.

WILL BRING FATHER'S BODY

Rev. W. C. Roach, the assistant pastor of the First Baptist church, will arrive on Tuesday and begin his work here. Next Sunday Mr. Roach will bring his father's body with him and it will be interred here. He died some months ago.

MEMORIAL DAY ORATOR.

Dr. J. M. Blythe, committee on speaker for Memorial day, has secured the services of Alexx McIntosh as orator for that day. The reputation of Mr. McIntosh as a speaker is assurance the subject will be well handled.

Biliousness is a condition characterized by a disturbance of the digestive organs. The stomach is debilitated, the liver torpid, the bowels constipated. There is a loathing of food, pains in the bowels, dizziness, coated tongue and vomiting, first of the undigested or partly digested food and then of bile. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets allay the disturbances of the stomach and create a healthy appetite. They also tone up the liver to a healthy action and regulate the bowels. Try them and you are certain to be much pleased with the result. For sale by all druggists.

Wait on Material

About fifty of the molders at the Sattley foundry were idle Saturday afternoon. They were from the malleable iron department and were waiting the arrival of material. That branch of the foundry will resume operations as soon as the delayed shipments of iron reach Decatur.

Scarlet Fever

A case of scarlet fever was reported at the residence of Harry Henry on South Main street on Saturday.

Four persons killed in wreck of St. Louis flyer at Lincoln, Neb.

BEAUTIFUL BUGS

Butterflies, Birds, Reptiles and Other Specimens on Exhibition

AT STEWART DRY GOODS CO

The finest private collection of specimens orinthological, entomological, reptillan and mammalian that exists in the United States is now on exhibition at the Stewart Dry Goods company on North Water street.

It is called "Scientific Wonderland" by the owner, Professor Theodore A. Scharr, who is here with his son, Carl A. Schurr, in personal charge of the exhibit, and never was a title more appropriately applied. This wonderful collection was gathered from all quarters of the globe and its founder, Professor Schurr, has worked on this museum for fifty years and for him it has been a labor of love.

The Stewart Dry Goods company, the progressive firm which has brought this elaborate exhibit to this city, has taken this as one method of showing their appreceation of the favors accorded them by the public in the past. Commencing Monday the collection will be on exhibition and there will be no charge of any kind. Everyone is invited to view it. All persons in this vicinity, especially school teachers and children, and those interested in the sciences, are cordially invited to visit this display.

Among the 70,000 specimens which go to make up this marvellous collection only a few of the beautiful, wonderful and instructive exhibits can be mentioned. Beetles of every form and shape fill one case and among 300 gems of coleoptera mounted in the case shine forth three exquisite diamond beetles. There are huge working ants from the tropics, Egyptian locusts and hercules beetles.

The evolution of the gypsy moth is minutely shown. This is the foe of the farmers and the legislature of Massachusetts has spent immense sums in seeking means for its destruction.

Several thousand exquisitely mounted specimens of the rarer and more beautiful species of the feathered tribe are shown, while the exhibit of snakes, lizards, spiders, scorpions and of squirrels, monkeys, gophers, minks, ermines and armadillos is exhaustive and all are mounted in an interesting and natural manner.

GENERAL FITZHUGH LEE

Has Been Secured as a Speaker at the Chautauqua

J. A. Montgomery, superintendent of the Decatur Chautauqua association, has closed a contract with General Fitzhugh Lee to speak at the meeting on the afternoon of Saturday, July 26th.

General Fitzhugh Lee has a national reputation in connection with Cuban affairs during the last four or five years. He is a nephew of the great confederate General Robert E. Lee and himself fought under the stars and bars. But notwithstanding he and General Joseph Wheeler were the first to be appointed by McKinley to command the volunteers in the Spanish-American war.

At the time the war broke he had been consul at Havana and after peace was declared he served for a time as military governor. He is in great demand the committee are much pleased to have secured him.

Going Camping

A number of the students of the Brown's Business college will camp today at Petzer's lake. They will meet at the transfer house at 8 o'clock. Hacks will convey the party to the lake. The party will be composed of George Kraft, Warren Williams, Harry Johnson, Roy Burley, J. C. Gladfelter, H. Gardner, George Hall, Miss Nora Hardy, Miss Ora Montgomery, Miss May Smeltzer, Miss Desdemona Richardson, Miss Bessie Wills, Miss Constant Lee.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

CALIFORNIA WON

Defeating Princeton Team in a Closely Contested Track and Field Meet

YALE DEFEATED BY HARVARD

In Both of the Meetings the College Athletes Made Splendid Showings

Princeton, N. J., May 24.—The University of California defeated the Princeton track team in a dual meet today, 7 to 6, California having much the best of the meet in sprints and hurdles, Princeton showing up strongly in the distance and field events. The surprise and big feature of the day was the defeat of Plaw of California by Dewett in the hammer throw. On the first throw Dewett swung the 16-pound hammer 164 feet and 4 1-2 inches. That broke the intercollegiate record by about 10 feet and proved to be the winning throw. Plaw made 157 feet and 4 1-2 inches.

The next most exciting events were the one-mile run, which was won by Williams of Princeton over Redwell of California in 4 minutes and 33 seconds, and the five-mile event in which Tibbits of California beat Williams.

Another surprise was the defeat of Plaw by Dewett in the shot put, the latter pushing the iron 42 feet and 8 1-2 inches and the former 41 feet and 10 1-2 inches.

Captain Coleman took the pole vault, going over the bar at 11 feet, and Horton of Princeton and Wilcox of California tied at 10 feet and 6 inches. In the running broad jump and high jump both teams landed a half point in each event.

The meeting between Princeton and California two years ago resulted 10 to 2 in favor of Princeton. The results:

100-yard Dash—Anadie of California, 10 3-5.

120-yard Hurdle—Check of California, 16 1-5.

Mile Run—R. E. Williams of Princeton, 4:33.

440-yard Run—Cadogan of California, 51 2-5.

Hammer Throw—Dewett of Princeton, 164 feet and 4 1-2 inches.

Running High Jump—Tie, Curtis of Princeton and Powell of California, 5 feet and 9 1-2 inches.

Pole Vault—Coleman of Princeton, 11 feet.

Five Mile Run—Tibbets of California, 30:20 3-5.

Shot Put—DeWitt, 42 feet and 8 1-2 inches.

220-yard Hurdle—Powell of California, 26 1-5 seconds.

880-yard Run—Adsit of Princeton, 1:59 4-5.

Broad Jump—Fox of Princeton and Topham of California tied, 21 feet and 7 1-2 inches.

Harvard Defeats Yale

Cambridge, Mass., May 24.—Harvard won in the dual track meet with Yale on Soldiers' Field this afternoon by 61 1-2 to 42 1-2.

Four dual records were broken—the 100-yard dash, 220-yard hurdles, pole vault and 220-yard dash—the world's record being equalled in the 100-yard dash, while in the 220-yard hurdle the time was within one-fifth of a second of Kraenzlein's world's record. The winners:

440-yard Run—Rust of Harvard, 50 4-5 seconds.

120-yard Hurdles—Converse of Harvard, 17 seconds.

Mile Run—Teel of Yale, 43 1-5.

100-yard Dash—Schick of Harvard, 9 4-5 second. Schick's time breaks the Harvard-Yale dual record.

880-yard Run—Beming of Yale, 2:00 1-5.

High Jump—Kernan of Harvard, 5 feet, 11 1-8 inches.

Two-mile Run—Franchot of Yale, 10 minutes flat.

220-yard Hurdles—Willis of Harvard, 23 4-5 seconds. Willis' time breaks the record of the Harvard-Yale dual games.

Broad Jump—Fallows of Yale, 21 feet and 6 inches.

Hammer Throw—Piper of Harvard.

220-yard Dash—Schick of Harvard, 22 seconds.

Pole Vault—Preston of Yale, 11 feet and 3 inches.

EFFINGHAM AND PEORIA

Will be Visited Today by the Knights of Columbus

This morning about thirty-five of the Knights of Columbus will go to Effingham to install a new council there. They will take along Dan Martin, James Nolan, Dick Nolan, James McGarry, and W. F. Joy as candidates for the second and third degree. The Knights will go by way of the P. D. & E., and will leave at 10:05, going to Mattoon and changing cars.

At Effingham the first two degrees will be given by the Alton council and the third by State Deputy P. L. McArdle of Chicago assisted by the Chicago team from LaFayette council. After the initiation there will be a banquet served by the ladies of the church. Rev. Father Healy, state chaplain of the order, is working up the lodge. It is expected that Rev. Father Heffernan, who gave the address here will speak to the Knights at high mass in the morning.

A number of Knights will also go to Peoria where there will be an initiation of a large class. The Knights will have a special train back from Peoria in the evening. From Effingham they will not return until about 8 o'clock Monday morning.

Census Figures

Washington, May 24.—The census bureau farm statistics show that Cook county, Illinois, leads in value of land and buildings, $77,105,220; McLean county, third, $61,161,240; LaSalle county fifth, $52,393,040; Livingston, sixth, $50,378,040.

Storm Northwest

St. Paul, May 24.—Reports show a severe storm in Minnesota and the Dakotas. Considerable damage was done both to towns and farm districts. Two persons were killed.

POVERTY PUSH

Traveling Men and Wives Have a Jolly Time

THEY CERTAINLY KNOW HOW

The Ladies' Auxiliary to Post K. of T. P. A. gave a poverty party for the members last night at their hall in the Powers building. It was emphatically stated beforehand that nobody would be admitted who was not attired appropriately to the occasion. There was a large attendance and much merriment resulted from the costumes, many of which were unique and amusing. The rooms were prettily decorated for the party with bunting and the insignia of the order. Prizes were awarded to R. F. Webb and Mrs. J. J. H. Young for the best make-ups. The following program was carried out:

Piano Solo—Miss Dora Watson.
Vocal Solo—Miss Clara Phillips.
Reading—Dad Stearns.
Vocal Solo—Clara Watson.
Reading—Mrs. C. J. McConnell.
Vocal Solo—Lee Gilbert.

Dad Stearns reading was a surprise. He gave an original poem in Irish dialect which was full of good hits at the different members of the audience and was received with shouts of applause.

After the program there was a drawing contest and a smelling contest in both of which prizes were awarded. Cards and dancing were enjoyed. The refreshments consisted of animal crackers and red lemonade.

NINETY SECONDS

Duration of an Earthquake that Killed 1000, Maimed Four Thousand

San Francisco, Cal., May 24.—By advices brought by the steamer City of Para it is learned that in ninety seconds 1,000 people were killed, over 4,000 maimed and crippled and the city of Quezaltenango with 40,000 people were destroyed by the earthquake of April 18 in Guatemala. A man who was a passenger on the City of Para in speaking of the earthquake, said:

"Quezaltenango was practically destroyed. All the buildings left standing are cracked and shaky. The loss is irreparable. My brother had just completed a business block at a cost of $300,000 and it is a total ruin. There were three distinct shocks but the damage was all done within a minute and a half."

MORALLY CERTAIN

But the Baptist Brethern Can't Sustain His Charge

St. Paul, Minn., May 24.—At a meeting of the Baptist Home Mission society today Rev. Morgan declared he was morally certain a bargain was entered into before the last election between Senator Hanna and Archbishop Ireland by which the latter was to deliver certain votes of Republicans in consideration of concessions to the Indian schools, and that afterwards when the Indian officials opposed the claims of the Romanists with regard to the Indians they were told by the higher authorities the bargain must be carried out. Morgan admitted he could not absolutely prove the statement. It caused a great sensation.

STARR-BOBLETT

Wedding Will be Celebrated in Cincinnati on June 11

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Baldwin Starr and Miss Margaret Boblett, formerly of Decatur. The ceremony will occur at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. A. C. Stifel, Cincinnati, June 11th, and will be informal. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Starr and holds a responsible position in the revenue service. Miss Boblett is a daughter of L. L. Boblett and is well and favorably known in Decatur society.

HIGH SCHOOL MEET

Fine Sport Assured by Entries of Some o Best Schools in the State

The high school meet will be held on June 6th. It promises to be the best ever held here. The entries to date are as follows: Peoria, Springfield, Litchfield, Mattoon, Gibson City, Tuscola, Normal and Champaign. Taylorvilel and Princeville have also promised to come.

About five hundred visitors are expected to attend the meeting.

Gold, silver and bronze medals will be given and there will be individual medals.

There will be a dance and reception at night.

CAN'T ADJOURN MONDAY

Grand Jury Will Have Two New Cases to Investigate

The May grand jury will not have opportunity to adjourn on Monday as they expected. Since a recess was ordered two men have been arrested charged with burglary and larceny. At the state's attorney's office on Saturday the statement was made that it was hardly likely that all of the necessary witnesses could be heard, the jury vote to indict, and the papers written up the same day.

A Coming Wedding

William Kofetz, secretary and treasurer of the United Leather Workers of this city, and Miss Mary Liepski will be married at St. Johannes church on Wednesday night. Rev. Heyne, pastor of the church, will officiate. After the ceremony in the church there will be a reception at the home of the bride's parents in the 1400 block on East Orchard street.

Oshkosh, Wis., May 24.—The heaviest rain ever recorded here fell tonight. Hail following the rain damaged the fruit. The farmers will lose heavily.

THE UNVEILING

Of the Rochambeau Monument at Washington an Imposing Event

FRENCH AND AMERICANS

Join in a Renewal of the Friendship of the Two Republics

Washington, May 24.—Amid enthusiastic demonstrations and a great concourse of people, the superb bronze statue of General Count De Rochambeau who brought the forces of France across the sea at the hour of greatest peril in the American revolution, was unveiled today. Seldom has an event presented so many brilliant features of military pageantry and at the same time given occasion for manifestation of strong bonds of friendship between the French republic and the United States. For the first time in its history the national capital witnessed the sight of rank on rank of French seamen swinging through Pennsylvania avenue and mingling their cheers with those of the American blue jackets and soldiers, while at the same time the French tri-colors entwined with the stars and stripes and the sound of the Marseillaise was heard along with the Star Spangled Banner.

The ceremony of unveiling occurred at the southwest corner of Lafayette square, almost directly opposite the white house, where the massive figure of the French general had been erected. Surrounding the figure were great stands to accommodate distinguished officials and guests invited to take part in the exercises. On every hand the colors of France and America were blended, one of the stands being hung with great folds of red, another white, and another blue. Within this amphitheater were gathered representatives of every branch of the government, including the president and members of the cabinet. Not less distinguished was the representation of France, designated by President Loubet and including besides representatives of the army and navy, descendants of Rochambeau and Lafayette, French ambassador, diplomatic corps represented by German, Russian, Italian and Mexican ambassadors and ministers of foreign countries. The president and cabinet were escorted from the white house by a file of minute men in the uniform of continental days. When the president arrived at the stand the entire assemblage greeted him with lusty cheers.

After impressive invocation by Rev. Dr. Stafford, who took place of Cardinal Gibbons, President Roosevelt delivered the address of welcome. He spoke in a strong voice and with great earnestness, pausing frequently at the outbursts of applause.

UNVEILED.

As the president concluded his address, the Countess De Rochambeau caught up the cords to the flags enveloping the statue and massive bronze figure emerged through folds of red, white and blue. At the same instant the "boom" of an artillery salute came from the battery of heavy guns nearby, and the strains of the Marseillaise came from the Marine band. It was an inspiring moment, and led by President Roosevelt the entire assemblage joined in cheering. Another demonstration occurred at the close of General Burgere's address, when, with characteristic French vehemence, he gave this pledge of undying Franco-American friendship:

"Entre vous, entre nous; a la vie, a lamort."

"Between you, between us; in life, in death."

The ceremonies today were the culmination of the efforts of M. Jules Boeufve of the French embassy, extending over two years. He has sought to strengthen the bonds of friendship between the en the bonds of friendship between the two countries, and to this end urged the successful conclusion of the legislation by which the statue was made possible.

The address of General Porter, U. S. ambassador to France, was an eloquent tribute to Rochambeau, the troops who fought with him and the French people.

Senator Lodge, orator of the day, reviewed the coming of the people of France to the new world, their trials and triumphs; beginning of the war for independence and the assistance given by France, dwelling eloquently upon the deeds of Rochambeau and the French soldiers and tracing them to their later campaigns and victories in Russia and Egypt.

General Brugere's address closed the ceremonies of the day.

RECEPTION.

Washington, May 24.—A brilliant reception was given by Ambassador and Mrs. Cambon tonight in honor of the French visitors. The guests included the diplomatic corps and other notables.

MOVE MONDAY

Danzeisen & Company to Re-open in Handsomely Equipped Meat Market

Monday morning Danzeisen & Son will return to their stand on Merchant street which has been handsomely refitted. There is nothing equal to it in this section of the state. Tile floor, and trimmings, marble counters and beautiful furniture make it most attractive.

DEAF MUTES WED

Rev. McDonald Performs Ceremony Through an Interpreter

At Mrs. Miles E. Johnson's boarding house on West Main street Saturday night occurred the wedding of Miss Ellen McArthur of Newman, Ill., and John Mertz, a brass finisher at the Mueller factory. Both are mutes and Rev. McDonald performed the ceremony, it being interpreted by Harry Johnson. The couple stood between the folding doors which were prettily draped with ferns and cut flowers. The bride wore a dainty gown of cream silk mull, trimmed with white applique and lace. She carried bride's roses.

The couple left last night for the bride's home in Newman, where a wedding celebration will be held at the home of her father, John McArthur, today.

THE END SUDDEN

Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador Dies at Washington

WAS A POPULAR DIPLOMAT

Expressions of Sympathy Heard on All Sides—A State Funeral

Washington, May 24.—Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador, died this morning at 5:30.

About 2 o'clock he suddenly developed a very weakned heart and a consultation of physicians was called.

They were unable to rally him and he died peacefully, not having regained consciousness from the sleep he fell into during the night.

His family and part of the embassy staff were at the bedside when death came.

No arrangements have been made for the funeral.

As soon as it became generally known that Pauncefote was dead flags were half-masted over different embassies and legations.

HAY SENDS SYMPATHY.

Secretary Hay today dispatched the following cablegram to the Marquis of Lansdowne at London:

"Permit me to express my deepest sympathy and sorrow at the death of Lord Pauncefote. His majesty's government has lost a most noble and faithful servant and this country a valued friend."

PRESIDENT CALLS

The president drove to the British embassy at 1 as soon as he became disengaged from the ceremonies attending the Rochambeau exercises. He was received in the drawing room by the first secretary of the embassy, Mr Raikes who now becomes British charge d'affairs.

The president expressed bereavement at the death of the ambassador, not only on behalf of the government, but also for the people of the country, to whom Pauncefote had become endeared in many ways. Secretary Hay and other members of the cabinet also called at the embassy, leaving cards expressing condolence.

STATE FUNERAL.

Washington, May 24. By noon all the embassies had been informed of the sad event. Expressions of sympathy and regret were heard on all sides.

Pauncefote will have a state funeral. Present arrangements provide for taking the remains to St. John's Episcopal church on Wednesday where the services will be held. The honorary pallbearers consist of Ambassadors Von Holleben, M. Cambon, Count Cassini, Senor Aspiroz, Signor Mayor Des Planches, Secretary of State Hay, Senator Frye and Speaker Henderson.

After the services the remains will be escorted by a military procession to Rock Creek cemetery to be placed in a temporary receiving vault. Later the remains will be taken to England, probably on a United States warship, for final interment.

COMING CORONATION

Arrangements About Complete for the Big Show in London

London, May 24. Arrangements for the coronation are progressing. Practically all invitations are out. The manner of seating royalty has been decided upon, as well as their dress. The coronation ball will be given July 2. The royal celebration night at Grand opera and Convent Garden is June 30 and is expected to break all box office records. Whitelaw Reid, special American ambassador, and his associates will receive pins or brooches of gold, mostly in the form of the initial "E" set with rubies and pearls with a gold enamel crown above.

Will Start Meteor

London, May 24.—Much interest has been aroused among yachtsmen here by the announcement that Emperor William has definitely determined to start the American built schooner yacht Meteor in a race from Heligoland to Dover July 14, for the "coronation cup," a 600 guineas. The British schooner yacht Cecily, designed by William Fife and expressly built to challenge the Meteor was launched Thursday at Southampton and has been entered.

DEATH RECORD.

MRS. GOODRICH.

Mrs. Elvira J. Goodrich died Tuesday May 20th, at her home in Kinsley, Ill., of pleuro pneumonia, aged 37 years. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Israel Baum and was born and grew to womanhood in Macon county, Ills. Besides her husband and five children she is survived by her parents and two brothers.

BERTHA BLILER.

Bertha Bliler, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bliler, died Friday evening at the family residence, 0 West Macon street. The funeral was held Saturday afternoon from the residence and the services were conducted by Rev. W. H. Penhallegon. The interment was at Greenwood.

Whooping Cough

A woman who has had experience with this disease, tells how to prevent any dangerous consequences from it. She says: Our three children took whooping cough last summer, our baby boy being only three months old, and owing to our giving them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy they lost none of their plumpness and came out in much better health than other children whose parents did not use this remedy. Our oldest little girl would call lustily for cough syrup between whoops.—Jessie Pinkey Hall, Springville, Ala. This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

George Beatty, who has been in the city for some days visiting his parents and old friends, returned last night to naval duty. He will go to Massachusetts where he will join his ship's company who are in a fort there waiting the completion of their ship, the Puritan which is being overhauled.

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RECESS ORDERED

A Big Batch of Business Transacted in the Circuit Court Monday

THE GRAND JURY ADJOURNED

Two of the Accused Were Sentenced Last Night—Two Damage Suits Settled—Docket Orders

Judge Vail held a night session of court Monday in order that the grand jury might report. They returned four more indictments, making a total of nineteen for the eleven days they were in session.

Bill Holland, the man charged with robbing the barn of R. L. Walston, immediately came into court and pleaded guilty. He was sentenced to the pen.

Maynard Cleghorn was saved from the penitentiary by his youth. He was indicted for malicious mischief and at once pleaded guilty and was sentenced to the reform school.

During the day the court heard the cases of Val and I. J. Chronister, Jr. vs. the Decatur Gas and Electric Co., a jury being waived. He gave judgment for Val Chronister for $600 and for the younger brother for $400.

The formal decree has not yet been entered but it is known that in the case of the Modern Woodmen against Alice Pitner and others, to determine who was the beneficiary of an insurance policy, the court will rule that the money should go to the widow.

Last night a recess was taken until the first Monday in August.

These were the docket orders entered.

CHANCERY.

Herald Despatch Co. vs. V. N. Hostetler, chancery. Rule on defendant to close proof by Sept. 1 next.

Samuel M. Bover vs. Milton Trotter; chancery. Rule on defendant to close proof by July 15.

James McCarthy vs. Mueller, Platt & Wheeland Co. chancery. Order to dismiss allowed if costs on both are paid by Tuesday morning.

Sophia Abrens vs. Frank Willie et al.; foreclosure. Leave to amend bill.

Olive M. Spencer et al vs. Eliza J. Moeller; petition. Proof heard and solicitors' fee fixed at $2491.

Cinthia Wilson vs. Jason Wilson; divorce. Leave to file supplemental bill and rule on defendant to answer by next Saturday.

Edwin M. Carter et al vs. E. L. Pegram, injunction. Bill dismissed at cost of complainant.

Emma Belle Day vs. Chas. L. Day; divorce. Cause heard by court and decree as prayed.

W. M. Brewer vs. D. A. Haws et al., foreclosure. Stricken.

Susan S. Boyd et al vs. Washington De Bolt; partition. Report of commissioners approved and decree of sale.

Chas. C. Koontz et al vs. Winnie Gray; partition. Decree pro confesso and referred.

James R. White vs. John Burg et al. partition. Leave to amend bill and T. B Jack appointed guardian ad litem

Margaret Harris vs. George K. Harris; separate maintenance. Motion for temporary alimony and $50 for solicitors' fee allowed.

Mary C. Rogan et al. vs. Benj. Rogan et al.; partition and dower. Master's report approved and commissioners named.

W. T. Catherwood vs. Albert McDaniel; foreclosure. Default. Cause heard an decree for $262.24, attorneys' fees, etc.

Mary Elizabeth Childers vs. Milton Childers, divorce. Cause heard.

Laura Moore vs. Frank Moore; divorce. Cause heard and decree as prayed.

G. W. Soland, trustee, vs. German Mutual Benefit Association; chancery Continued.

Mary C. Dinger vs. Dennis Dinger, divorce. Cause heard and decree.

Frank B. Hinkle vs. Isadore Winholtz; foreclosure. Suit dismissed at cost of complainant.

Modern Woodmen of America vs. Alice Pitner; et al chancery. Decree pro confesso as to defendant not answering. Cause heard and decree.

Henry B. Wilkinson et al vs. J. J. Graves et al.; foreclosure. Decree pro confesso and referred.

Horace F. Clark et al. vs. Berthe P. Lee et al.; bill to construe will. Rule to answer extended to tomorrow morning.

E. H. Clark vs. Lewis W. Osborn et al., foreclosure. Master's report approved. Cause heard and decree for $2687 and costs.

W. J. Lawton, exec., vs. W. C. Whaley, et al.; chancery. Settled.

Ellen Huesing et al. vs. Mary J. Dempsey; partition. Decree pro confesso and referred

Sarah E. Williams vs. Thomas B. Williams; divorce. Decree pro confesso. Cause heard and decree.

Honor J. Mount vs Jessie A. Mount, divorce. Cause heard and decree.

W. A. Francis vs. Sam Ritchie; specific performance and injunction. Leave to answer by Saturday morning and referred for proof and conclusion

James A. Culp vs. Jerome Culp; chancery. Cost bond filed and rule to answer extended twenty days.

J. B. Prestley vs. W. H. Bramble et al.; foreclosure. Master's report approved. Cause heard and decree for $612.37 and $1802 and costs and $489 and costs.

People's Savings and Loan Association vs. L. S. Hall et al.; foreclosure. Master's report and cause heard; decree of foreclosure for $1151 and solicitor's fee of $60.

W. B. Stoutenborough vs. Hattie M. Stoutenborough; divorce. Motion for temporary alimony, allowed.

George Warren vs. James Warren; chancery. Master's report of conclusions and exceptions.

O. N. Bramble vs. W. H. Bramble; partition and dower. Leave to make new parties who entered appearance. Rule to answer by next Monday.

Eliza Myer vs. John Myer; divorce. Cause heard by court and decree as prayed.

Clara B. Richardson et al vs. Jacob Stoelo et al; bill to quiet title. Heard by court. Answer waived. Decree as prayed.

Rosa M. Etheridge vs. Walter F. Etheridge; divorce. Cause heard and decree as prayed.

Eliza I. Garvey vs. Thos. McWhinney, Jr., et al., partition. Master's report approved. Cause heard and decree. Commissioners E. E. Dilatush, E. P. Stranger and Fred Wilson.

Laura A. Graver et al vs. Sarah E. Mier et al., partition. Master's report approved. Cause heard and decree, G. V. Loving, S. S. Jack and C. S. Hankins appointed commissioners.

LAW.

Flora A. Martin vs. The Life Assurance Co. of America; assumpsit. Plea of jurisdiction withdrawn and general issue filed.

Reichard Jenson vs. Wabash Ry. Co.; trespass. Appeal prayed and allowed. Bill of exceptions in ninety days.

Catherine A. Craig vs. Mutual Protective League. assumpsit. Motion for new trial denied. Appeal prayed and allowed.

B. F. Holcomb vs. City of Macon; trespass on the case. Judgment on the verdict. Appeal prayed and allowed.

E. L. Pegram vs. J. H. Culver appellant, appeal. Jury waived. Trial by the court by agreement and judgment for plaintiff and against defendant for $223.14.

Israel J. Chronister, Jr. vs. The Decatur Gas and Electric Co.; trespass on the case. Jury waived and trial by court by agreement; damages assessed at $400.

Val H. Chronister vs. The Decatur Gas and Electric Co., trespass on the case. Cause heard by court by agreement. Damages assessed at $600.

VENERABLE GOSNOLD

The Smallest Town in the State of Massachusetts

Gosnold, the smallest town in Massachusetts, comprises those little specks of land which, beginning at Woods Hole, at the "shoulder" of old Cape Cod's right arm, extend seaward till they terminate in that fatal reef of the Sow and Pigs. Geographic lands and their euphonious names are found in that old nursery jingle.

"Great Naushon and Nonamessett,
Uncatena, and Wespecket,
Nashaivena, Pasquanese,

It is a remarkable fact that the smallest of Massachusetts town meetings should be on the identical spot where, almost to a day 300 years ago, Bartholomew Gosnold planted the first European settlement in America. When Gosnold spent the winter on Cuttyhunk his company numbered thirty-two souls. The voters of Gosnold number just thirty-two today. Cuttyhunk is the outermost of the group, and is the seat of government. At the last election of town officers eight of the nineteen offices were filled by Veeders and four by Tiltons. But "Lon" Veeder was a sort of Pooh Bah, being at once selectman, treasurer, collector, assessor, overseer of the poor, board of health, and sealer of weights and measures, because the law says so, but the board never has anything to do, and all the sealer, etc., has to do with the set of standard instruments in his charge is to "dust 'em off" occasionally. There is also a tree warden, although the only trees on the islands are three stunted silver poplars on Cuttyhunk.—Boston Transcript.

THE DECATUR COLONY

At the Chester Pentintiary is Doing Well—McCauley Says it is Easy

When Sheriff Lehman went to the Chester penitentiary one day last week with some prisoners he was accompanied by Chief Sullivan. While at the penitentiary the chief saw a number of the Decatur colony. Miss Kirby May is doing well and enjoys life there.

Seiver the fellow who did such a thriving business stealing bikes, has been recognized as an escaped convict from the Columbus Ohio, reformatory, and when he has finished his time at Chester will be delivered to the Ohio authorities.

Joe Wells, the fellow who, with a pal, created such an uproar by holding up several saloons Christmas night, 1900, is the same enigma there that he was here. It is generally easy for prison authorities to tell if a man has ever done time before although they have nothing concerning his past record. Wells, the highwayman, was at once spotted as a man who had done time in some prison. The Chester authorities have tried in every possible way to learn something about him, even sending his picture to Australia, for Wells claims that place as his home, but all to no purpose. The warden says that Wells is the best behaved prisoner he ever saw. Chief Sullivan talked or tried for an hour to induce Wells to talk, but there it was the same as when he was here. Wells would not talk, at least to give up anything.

McCauley, the veteran cattle thief, is working on the stone pile. In confidence he told Sullivan that Chester was a snap as compared with Joliet, and having done time at both institutions several times the old man may be regarded as an authority on that score.

Deeds Recorded

Chas. O. Young to E. E. Weygandt. lot 2 in block 8 in Kaufman's addition to Decatur; $1800.

WOODBINE PARK

Eli Ullery's Beautiful Little Resort Near Mt. Zion

HAS A LAKE OF SIX ACRES

Stocked with Game Fish—Park Embraces Ten Acres—Steam Launch, Log Cabin and Swings

Through the efforts of Eli Ullery Mt. Zion has a park and pleasure ground that would be a credit to any city in the state. It is the handsomest thing in the county excepting Fairlawn and over this latter place it possesses some advantages. There is a pretty lake surrounded by forest trees and it is an ideal place for an outing. The Mt. Zion park, which has been named Woodbine, is largely the result of the individual efforts of the owner. Several years ago Mr. Ullery became interested with Weeden Smith in a fish pond near Mt. Zion, but he was not altogether satisfied with the grounds. After carefully studying his own land he concluded that he had everything essential to such an enterprise and he at once began work. The park is one and a half miles north of the Ullery homestead and one and a quarter miles south of Long Creek station. It is located near the public highway.

Mr. Ullery's first idea was to make a fish pond only and he did this last year. It covered three acres and was stocked with game fish. In this regard he was very careful, selecting only such fish as are recognized as game. With the assistance of a number of friends he seined Calamus and other lakes. He was assisted by Add Lynch and E. L. Jacobs and nothing but bass and croppie were taken. About five thousand were secured. In addition to these he transferred as many more from a breeding pond he had at home, making a total stock for the new lake of 10,000 weighing from four pounds down. This year the pond was enlarged until it reached the dimensions of a lake covering six acres of ground, and being twenty-five feet deep in the deepest place. It is fed by springs, tile and a deep well with a windmill attachment. The water is piped from there to the lake and a splendid fountain is operated by the pressure.

When the lake was finished Mr. Ullery concluded that all that was necessary to make it entirely complete was a park, and he proceeded to make a handsome little resort. On one side of the lake was a tract of ten acres thickly set with young forest trees. Rustic seats have been placed here together with swings and a log cabin which stands on a little hill, giving a fine view of the lake and the surrounding country. The cabin is of the one and a half story pattern with outside stairway and with a fireplace built of stone. The cabin could have been built by an old settler for $25, but it cost Mr. Ullery $300. Mrs. Ullery is the hostess at the cabin and all rights have been reserved for her.

Mr. Ullery and O. C. Warsham have a steam launch on the lake and it was used Sunday for the first time. It is a handsome little boat, twenty-five feet long and five feet wide and with a carrying capacity of ten persons. The little boat was launched Sunday and the park informally opened. Among the number present were the men who assisted Mr. Ullery in securing his stock of fish.

One of the curiosities of this park is the swimming rooster. Old Chanticleer would make a duck or goose green with envy. He marches to the bank and into the water and will swim one hundred yards and as he emerges he spreads his wings and gives vent to a loud crow in celebration of the event. Mr. Ullery says that he told so many persons about this wonderful chicken that he had to invite them to the park so that they could see it with their own eyes in order to save his reputation.

The park has been leased to E. E. Davidson, but Mr. Ullery has reserved all rights to himself and his invited guests.

Rockford, Ill., January, 1902.—I had suffered with the dreadful disease catarrh for ten years. I doctored several years and got no relief. I called on Dr. Shellenberger, the Chicago specialist, and he cured me. If you are suffering with a chronic disease give the doctor a call, and if he can cure you he will tell you. MRS. WILLIS GILMORE.

FIRES

Ravenna, Mich., May 26.—Fire tonight practically wiped out the business portion of the town. Fifteen store buildings and their contents were consumed. The loss is $100,000.

To Jail for One Year

Chicago, May 26.—After years of fight against the order of Judge Kohlsaat, Herbert S. Mills and Anthony L. De Gignac, president and secretary of the Mills Novelty company, entered upon a year's imprisonment in jail. The charge was improper use of the mails.

No Plot Against Pope

Rome, May 26.—A report published in the United that the authorities had discovered evidence of a plot against the pope is absolutely without foundation. There is no ground whatever upon which to base such a statement of this nature.

Gov. Yates' Requisition

Springfield, May 26.—Governor Yates issued a requisition on the governor of Washington for Chas. White, charged with murdering Georgie Morton of Joliet. It is alleged that after assaulting her White threw her into the drainage canal where she was drowned.

HEART DISEASE

Superinduced by Grief Causes Death of Mrs. Ann M. Hess

FED SISTER PILLS OF POISON

Little Six Year Old Boy Causes Death of Five Weekly Old Sister—Coroner Holds Two Inquests

About two o'clock, Monday morning, Mrs. Anna M. Hess, wife of Henry Hess, of Sullivan, was found dead in the room she was occupying at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Shwartz, 143 West Washington street.

Mrs. Hess is the sister of Charles Henry of this city and came to Decatur Saturday on account of the serious illness of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Henry, who died Saturday night. Mrs. Hess was staying Sunday night at the Shwartz home with her two little daughters, who accompanied her here. She retired about 9:30, and about two o'clock Mrs. Shwartz heard the children crying and went to the room thinking that they might be sick and that she could be of assistance. She found Mrs. Hess lying face downward on the floor beside her bed and the elder child who is about nine years old, said that she could not wake her mamma. Mrs. Shwartz called her husband, and Mr. Henry was notified and came over at once. The body was lifted to the bed and physicians summoned, who pronounced life extinct.

It is supposed that Mrs. Hess arose in the night to give the youngest child, who is two years old, some milk as was her custom and that she was suddenly stricken with heart failure while reaching for the glass which stood on the floor by her bed.

Mrs. Hess was well known in Decatur where she formerly made her home with her brother, Charles Henry, and has since visited here frequently. She was about 36 years old and besides her husband leaves four children, the two daughters mentioned and two sons, aged 11 and 7 years. Her husband who is the proprietor of a cigar factory in Sullivan was notified and came to Decatur Monday. He accompanied the remains to Sullivan last night and the funeral will be held there today.

Coroner C. E. Dawson held an inquest on the death Monday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Shwartz testified to finding the body and one of the doctors also testified. Charles Henry said that although his sister had not been complaining particularly she had suffered for twenty years with heart disease. The jury returned a verdict that death was due to heart disease, superinduced by grief.

FED SISTER POISON PILLS.

Sunday afternoon while his parents were in the garden at their residence, 1200 West Green street, six-year-old George Massey fed his little five-weeks-old sister an arsenic and strychnine pill, which caused her death in a few hours. The little fellow had no idea in the matter except that the baby was crying and he thought that the medicine would do it good. The parents first learned of the distressing occurrence when one of the other children came to them and told them that the baby was sick. There was some delay in calling a physician, and the child went from one convulsion into another and was dead when one finally arrived.

At the inquest which was held Monday morning by Coroner C. E. Dawson, the facts as above stated were brought out and Dr. W. A. Dixon, who has attended Mrs. Massey during an illness last April stated that he had prescribed for her at that time a tonic in tablet form containing one-fiftieth of a grain each of strychnine and arsenic, an amount he said which might readily prove fatal to so young an infant.

The jury returned a verdict that the child "came to her death as the result of poisonous medicine administered by a six-year-old brother, he being ignorant of the character of the medicine."

The funeral was held Monday afternoon from the residence. The services were conducted by Rev. S. H. Bowyer, and the interment was at Greenwood cemetery.

ABE FRANK LAST

In Cincinnati Derby Won by Harry New

Cincinnati, May 26—Harry New, from the stable of C. R. Ellison, easily won the Latonia derby today before 10,000 people. South Trimble, who was a favorite in the betting coupled with Martin Burke, as entry, finished second, with his stable companion third. Abe Frank, the only other starter, finished a poor last. The closing price on the winner was 5 to 1 although at one time during the betting he was good at 9 to 1. There was big play on Harry New and all books quit loser to the race.

The derby was devoid of any sensational features, Otis, who rode the winner, allowed his mount to lag along in third position till the stretch was reached and with little urging the colt came away from the others and won by five open lengths.

Grain at St. Louis

St. Louis—Wheat, cash 78; July 71⅝.
Corn—Cash 63; July same.
Oats—Cash 41 1-2; July 33.

Marriage Licenses

Thomas B. Jones, Niantic 31
Elvira Smithers, Niantic 18

DECORATION DAY

Friday is Decoration Day, and there is hardly a home but that will want to decorate. We can supply you with bunting, stars and stripes, for per yard

5 cts.

SKIRTS

In order to accommodate many that were disappointed in not getting one of those 25c spun glass underskirts that we placed on sale last week we bought another 10 dozen, and will have them for sale at the same price on Monday. They will not last long, so come early and get them 25c

A Grass Linen Over Skirt for 25c

A Pique Skirt in white, trimmed in embroidery insertion $1.48

Summer Gloves.

The latest novelty in the way of gloves is the Lace Lisle White Glove. Something swell as well as novel 25c

Ladies' White Silk Gloves, woven tips, with black or white stitching or in black 50c

Silk Mitts, in black, in two qualities, 25c and 15c

Hosiery

Misses' Fine Cotton Hose, in all sizes, warranted fast black, something that will wear 10c

Ladies' Cotton Hose, in black and tan, guaranteed not to stain, double soles and toes, high spliced heels 10c

Infants' Cotton Hose, in black, guaranteed stainless, with the extra long leg, just what dozens of mothers have been looking for since the warm weather set in 15c

Misses' Cotton Hose, guaranteed fast black, double knee, real maco, in size from 5 to 9, for next week 25c

Misses' Lace Hose, in black, guaranteed stainless, super quality, extra fine finish, the most exceptionable bargain that we have been able to get hold of this year 25c

Ladies' Lace Lisle Hose, best quality, a guaranteed red and blue, solid colors 25c

Ladies' Lace Lisle Hose, outsizes, guaranteed stainless black, the prettiest thing in a black hose that we have seen this year 50c

Underwear

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, tucks, a splendid garment 19c

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, trimmed in embroidery 25c

An Elastic Jersey Ribbed Vest, pure soft and silk finish, with tape in neck and arms 10c

Ladies' fine Jersey Ribbed Vests, lace striped, a beautiful garment and one sold every place for 50c our price 25c

Boys' Summer Undershirts and Drawers, Balbriggan, in sizes from 24 to 32, something strong and durable 25c

Men's Bleached Jeans Drawers, elastic seams, cut full sizes, and will fit and wear 50c

Men's French Balbriggan Undershirts, the coolest undergarment on the market for men 50c

Table Covers

Linen Damask Table Covers in reds and greens, the 6-4 at 75c, another one not so heavy, at 65c and a 4-4 at 49c

Silk Damask Table Covers, 6-4 size, in reds and greens $1.19

Millinery

Commencing Monday we are going to pay some attention to Children's headwear. We have just received a lot of Leghorns for Children which we are able to trim in the very latest style for 98c

Hats for Children, in all the desirable shapes, and trimmed in such style that they are bound to be in demand from $2.50 down to $1.19

We have a lot of mall hats for children that are slightly counter soiled, otherwise they are the very latest which we will place on sale for 25c

A very popular hat for mid-summer is a Leghorn turned up to one side, with four wheels of braid all round edge of facing. Pearl cabochons in center of wheels. Cowslips on side band. Chiffon draped around crown. Large bow of black velvet ribbon, pearl cabochon in center of the back. Price, trimmed $3.50

HINMAN BROS. CO., 151 North Water Street.

FARMERS COLUMN

BARGAINS in harness. I have several sets virtually new; used only a few times. R. Nargang, 327 East Main.—27-w2t

WANTED—Immediately, man and wife without children to work on a farm. Apply to George F. Towne, Decatur R. F. D. No. 3.—27-w2t

MONEY TO LOAN—We loan money on furniture, pianos, horses, carriages, buggies, wagons, cattle, grain, growing crops or any security. Also we buy notes. Small discounts. Terms reasonable. A. T. Summers & Son, next to the Millikin bank.—27-w2t

YOUR FAMILY PHOTO taken at home, would be a valued souvenir a few years hence. Call at East End Gallery to see samples and get prices. 1079 East Eoldorado.—27-w2t

TO BREEDERS—The fast stallion Dr. Kelly 2:15¾ is making the season at Fred Wilson's barn, South Main street, Decatur, Ill.—may25-wtf

WE STILL MAKE good cabinet photos at $1 per dozen and up, in smooth finish and $2 per dozen and up in mat finish. Outdoor photos, too. East End Gallery, 1079 East Eldorado street.—23-w2t

NOTICE—To the breeders of English Shire Stallion, will make the rest of the season two days out of every week in Cerro Gordo and Wednesdays, Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays at the keeper's barn. E. D. McLaughlin.—23-w2t

CALL at the Farmers' Restaurant and get a big meal for 15c. Two electric fans. S. T. Myers, 451 North Water st. apr6-wtf

BULLS FOR SALE—A few good yearling shorthornbulls, pedigreed. Address Lewis Stookey, Harristown, Ill.—21-w8t

WANTED—Carriage painting and trimming; all kinds of vehicles put in first class shape. Fine work a specialty; latest in colors and styles. I can please you. J. L. English, 122 North Church street. —sep22-dtf

A COMPLETE SET of blacksmith tools for sale cheap. F. D. Caldwell, Decatur, Ill.—apr22-wtf

FOR SALE—Two good houses, 8 rooms each. All modern improvements. Splendid location. One on a 60-foot lot within two blocks of postoffice. Easy terms. R. L. Walston, Decatur, Ill.—may-13-dtf

AT WARRENSBURG

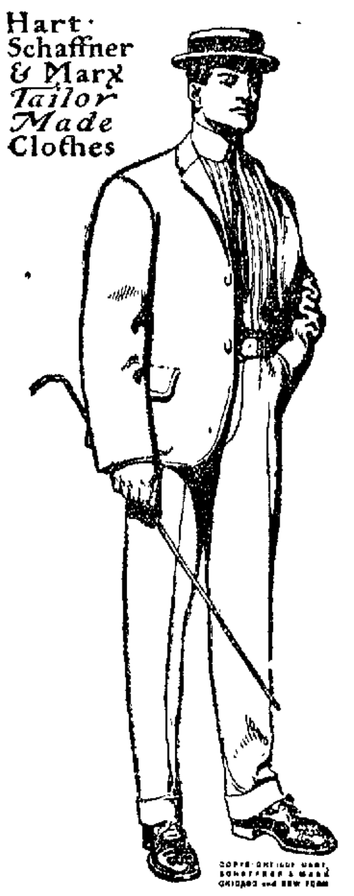
The Complaining Witness Has a Hard Row to Hoe Sometimes

At Warrensburg one day last week D. Meyers and another man had a jawing match. Meyers swore out a state warrant, charging the other fellow with disturbing the peace. The case came up before 'Squire Williams. The defense demanded a change of venue and the case went before Squire C. C. Cowan. Sam Ritchie was employed to defend. Meyers appeared, both as complaining witness and as prosecutor. Between the pettifogging of the counsel for the defense and the rulings of the court Meyers was goaded to desperation and got up and said things. Squire Cowan held that Meyers was guilty of contempt and fined him $5 and costs and discharged the accused. Meyers had to pay to escape the lockup, and those who are on Ritchie's side think it is a joke.

RACE CLOTHING MANUFACTURING CO.

...HOT WEATHER CLOTHES...

Hart Schaffner & Marx Tailor Made Clothes



Coat and Pants

All the latest patterns, $7.00, $7.50, $8.00 up to $12.00. Unlined Coat; Pants to match. Coat and Vest in Serges, all colors, $4.00, $5.00, $7.50. White Vest.

Straw Hats

The Golf, the Alpine, the Sailor, the Curl Bran soft. and the Ventilated

Prices, 50c up to $5.00.

Genuine Panama at $10.00.

The only geuuine at the price in the city.

Summer Underwear

All the good things at the right price.

Neglige Shirts and Shirt Waists

The kind that fits and are comfortable at the bottom prices for good goods.

Merchant Tailoring Booming, Right Prices and the Best Cutter tells the story.

RACE CLOTHING MANUFACTURING CO.,

135 North Water Street.

SEMI-WEEK... $1.00 PER Y...

TWENTY-T...

SPOONER S...

Strange to Him That ... Bill Should Di... Senators

HE CRITICISES MR. ...

For His Attack on the ... and Refers to Agu... Treachery

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